

MDS con mutazione di *SF3B1*: nuove acquisizioni clinico-molecolari

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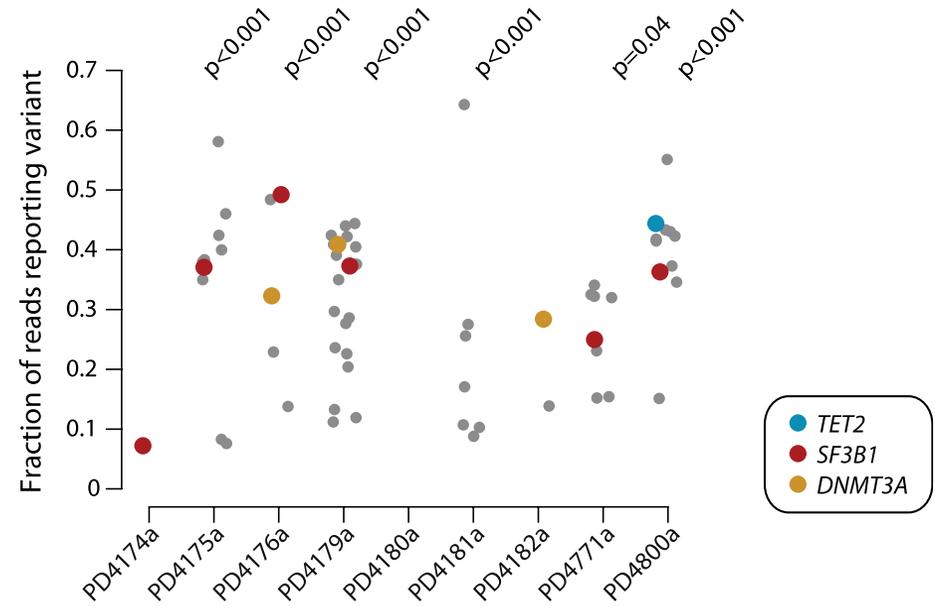
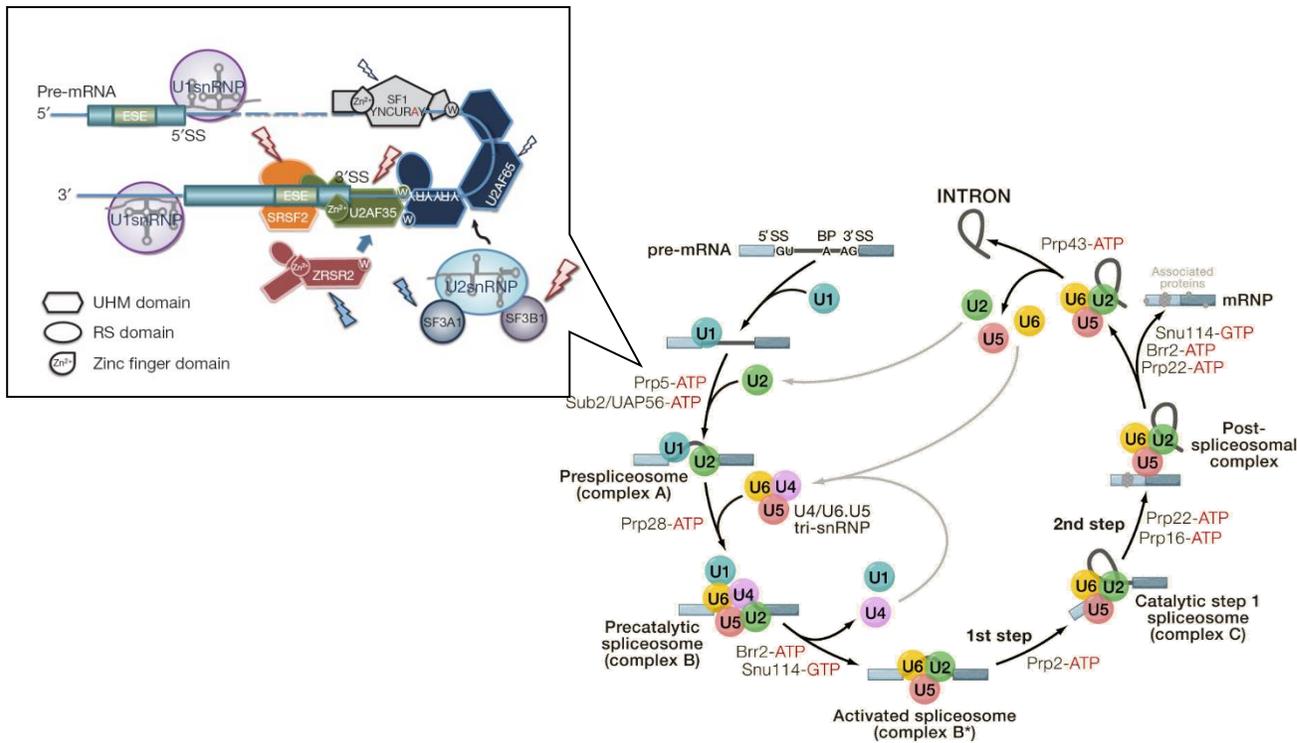


Outline

- *SF3B1* mutation in the pathophysiology of MDS with ring sideroblasts
- Clinical correlates of *SF3B1* mutation and classification of MDS-*SF3B1*
- Evolutionary trajectories of *SF3B1*-mutant clones
- Therapeutic targeting of spliceosome mutations and its functional consequences
- *SF3B1*-mutated clones and precursor states: CHIP, CCUS & early MDS

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Somatic SF3B1 Mutation in Myelodysplasia with Ring Sideroblasts



	Sample ID	MDS	TET2	DNMT3A	SF3B1
1	PD4800a	RARS	p.Q644*		
2	PD4174a	RARS			p.H662Q
3	PD4175a	RARS			p.K700E
4	PD4176a	RARS			p.H662Q
5	PD4179a	RARS			p.K700E
6	PD4180a	RARS			
7	PD4181a	RARS		p.V758fs	p.K700E
8	PD4171a	RARS		p.G510S	p.K700E

SF3B1 mutations in patients with myeloid neoplasms and other cancers

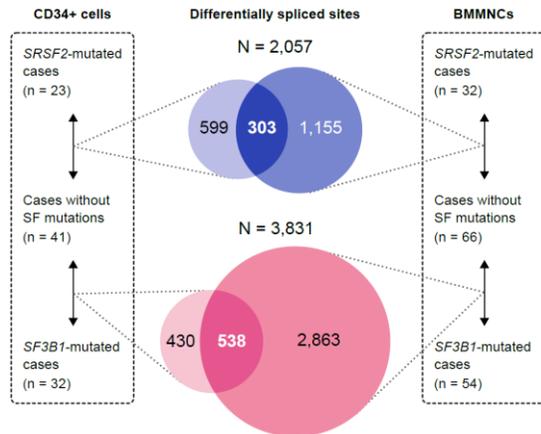
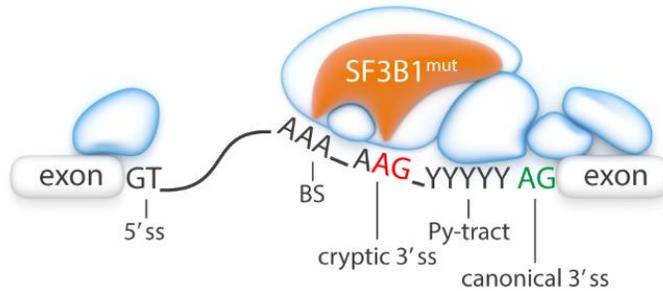
Subtype	N. pts	<i>SF3B1</i> mutation
<i>MDS</i>	533	150 (28.1%)
<i>MDS/MPN</i>	83	16 (19.2%)
<i>AML-MDS</i>	38	2 (5.3%)
<i>MPN</i>	473	12 (2.5%)
<i>Other tumors</i>	1047	15 (1%)

Subtype	N. pts	<i>SF3B1</i> mutation
<i>MDS</i>		
RA	122	14 (11.5%)
RARS	105	83 (79.0%)
RCMD	96	6 (6.3%)
RCMD-RS	52	30 (57.7%)
RAEB-1	83	7 (8.4%)
RAEB-2	53	6 (11.3%)
MDS del(5q)	22	4 (18.2%)
<i>MDS/MPN</i>		
CMML	62	4 (6.5%)
RARS-T	18	12 (66.7%)
MDS/MPN-U	3	0

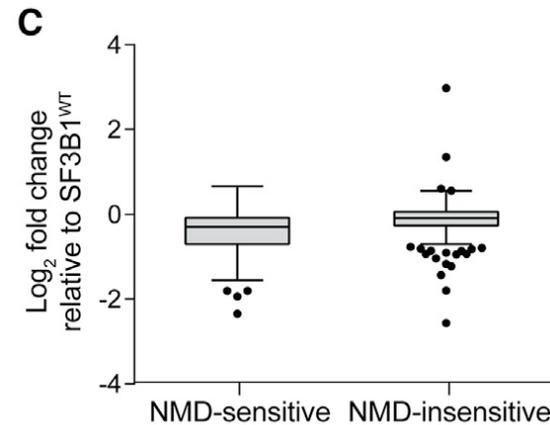
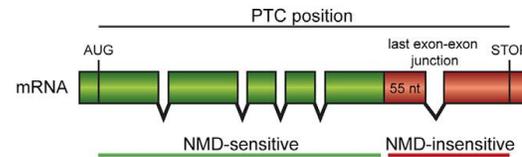
Papaemmanuil et al. N Engl J Med. 2011;365:1384-95;
Malcovati et al., Blood 2011;118:6239-46

SF3B1 mutations induce cryptic 3' splice site selection contribute to MDS through a non-classical path to haploinsufficiency

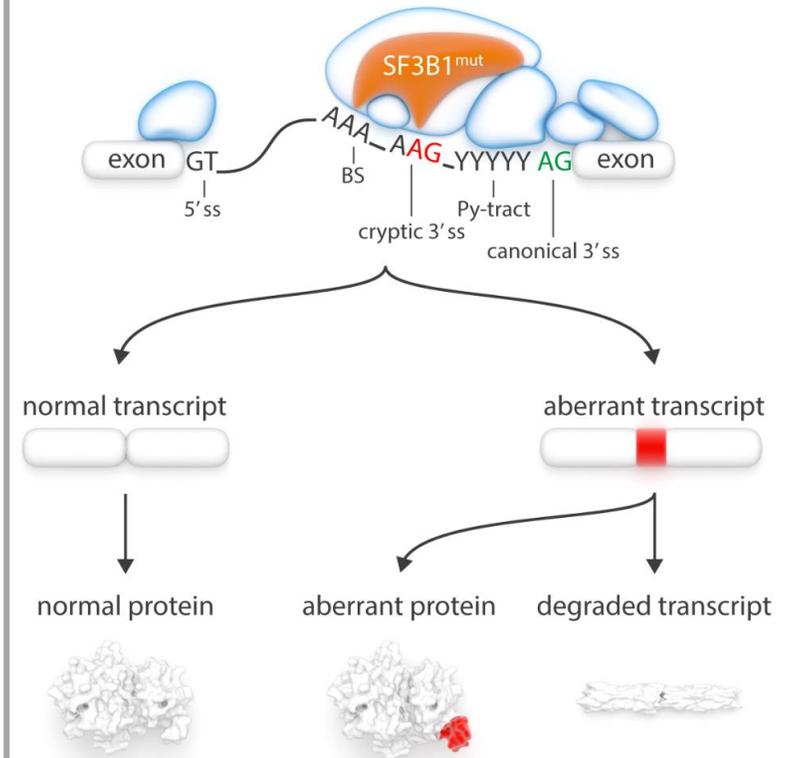
SF3B1 Hotspot Mutations



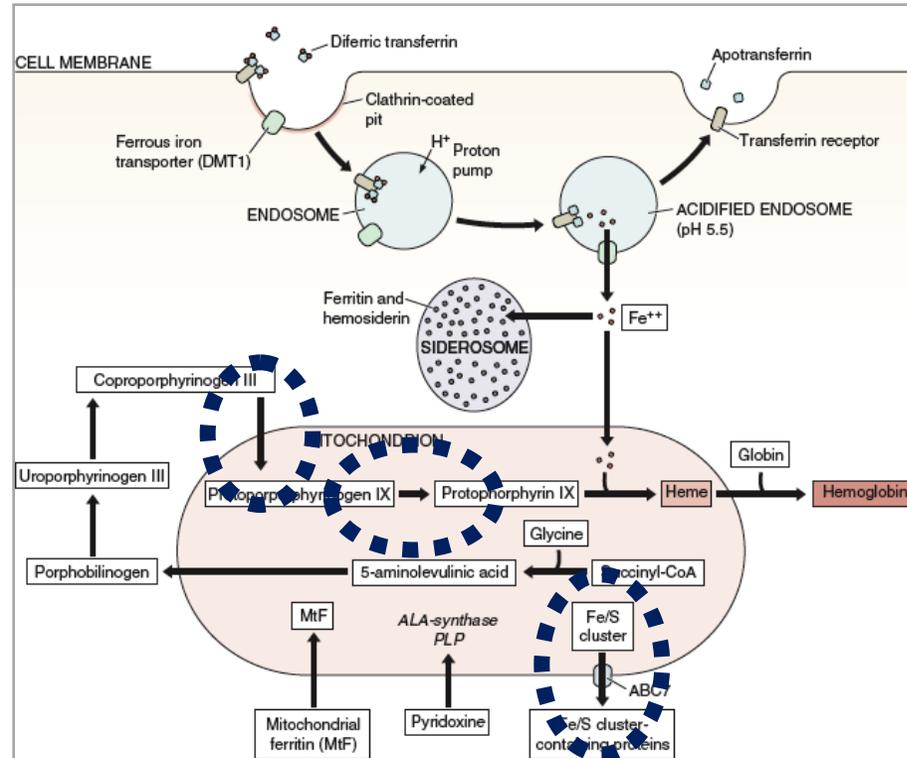
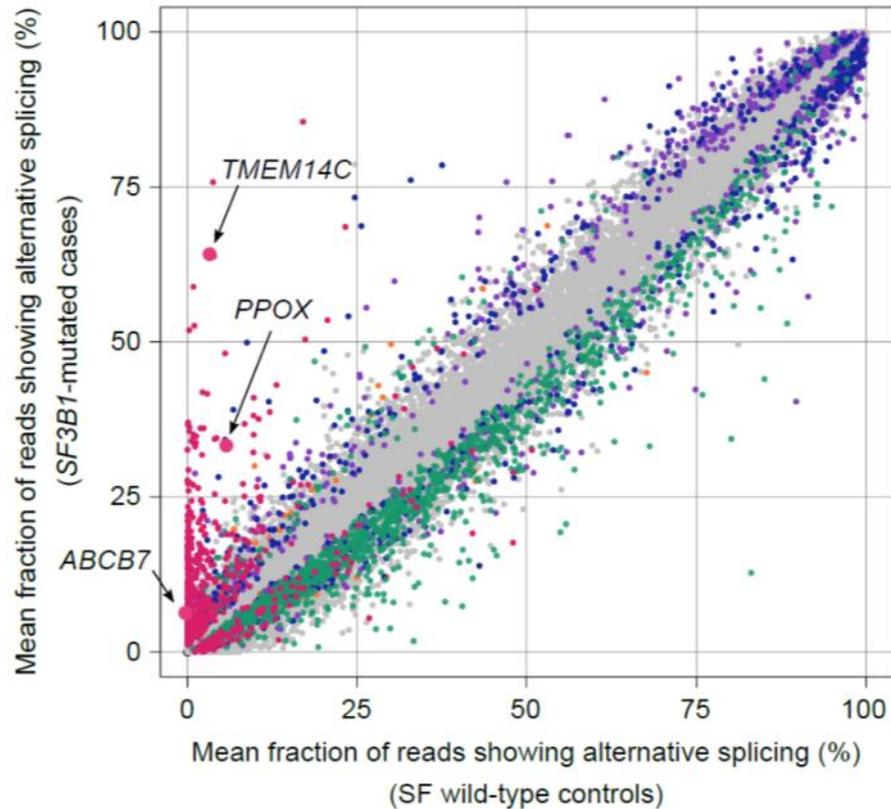
Nonsense-mediated decay



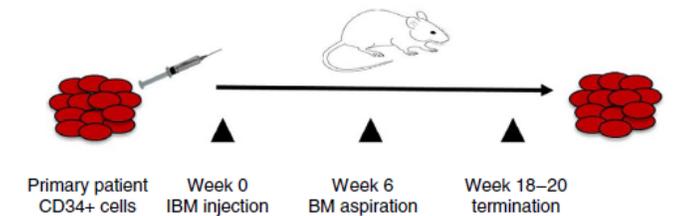
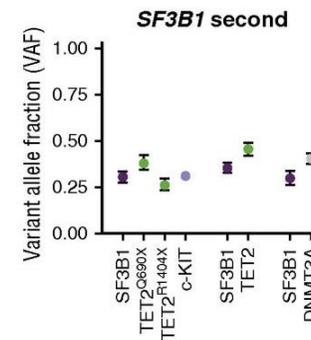
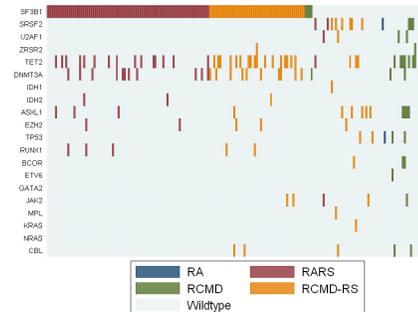
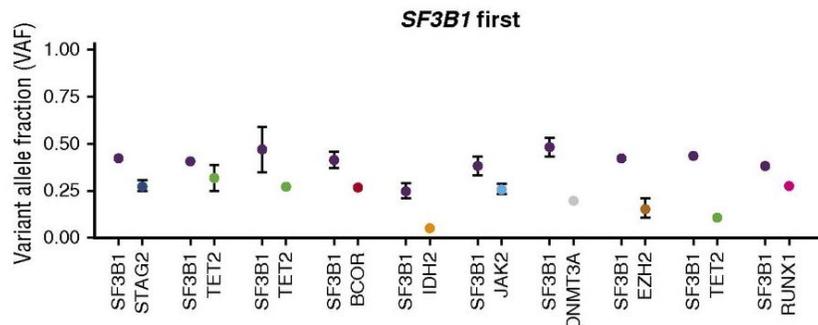
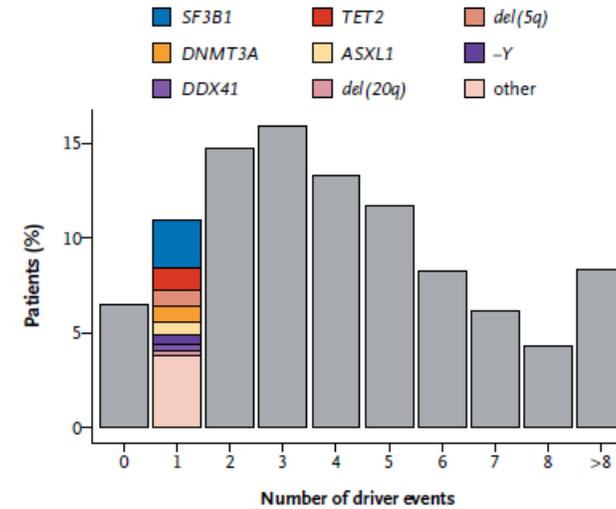
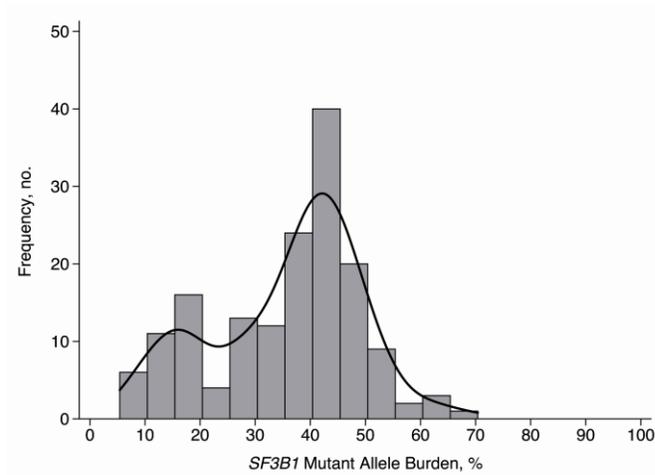
Haploinsufficiency



Alternative Splicing Events Associated with *SF3B1* Mutation



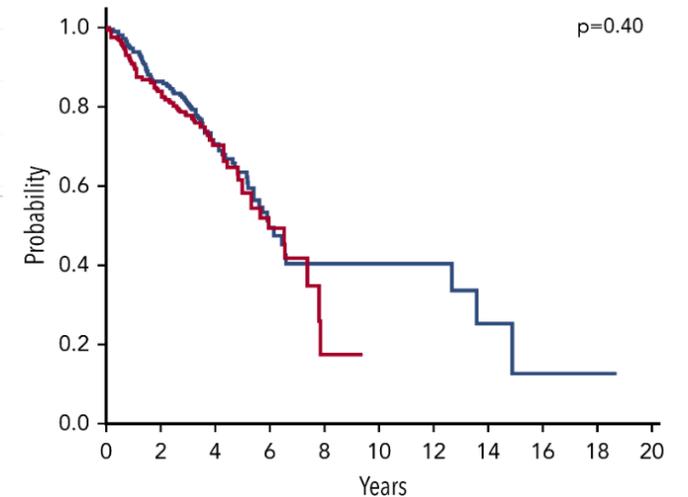
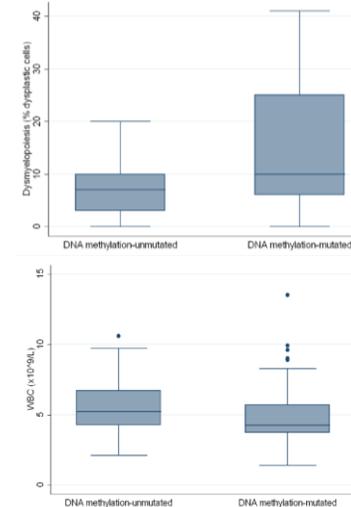
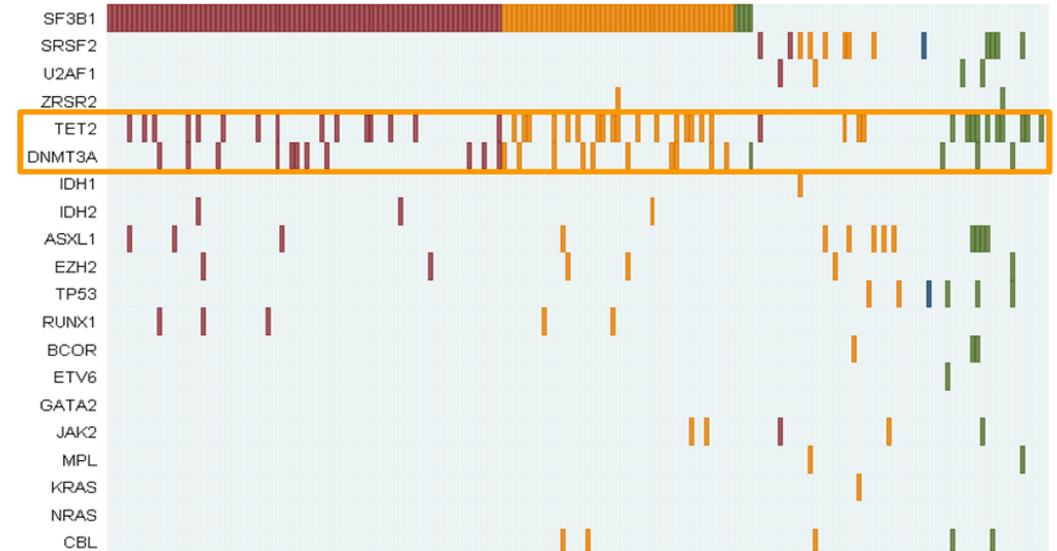
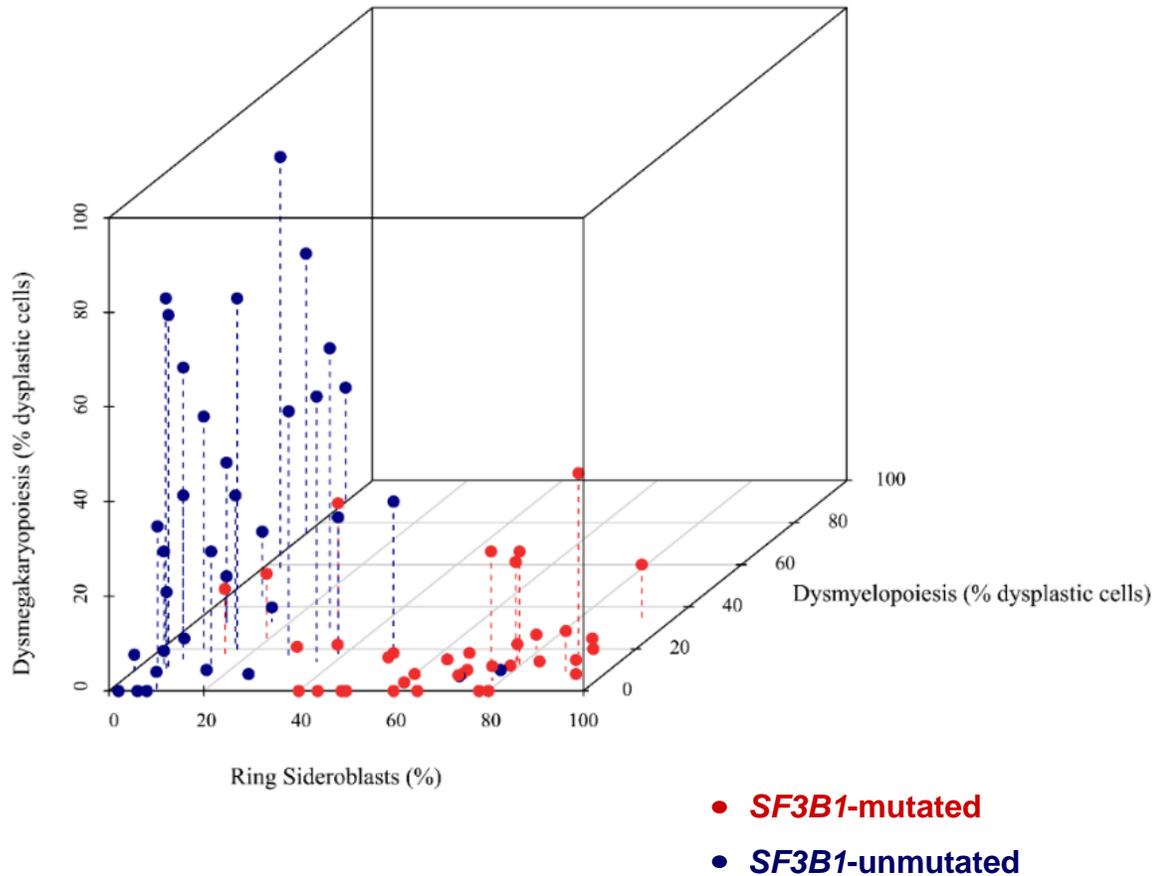
SF3B1 mutation is a founding driver mutation in MDS



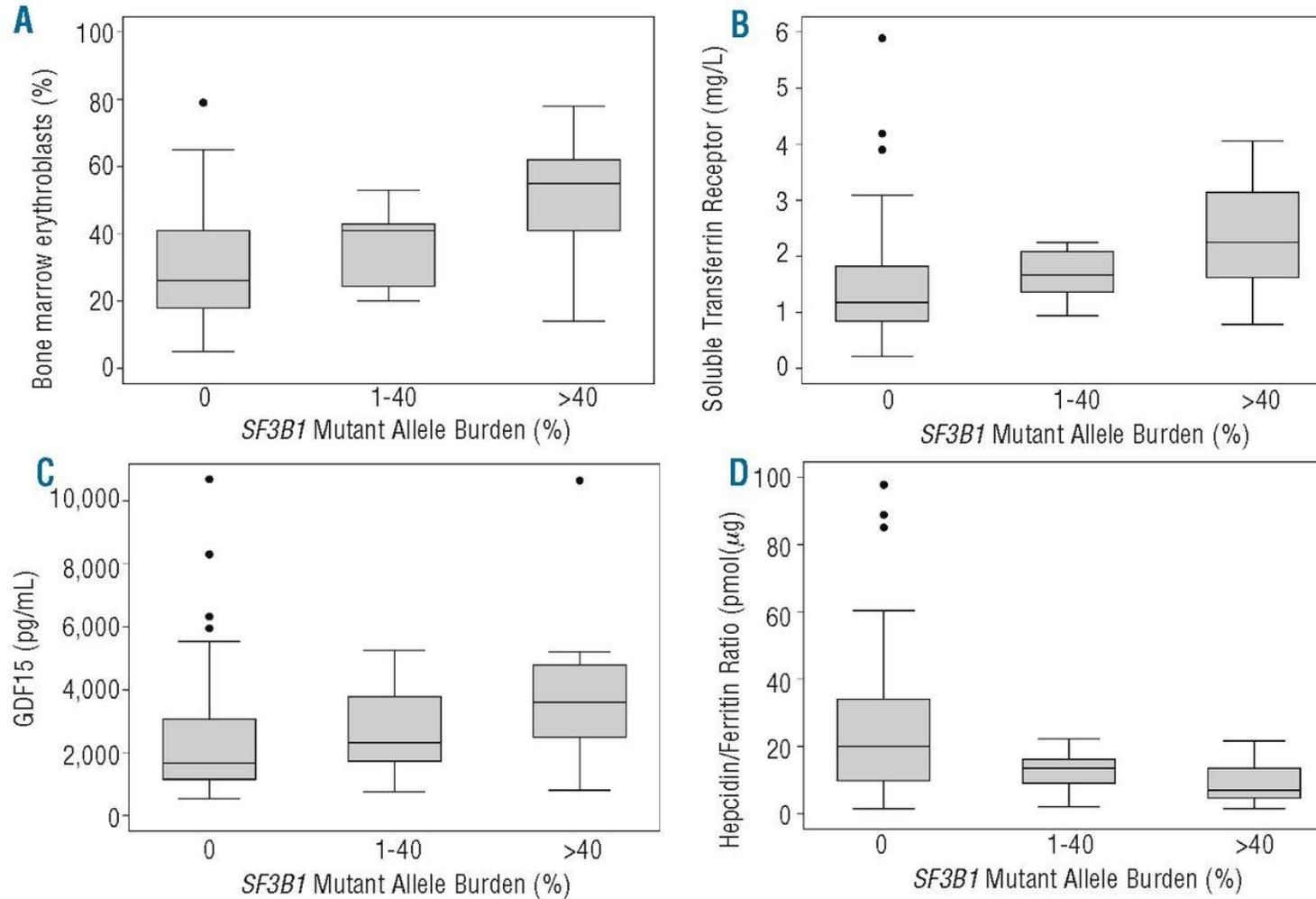
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SF3B1 mutation identifies a distinct subset of MDS with ring sideroblasts



Relationship between *SF3B1* mutation, erythroid marrow activity and ineffective erythropoiesis



MDS with *SF3B1* mutation (MDS-SF3B1)

WHO Classification

Cytopenia

Any, ≥ 1

Blasts

<5% BM and <2% PB

Genetics

Absence of del(5q), -7, or complex karyotype

Mutations

*SF3B1**, without multi-hit *TP53*

**Detection of $\geq 15\%$ ring sideroblasts may substitute for *SF3B1* mutation*

IC Classification

Any, ≥ 1

<5% BM and <2% PB

Any, except del(5q), -7/del(7q), abn3q26.2, or complex

SF3B1 ($\geq 10\%$ VAF),* without multi-hit *TP53*, or ***RUNX1***

***SF3B1*-unmutated MDS-RS are classified as MDS, NOS, irrespective of the number of RS.*

MDS with ring sideroblasts without *SF3B1* mutation

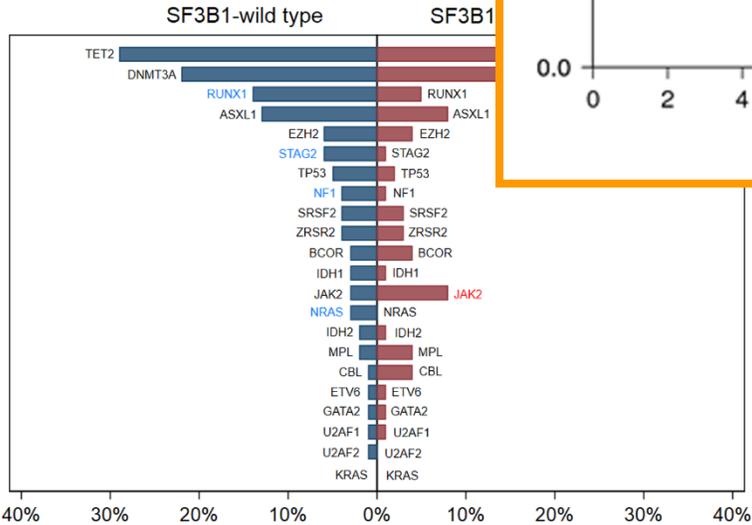
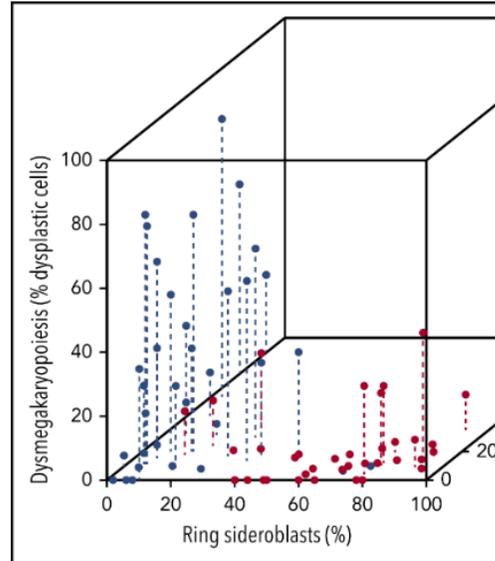
Variable	SF3B1 WT	SF3B1 mutated	P
Number of patients	2684	795	
Sex			
Female	978 (36)	306 (38)	
Male	1706 (64)	489 (62)	
Age (at sample)	69 (11)	70 (9)	

WHO 2017
19% of MDS-RS

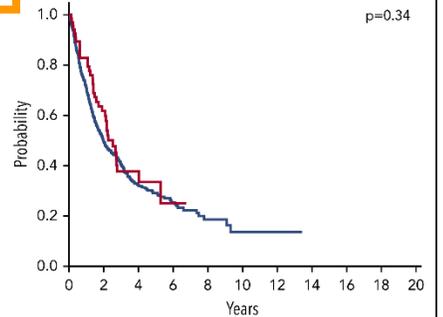
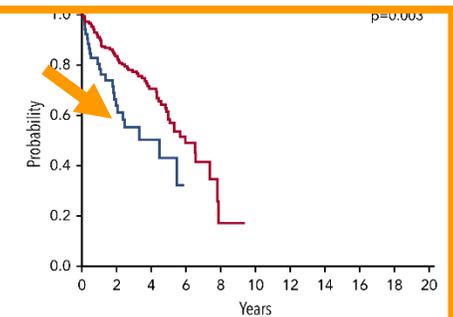
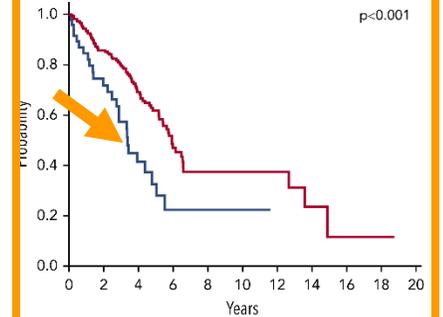
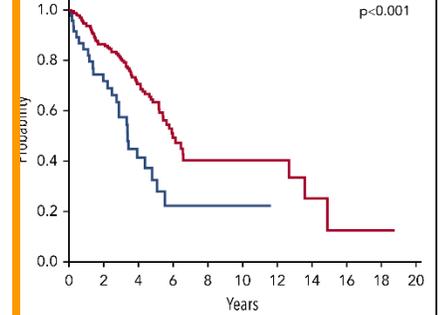
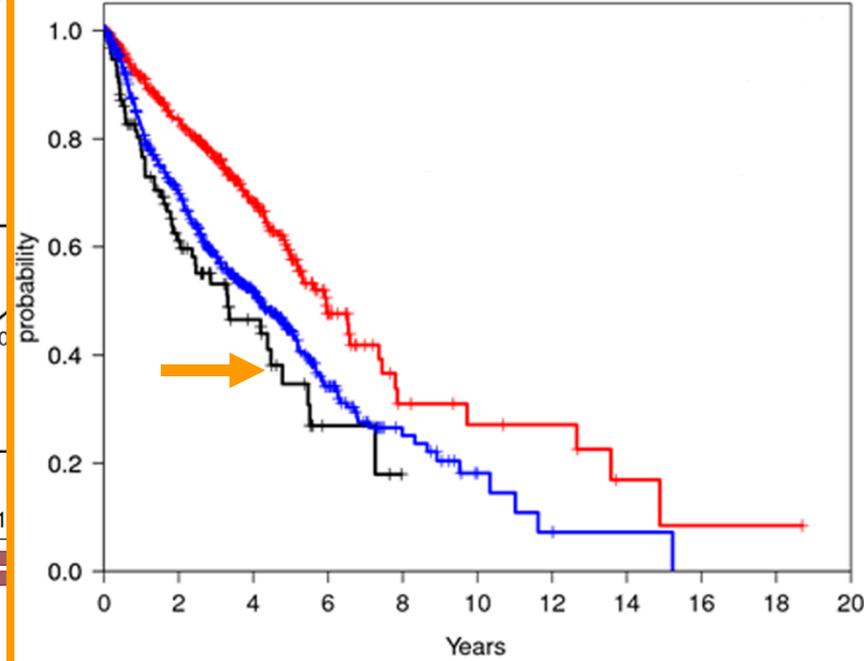
WHO 2008

Del(5q)	71 (3)	20 (3)
RARS	60 (2)	273 (34)
RA/RCUD	238 (9)	21 (3)
RCMD	520 (19)	18 (2)
RCMD-RS	56 (2)	171 (22)
RAEB-1	412 (15)	49 (6)
RAEB-2	426 (16)	28 (4)
Unknown	735 (27)	206 (26)
FAB		
RA	611 (23)	61 (8)
RARS	103 (4)	352 (44)
RAEB	763 (28)	86 (11)
RAEB-T	48 (2)	5 (1)
CMML	61 (2)	4 (1)
Unknown	1098 (41)	287 (36)

Variable	SF3B1 WT	SF3B1 mutated	P
Age (at sample)	69 (11)	70 (9)	
Hemoglobin (g/dL), median (IQR)	9.9 (8.7, 11.3)	9.5 (8.6, 10.5)	<.001
<8.0	307 (11)	102 (13)	0.001
8.0-9.99	1000 (37)	353 (44)	
10.0-11.99	774 (29)	249 (31)	
≥12.0	447 (17)	34 (4)	
Unknown	156 (6)	57 (7)	
ANC (×10 ⁹ /L), median (IQR)	1.6 (0.8, 3.3)	2.73 (1.7, 4.24)	<.001
<0.5	262 (10)	20 (3)	<.001
0.5 to 0.99	393 (15)	43 (5)	
1.0-1.8	415 (15)	96 (12)	
≥1.8	940 (35)	410 (52)	
Unknown	674 (25)	226 (28)	
Platelets (×10 ⁹ /L), median (IQR)	93 (48, 171)	261 (150, 378)	<.001
<50	639 (24)	41 (5)	<.001
50-100	668 (25)	60 (8)	
100-149	410 (15)	76 (10)	
150-449	662 (25)	422 (53)	
≥450	74 (3)	118 (15)	
Unknown	231 (9)	78 (10)	



IWG dataset, data from Blood 2020



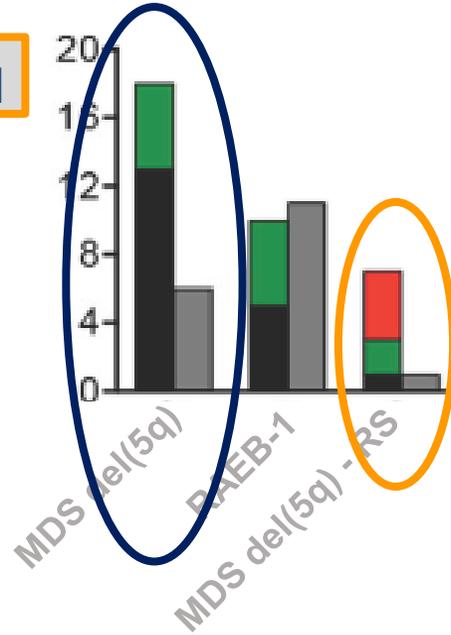
Relationship between del(5q) and SF3B1 mutation

Variable	SF3B1 WT	SF3B1 mutated	P
Number of patients	2684	795	
Sex			<.001
Female	978 (36)	349 (44)	
Male	1706 (64)	446 (56)	
Age (y) at sample, median (range)	69 (18-99)	72 (34-94)	<.001

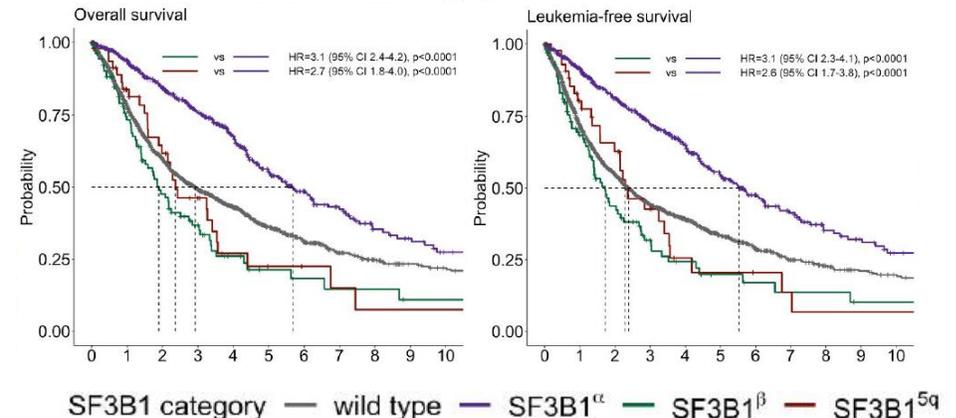
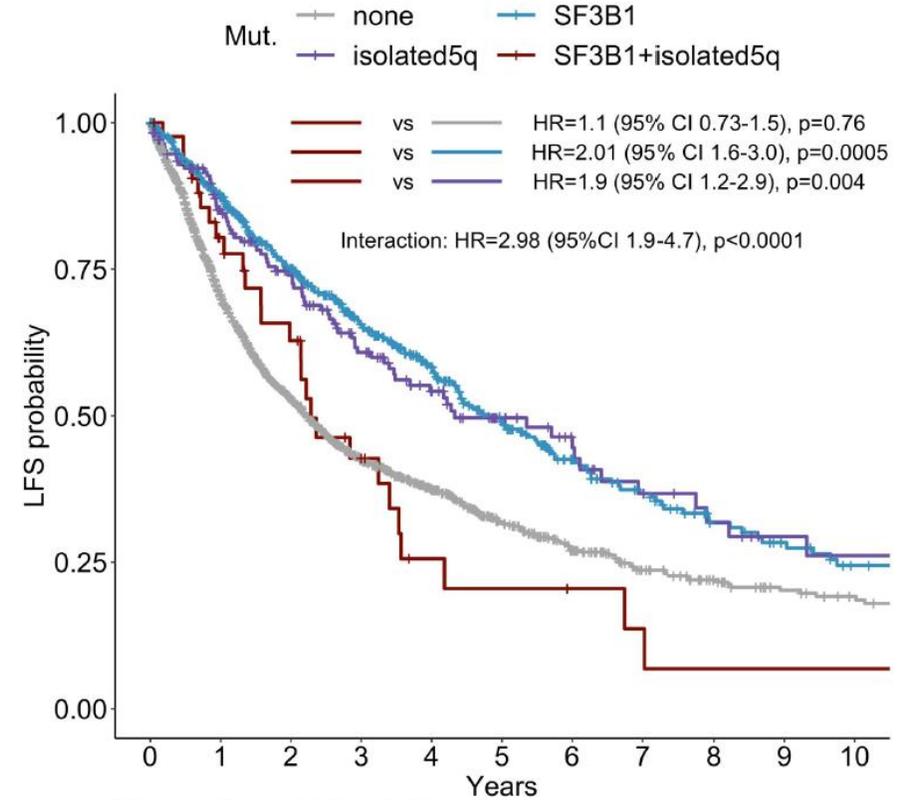
18% of MDS-5q

WHO 2008			
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Unknown	1098 (41)	287 (36)	

21-30	23 (1)	2 (<1)	
Unknown	179 (7)	31 (4)	
Hemoglobin (g/dL), median (IQR)	9.9 (8.7, 11.3)	9.5 (8.6, 10.5)	<.001
<8.0	307 (11)	102 (13)	0.001
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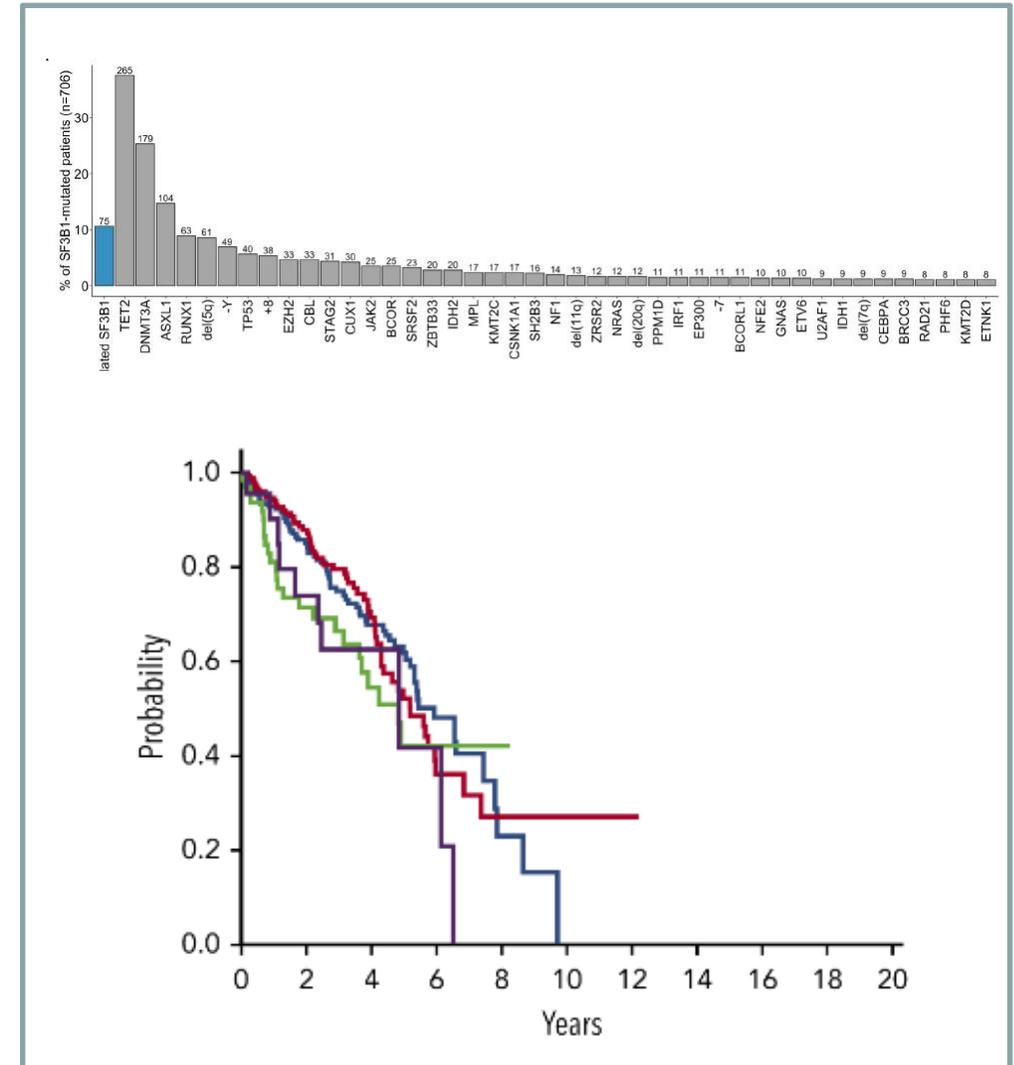
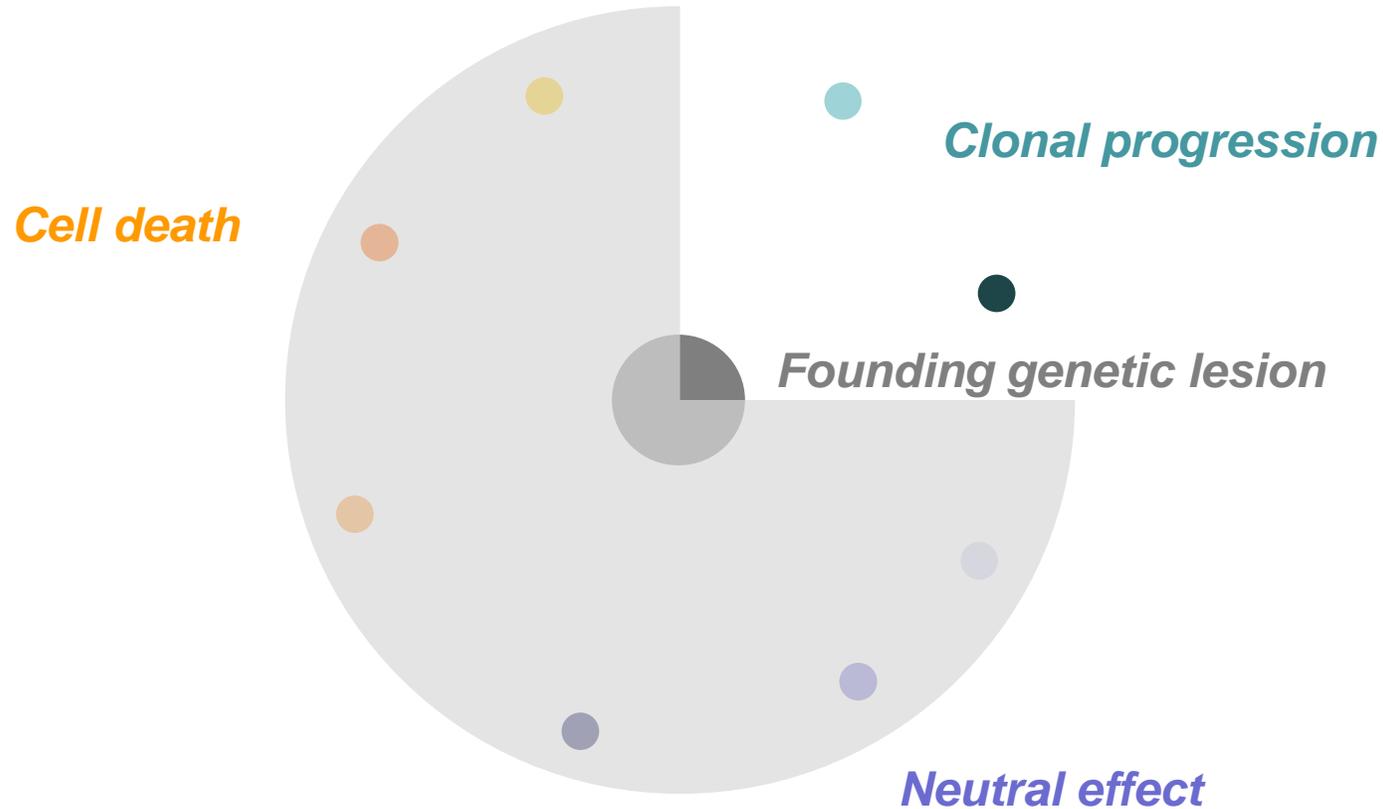
inconclusive
 del(5q) secondary
 del(5q) first
 del(5q) alone



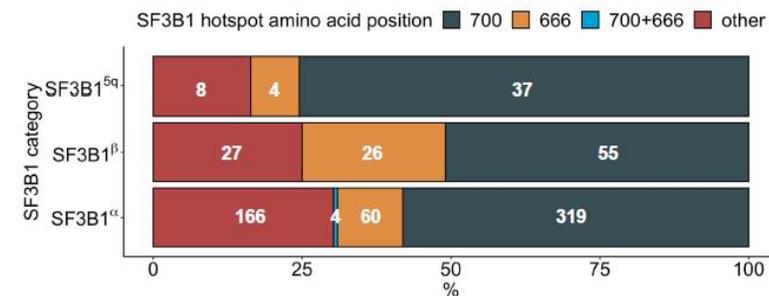
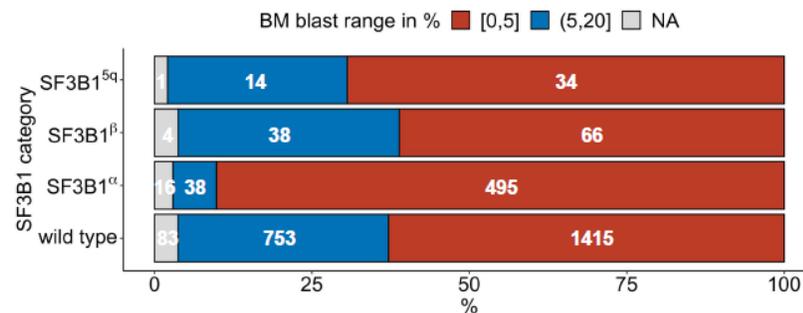
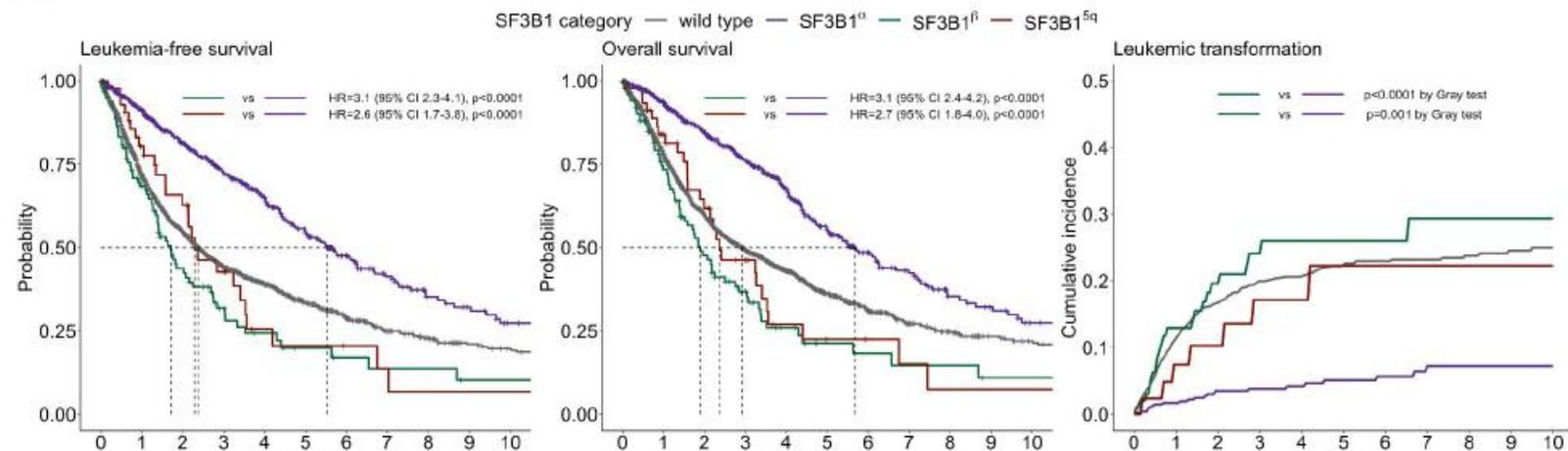
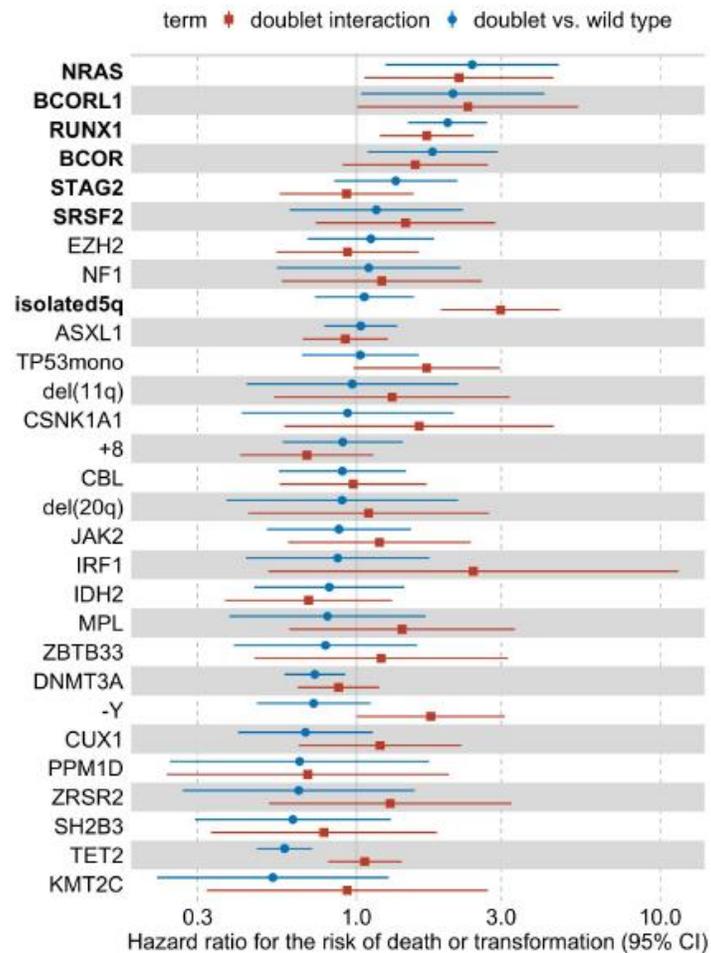
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Genetic canalization (predestination) dictated by founding mutation

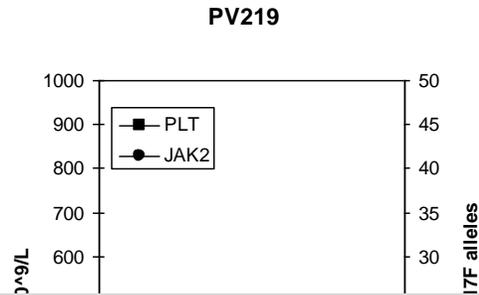
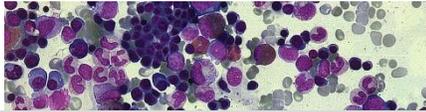


SF3B1 co-mutations and effect on outcomes

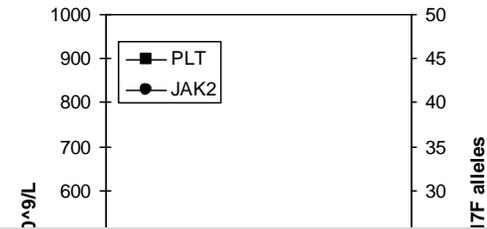


MDS/MPN with thrombocytosis and *SF3B1* mutation

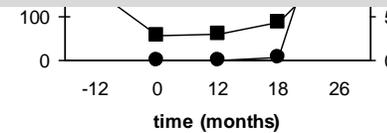
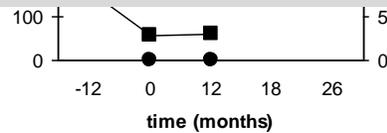
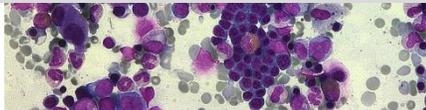
SF3B1
muta



JAK2, MPL or CALR
mutation



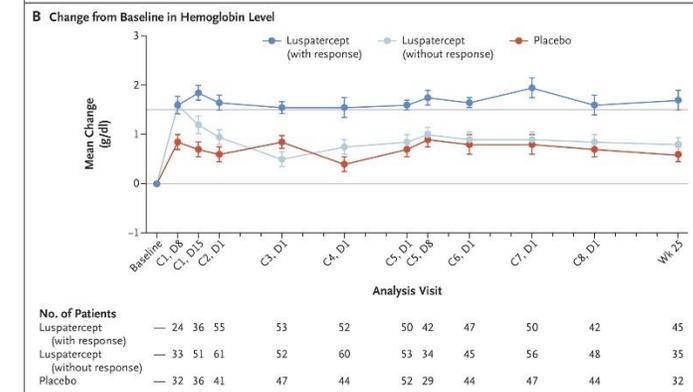
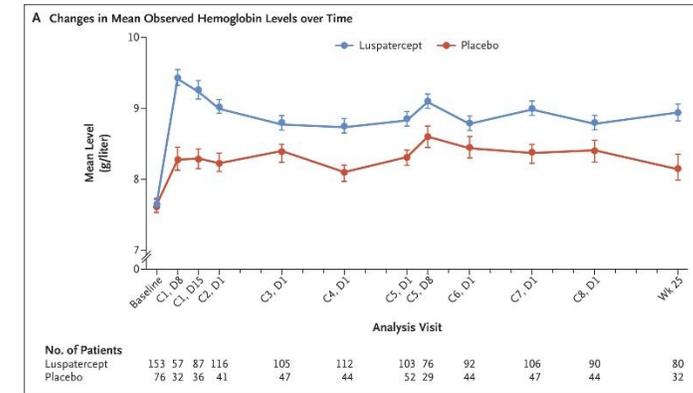
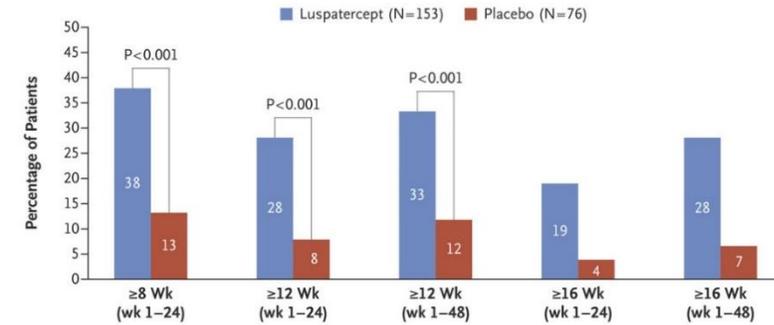
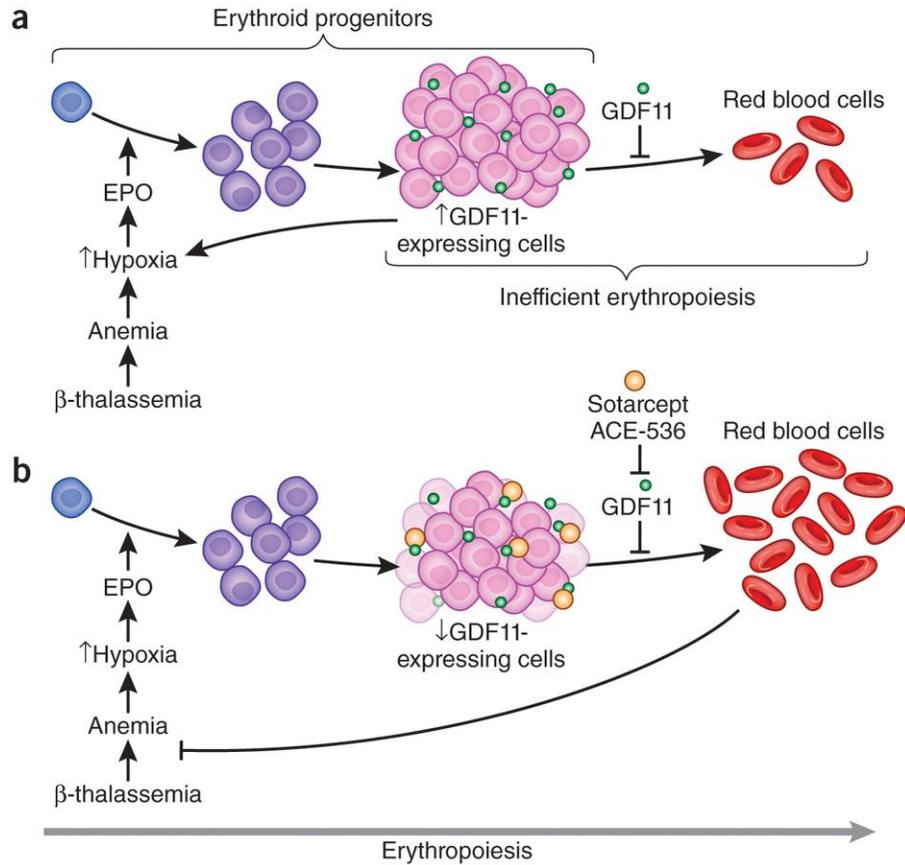
MDS-SF3B1 that later develop thrombocytosis are now classified as thrombocytotic progression of MDS-SF3B1.



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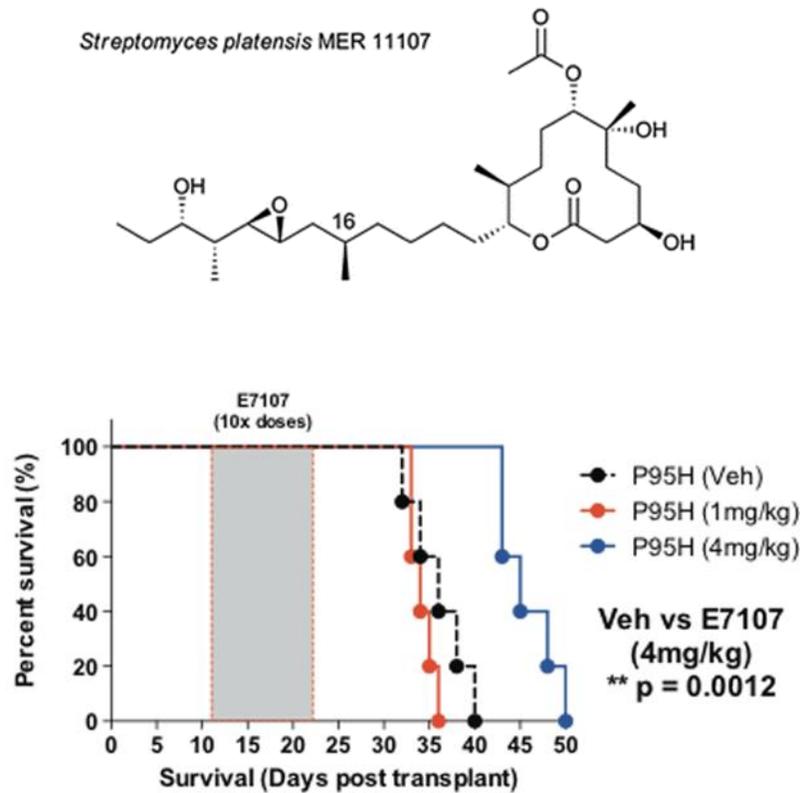
Inhibition of GDF11 in anemia with ineffective erythropoiesis



Nat Med. 2014; Lancet Oncol. 2017; N Engl J Med 2020

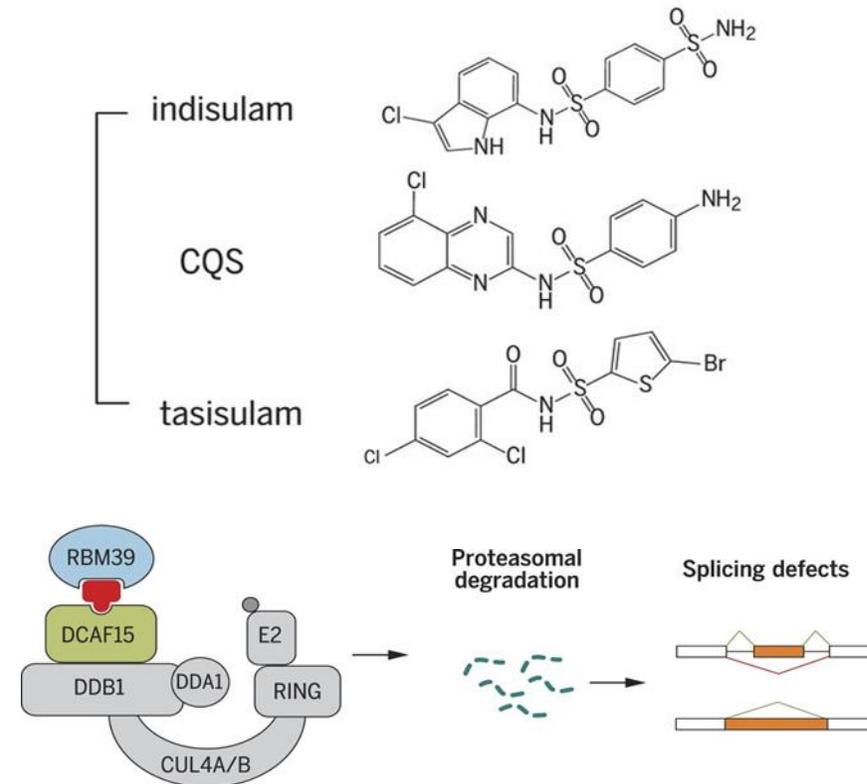
Therapeutic targeting of RNA splicing in MDS

Pladienolides



Lee et al. *Blood* 2015 126:4

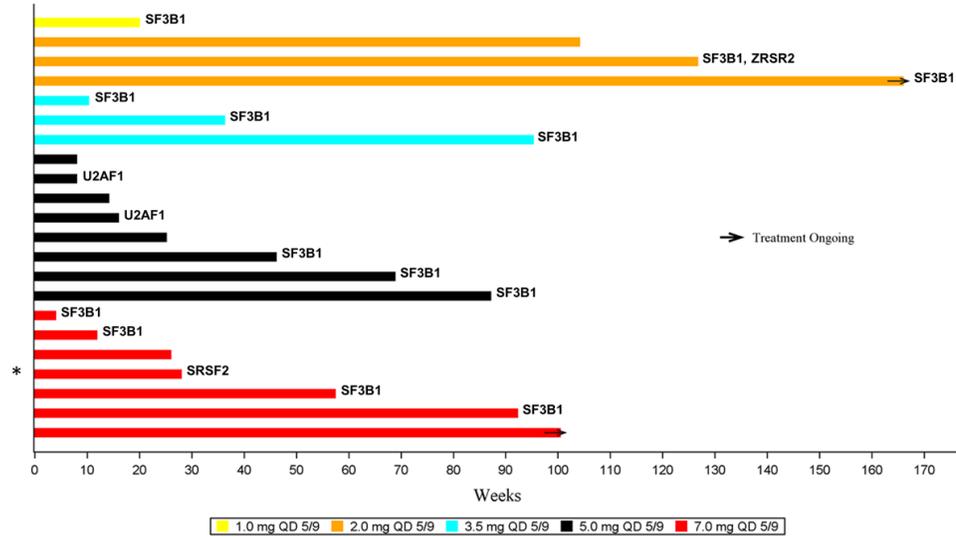
Sulfonamides



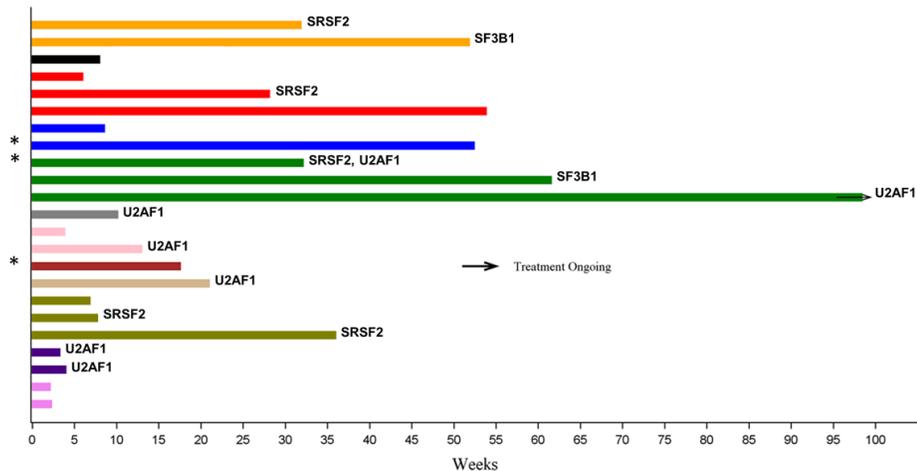
Han et al. *Science* 2017;356:eaal3755

Phase I First-in-Human Study of the oral SF3B1 modulator H3B-8800 in myeloid neoplasms

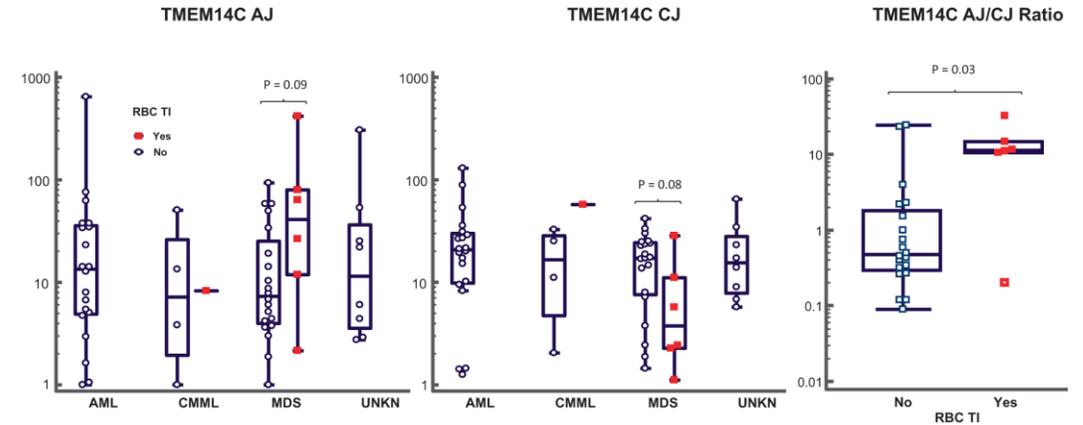
A: Lower-risk MDS and CMML



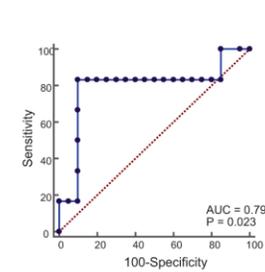
B: Higher-risk MDS and CMML



A



B

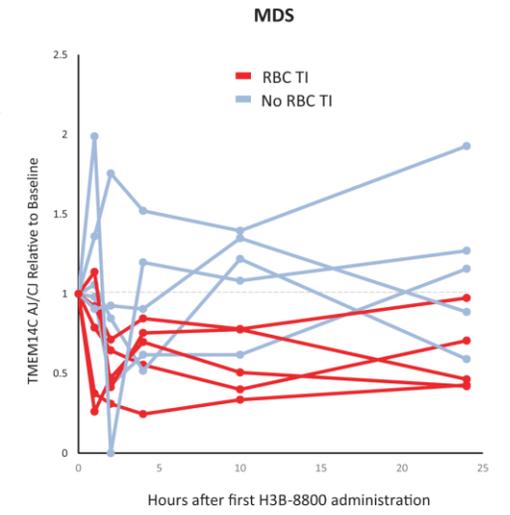


MDS

Subject	TMEM14C AJ/CJ	SF3B1 Mut
1	32.56	+
2	24.57	+
3	23.32	+
4	14.71	+
5	11.58	+
6	11.12	+
7	10.63	+
8	4.01	+
9	2.29	+
10	2.19	+
11	1.54	
12	1	
13	0.76	
14	0.59	
15	0.5	
16	0.45	
17	0.43	
18	0.4	
19	0.34	
20	0.32	
21	0.27	
22	0.26	
23	0.2	
24	0.12	
25	0.12	
26	0.09	

Specificity	Sensitivity	Criterion	RBC TI rate
90%	83.33%	>4.01	71%
85%	83.33%	>2.29	62.5%
80%	83.33%	>2.19	55%
75%	83.33%	>1.54	50%

C



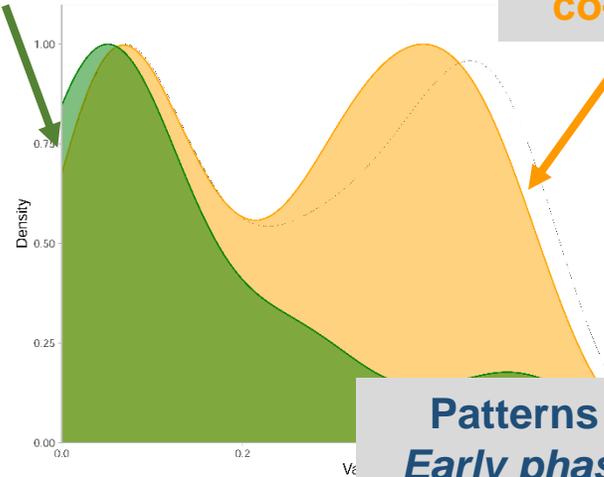
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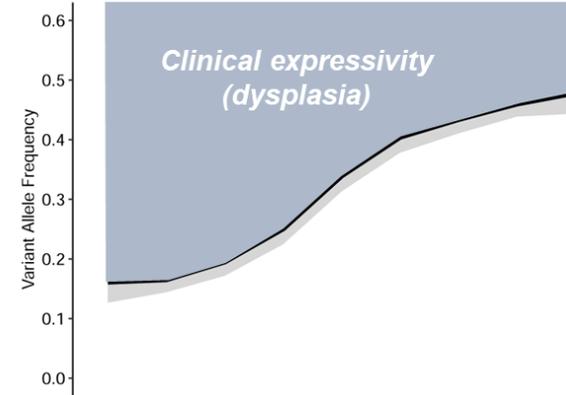
Segregation of CCUS into pre-malignant and early-malignant states

Isolated *DNMT3A* mutation

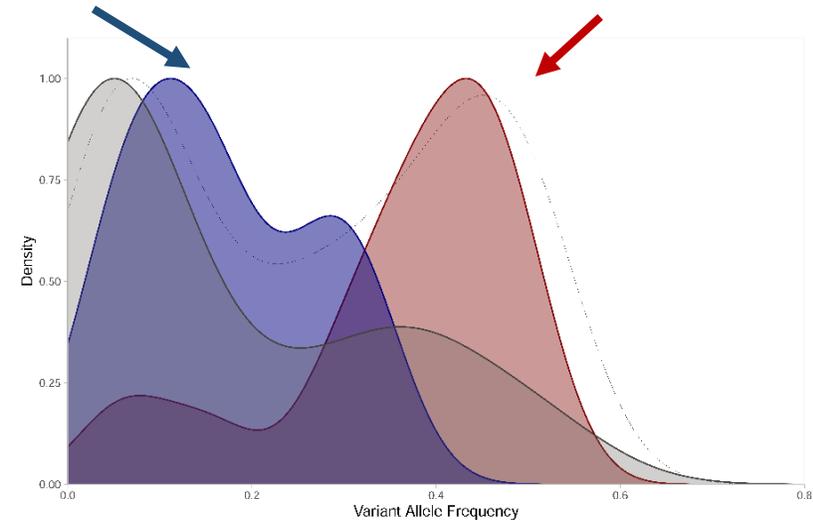
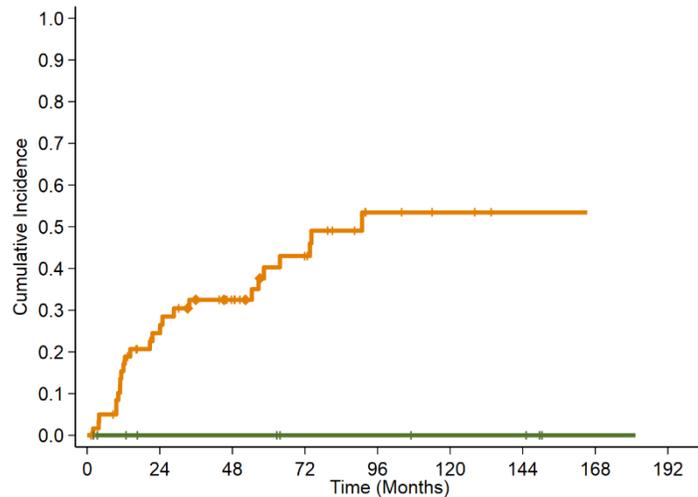
TET2, ASXL1, SF
co-mutation patterns



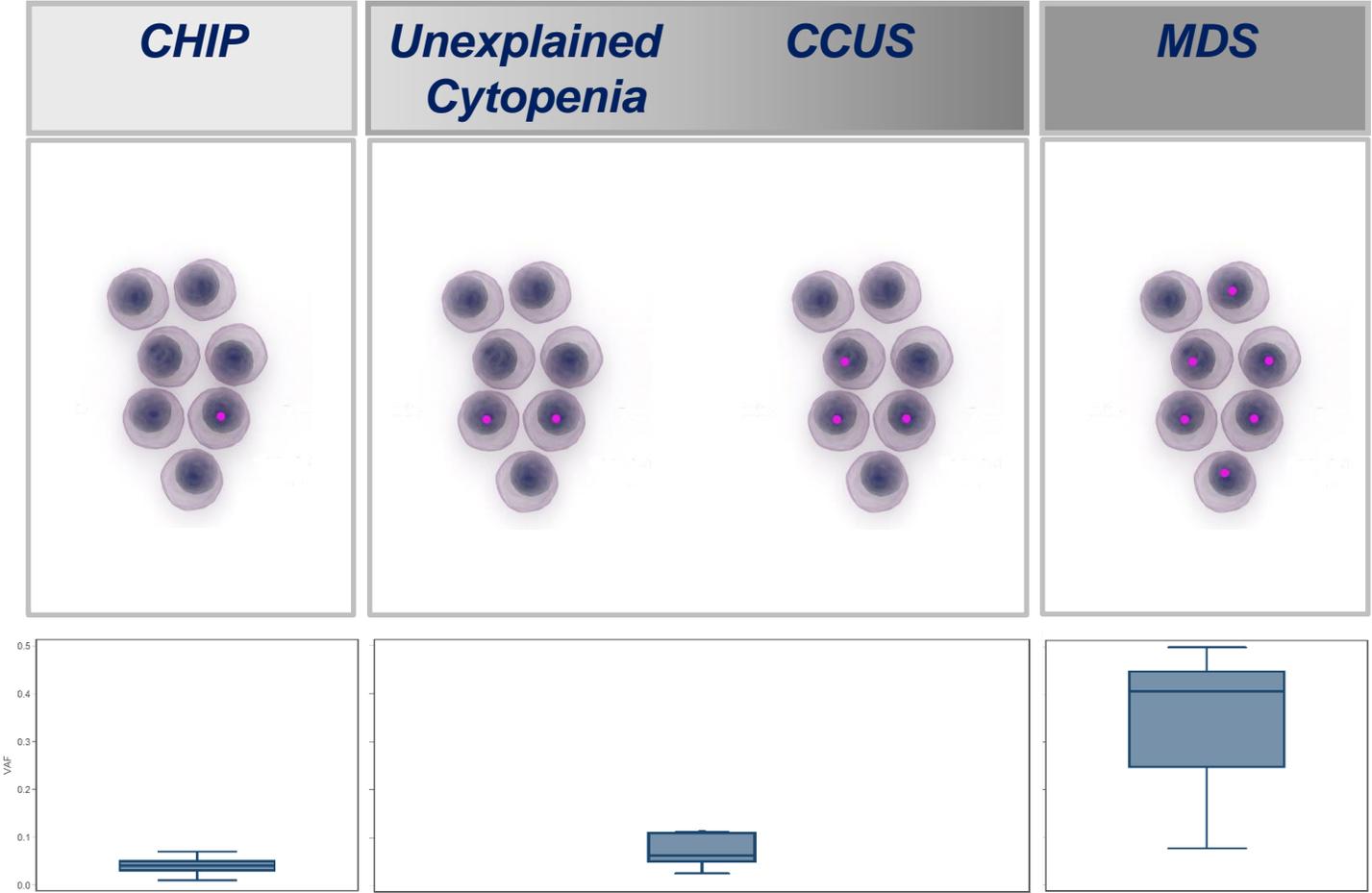
Patterns with strong clinical expressivity
Early phase of malignant clones that do not
have yet reached full clinical expressivity



Patterns with mild clinical expressivity
Dominant clones with clone metrics
not different from overt MDS



Relationship between *SF3B1* clone size and hematologic phenotype

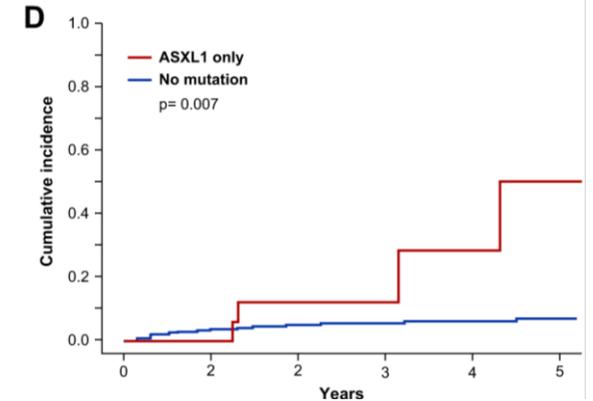
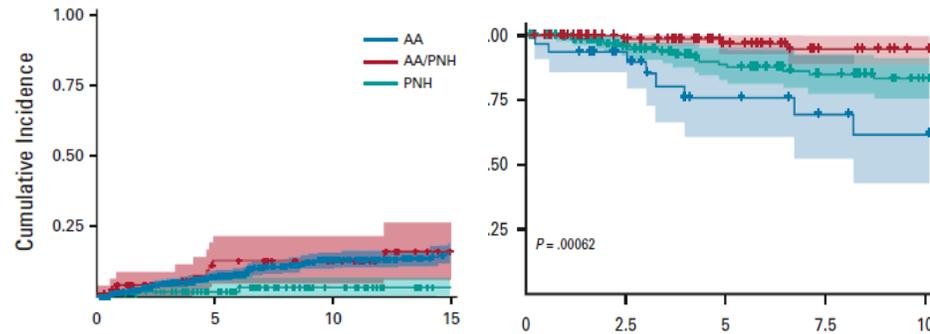
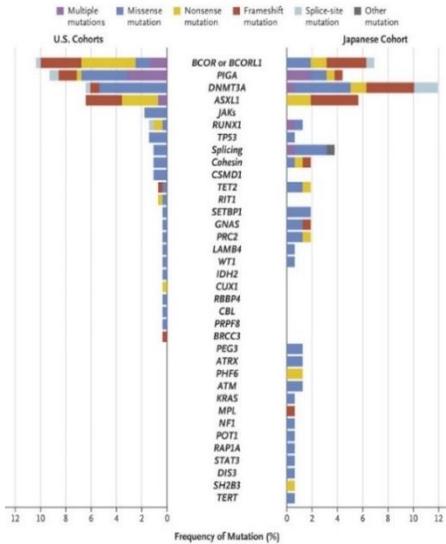
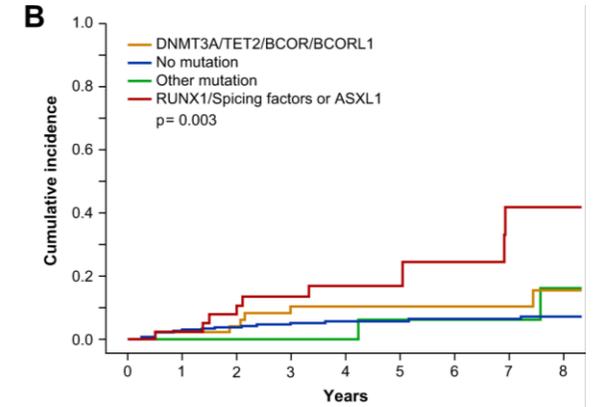
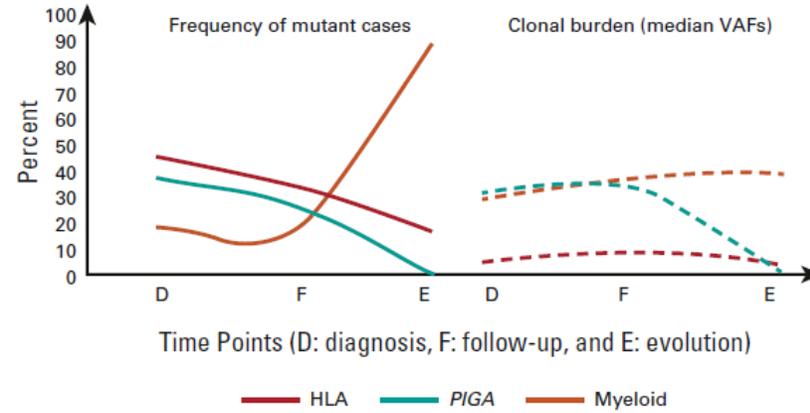
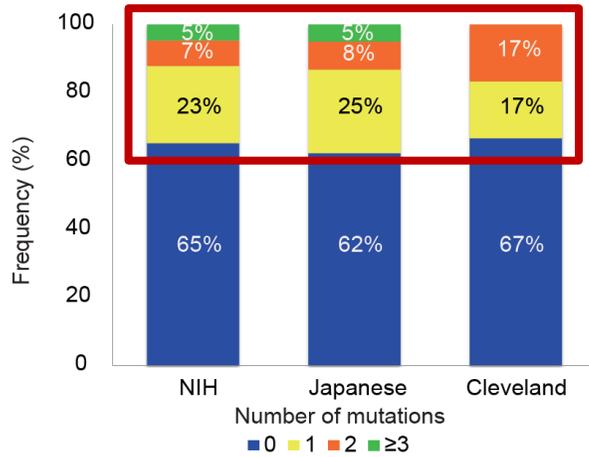


MDS with *SF3B1* mutation (MDS-SF3B1)

Cytopenia	Any, ≥ 1
Blasts	<5% BM and <2% PB
Genetics	Any, except del(5q), -7/del(7q), abn3q26.2, or complex
Mutations	<i>SF3B1</i> ($\geq 10\%$ VAF), without multi-hit <i>TP53</i> , or <i>RUNX1</i>

Although dysplasia is typically present, it is not required.

Somatic mutations and clonal hematopoiesis in aplastic anemia





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