

Settima edizione di



AIEOP..

...in Lab

**Caratterizzazione multi-omica
della malattia residua minima in
pazienti pediatrici con B-ALL**

Dr. Jolanda Sarno, PhD



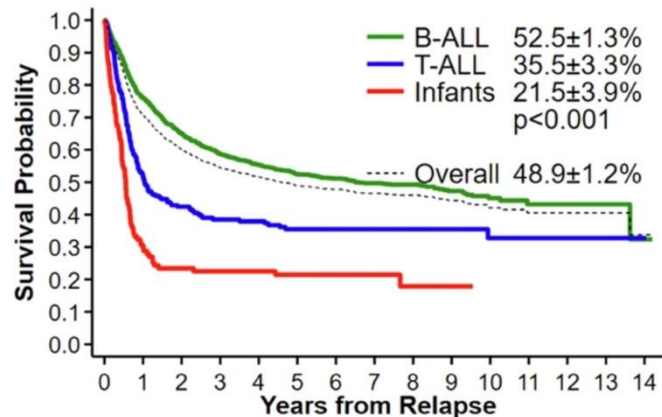
FONDAZIONE
TETTAMANTI

Milano, 22 e 23 maggio 2026

Nothing to disclose

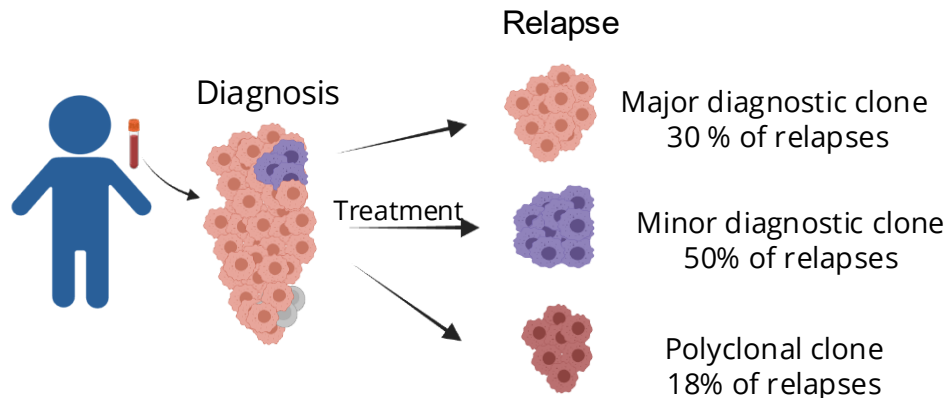
Relapsed ALL remains an unmet clinical need

Survival rates of Relapsed B-ALL patients
from 1996 to 2014 in COG trials



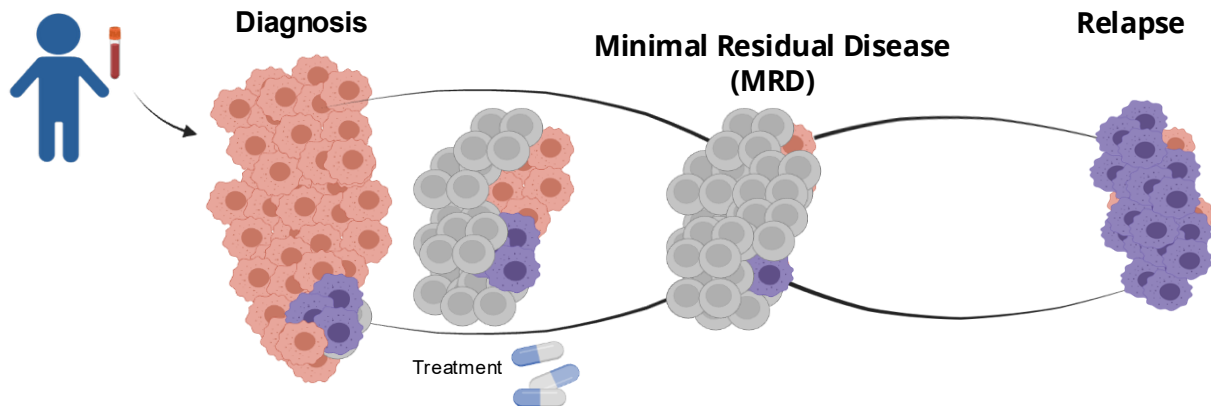
**Main causes of cancer-related
death in children**

INTRA-Tumor Heterogeneity



- Current clinical trials do not take into account Intra-tumor heterogeneity
- Minor diagnostic clones are present at relapse

MRD: powerful readout of individual treatment response



MRD assessment does not inform:

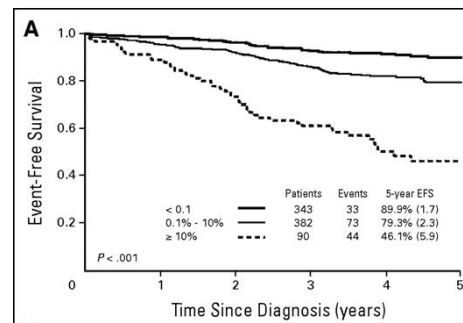
- Why MRD cells are treatment resistant (features)
- Actionable targets for therapeutic intervention



Qualitative analysis of MRD cells

- Improve risk stratification
- Inform therapeutically

EFS based on FCM at Day 15

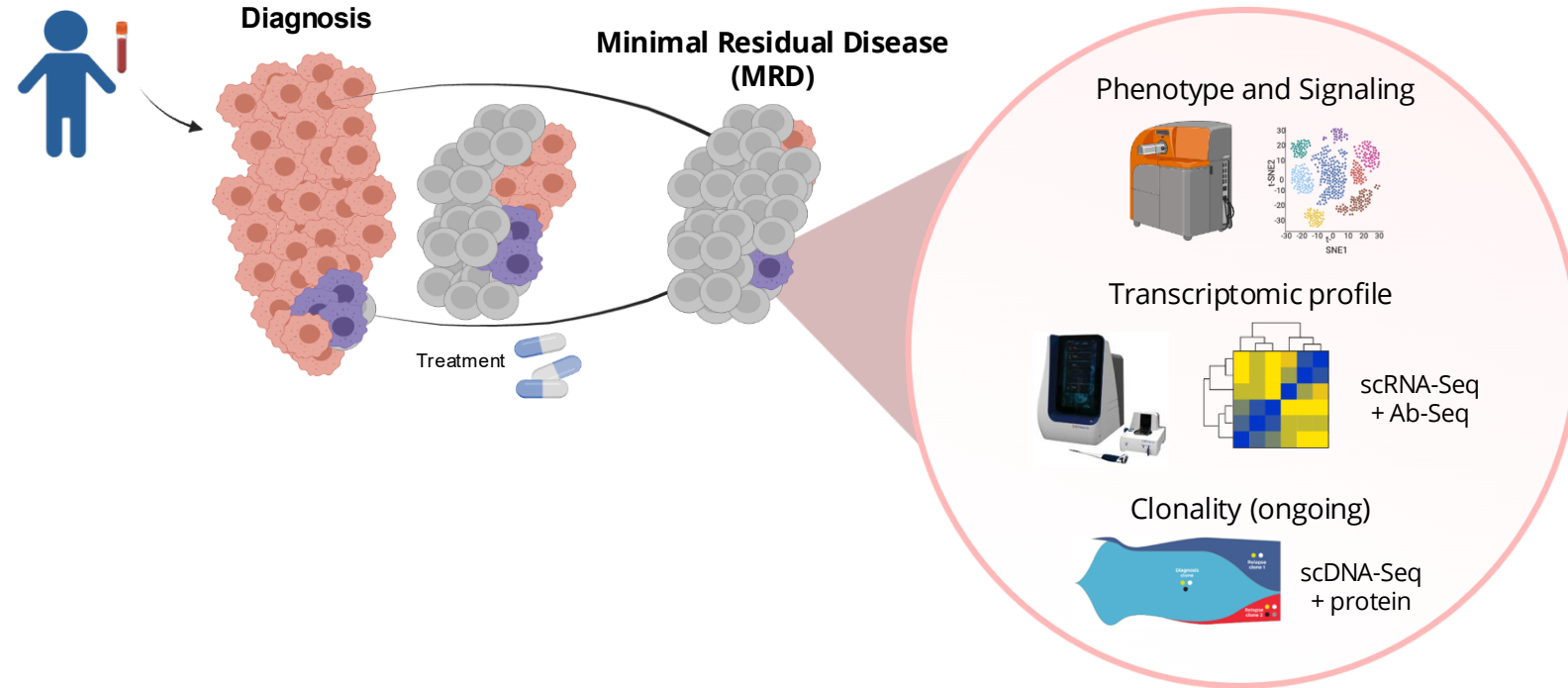


30-40% relapses

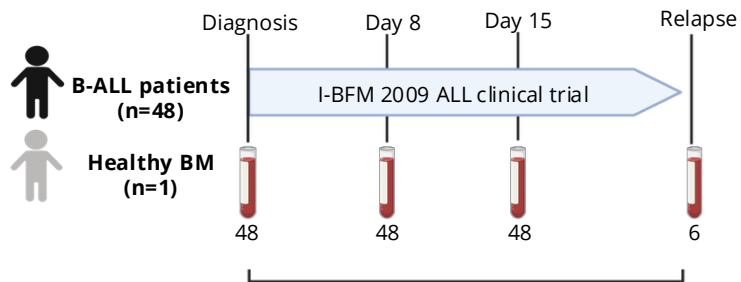


Not-high risk MRD patients

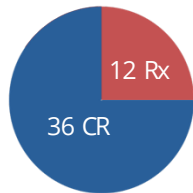
Multi-omic integrated approach to dissect resistance in leukemia



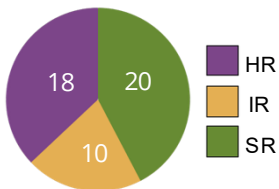
CyTOF analysis of longitudinal B-ALL samples



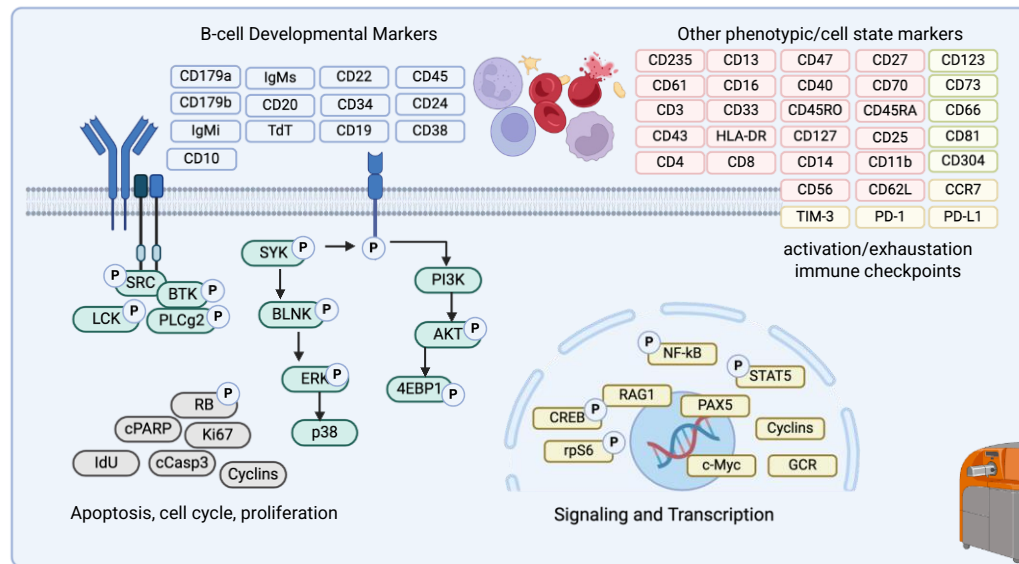
Outcome



MRD risk



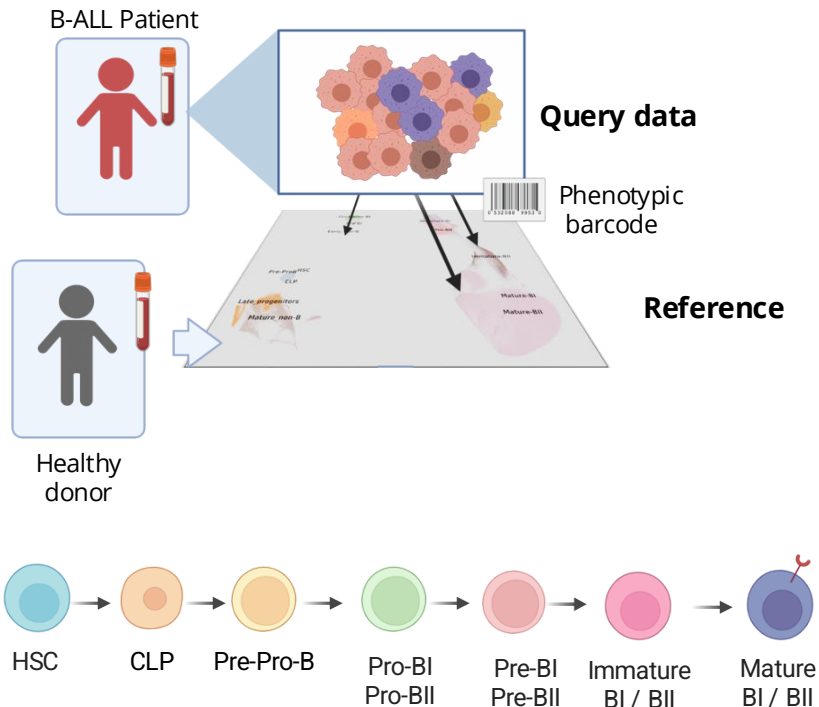
Single cell mass cytometry analysis of B-ALL samples



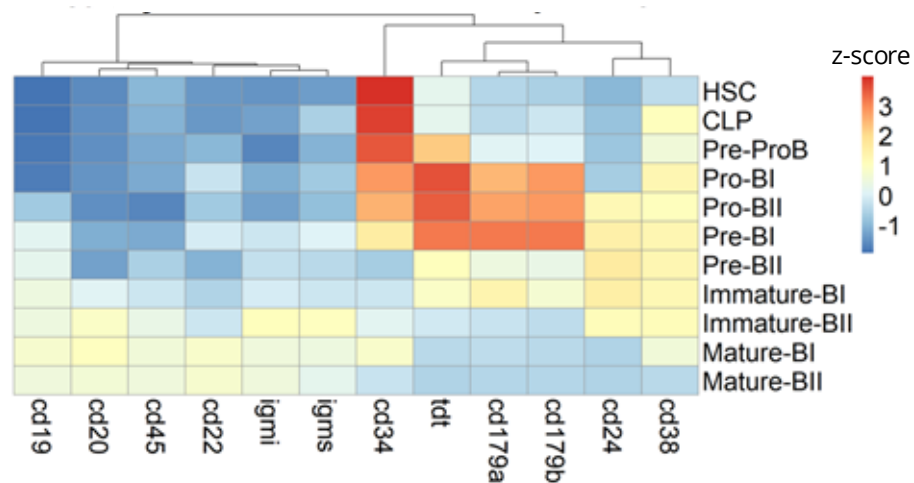
Leukemic cells were detectable at Dx, Day 8 and Day 15 in 98% of the samples (range 0.008% - 96.1%)

B-ALL classification of the gated blasts

Single cell proteomic B cell classifier

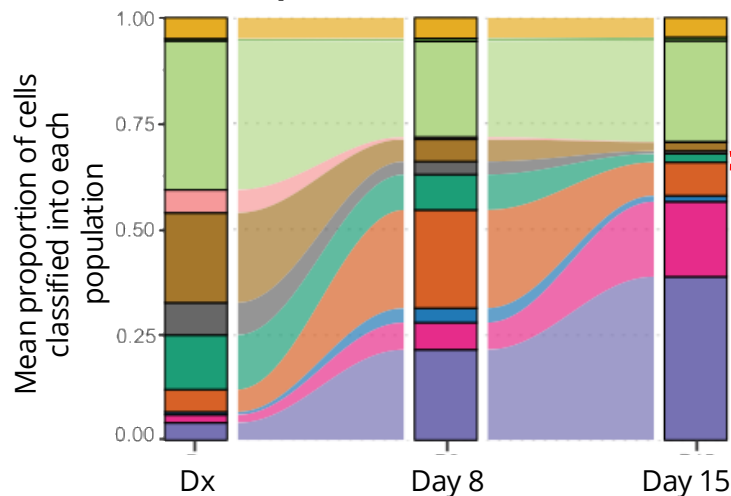


Phenotypic markers expression across gated populations in healthy BM

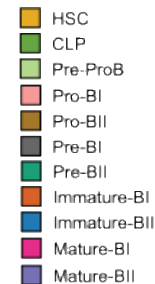


Developmental classification identifies differentially abundant populations in relapsing patients

B-ALL patients achieving complete remission (n=36)



Population



Gated blasts
(CD45^{low}/CD19⁺/CD10⁺)

EdgeR analysis
• p<0.05
** p<0.01

Identify relapse-associated cells across patients using machine learning

Population-level
aggregate



Single-cell
resolution



1. Model training (n=41 samples)

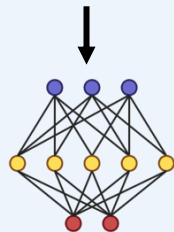


Treatment Sensitive
CR pts at Dx
label 0



Treatment Resistant
Relapsed pts at D8, D15 and Rx
label 1

XGBoost
model

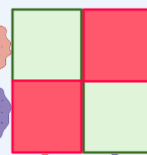


2. Leave one-out cross validation on relapsed patients (n=12 samples)

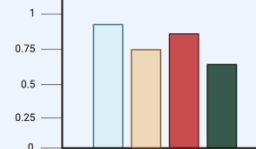
Ground truth

From Dx,
remission
group

From Rx,
relapse
group

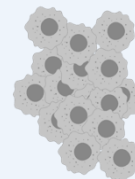


Predictions

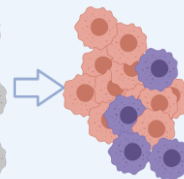


Performance metrics

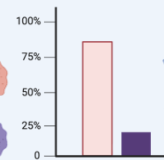
3. Prediction of diagnostic and MRD timepoints on test data set (n= 97 samples)



Query

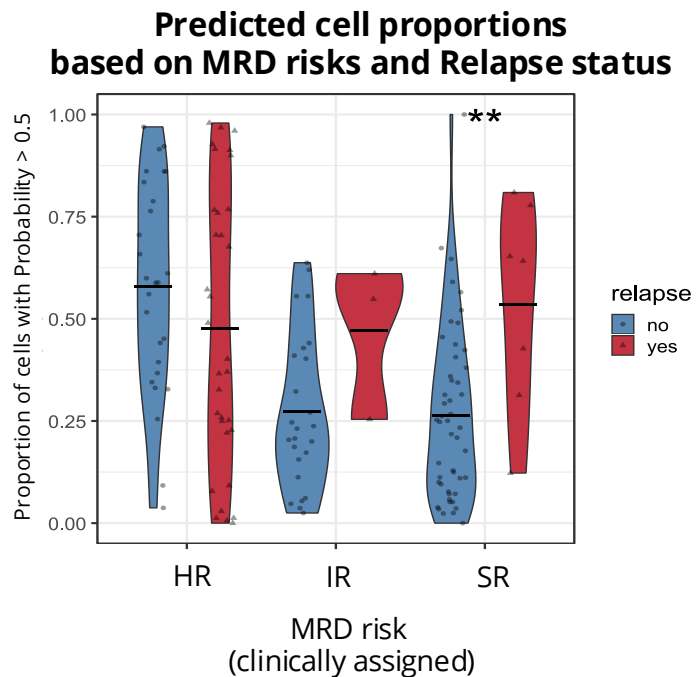
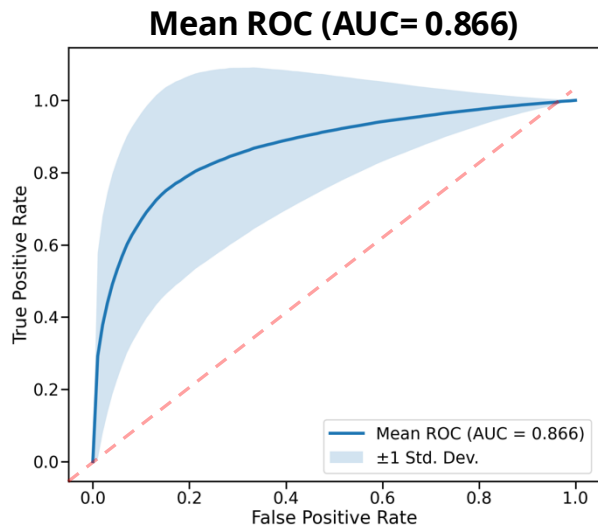


Predictions

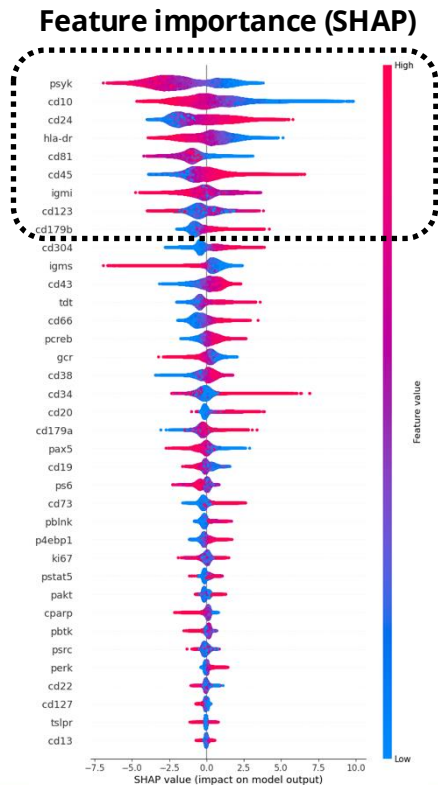


Riccardo Scribano
PhD student

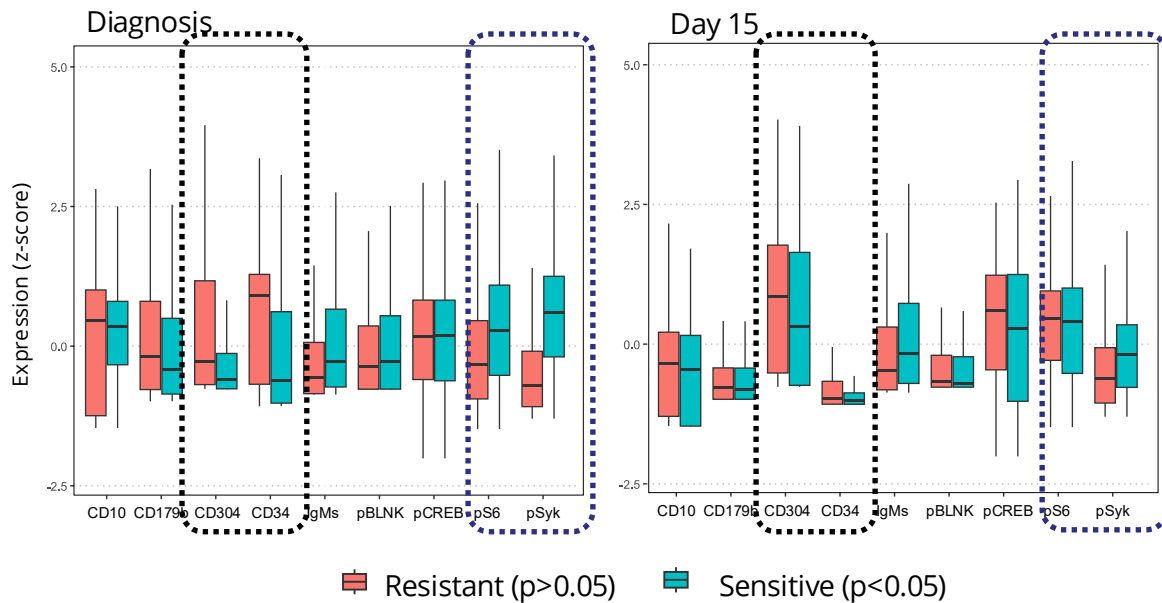
XGBoost identifies resistant cells accurately in not-high risk patients



XGBoost features identify immature phenotypes with quiescent signaling state as resistant



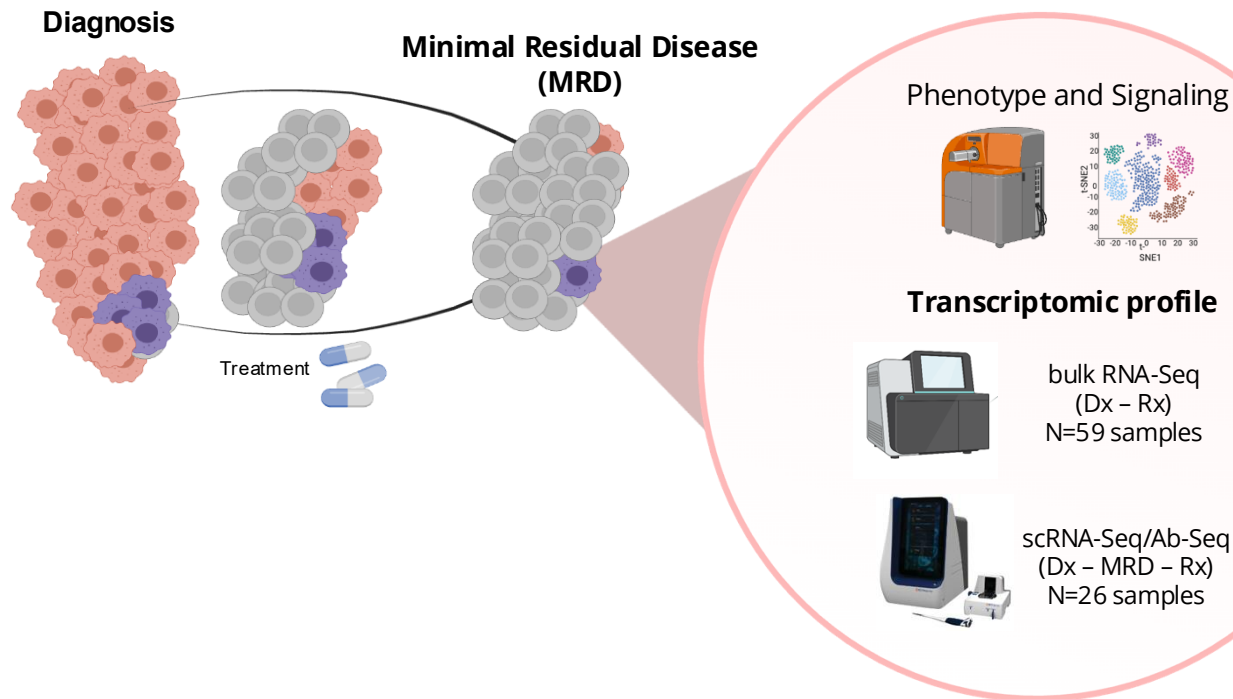
Marker expression in resistant vs sensitive XGBoost predicted cells



Decision threshold (0.5)

Please do not post

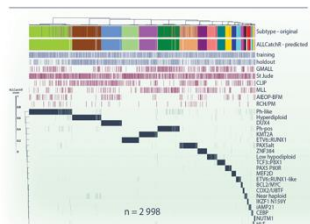
Transcriptomic profile to identify additional resistance features



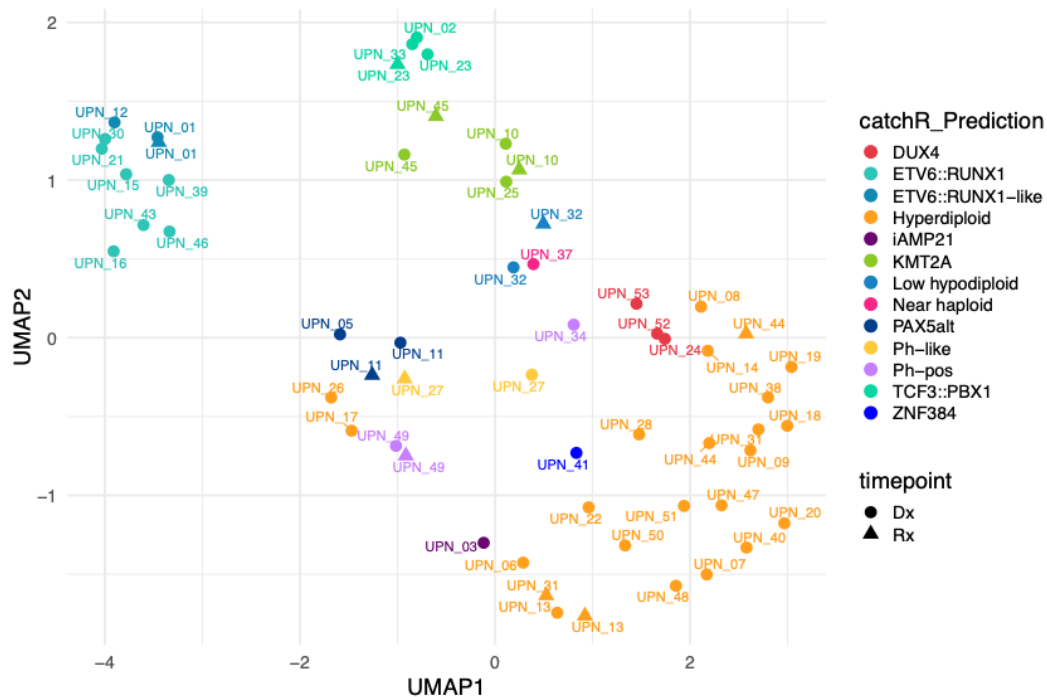
Bulk RNA-Seq: subtype driven transcriptomic profile

UMAP of the top 1000 variable genes in diagnostic and relapse samples

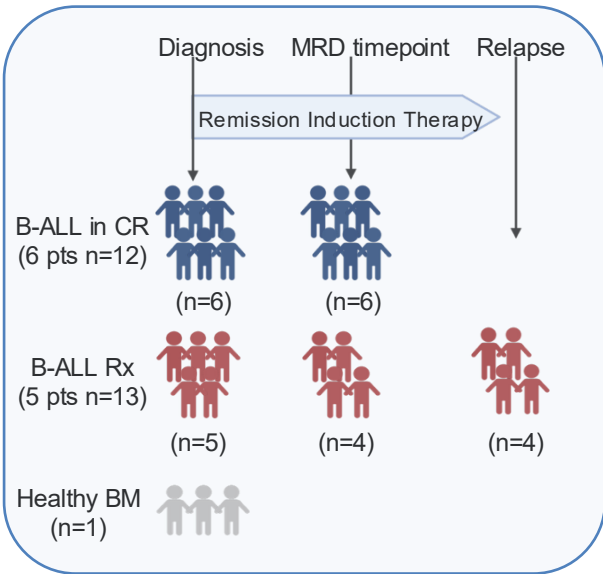
B-ALL subtype classification ALLcatchR



Beder T et al. HemaSphere 2023

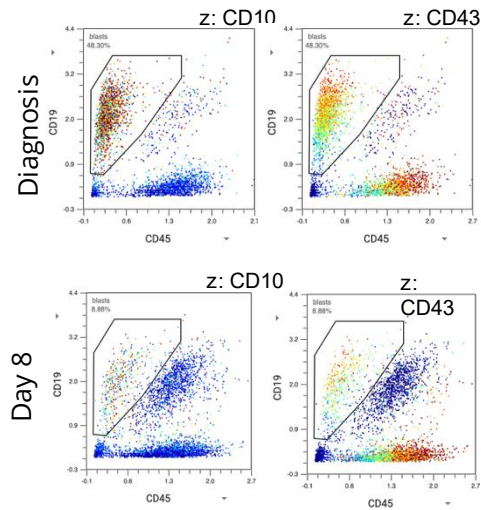


scRNA-Seq/Ab-Seq to study transcriptomic profiles of early resistant cells



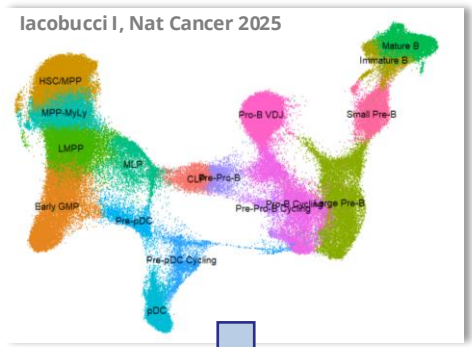
Gating blasts using Ab-Seq expression

- CD10
 - CD19
 - CD22
 - CD20
 - CD24
 - CD38
 - CD127
 - CD43
 - CD45
 - CD73
 - CD66
 - CD304
 - CD123
 - CD81
 - IgM
- oligo-conjugated antibody staining



Unfiltered: 221030 (76.6%)
Blasts: 67406 (23.4%)

Healthy BM B-cell enriched reference



B-ALL blasts projected data

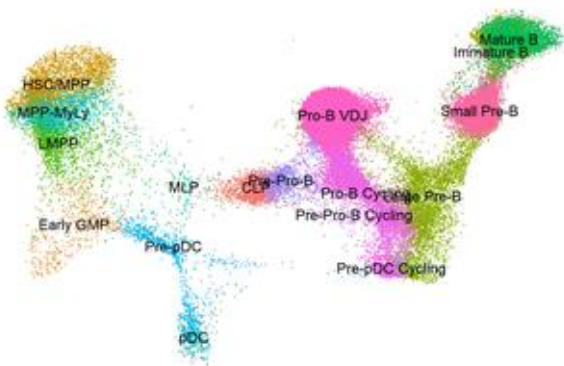


Sequencing

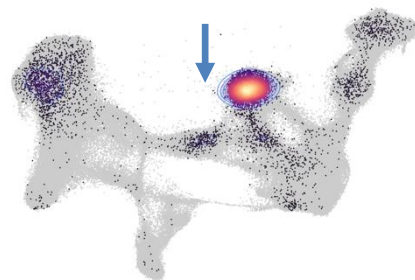
- WTA
- Abs
- BCR
- Sample Tags

Early MRD cells from relapsing patients are more enriched in early Pro-B populations

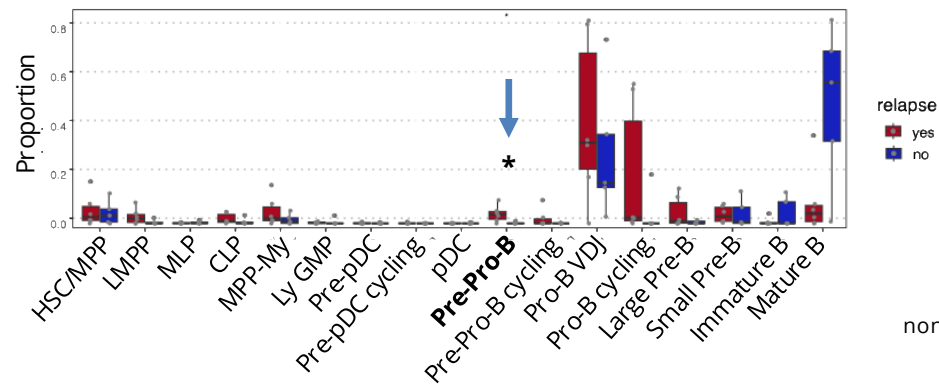
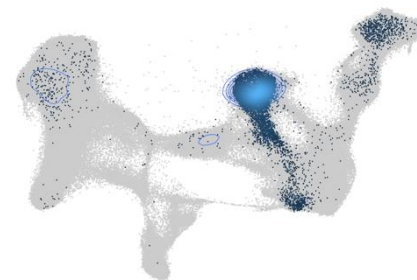
B-ALL blasts projected data



Early MRD cells of Relapsing patients (n=5)



Early MRD cells of CR patients (n=6)

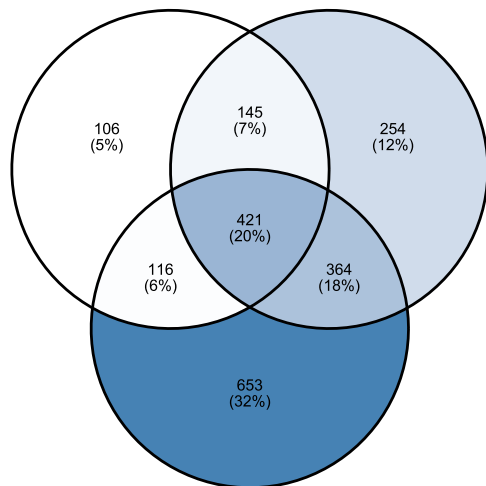


non parametric ANOVA * p<0.05

MRD cells display a quiescent state with metabolic reprogramming

Paired
Rx vs Dx

At Dx:
Rx vs CR



At MRD:
Rx vs CR

Hallmark_IL2/STAT5 signaling

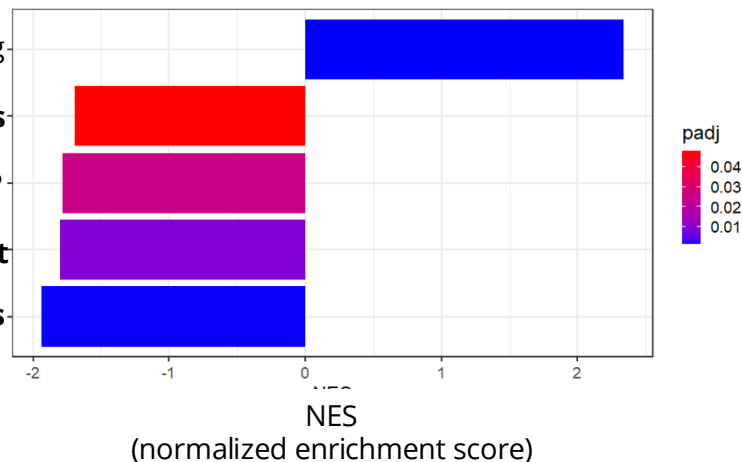
→ Hallmark_Glycolysis

Hallmark_KRAS signaling UP

→ Hallmark_G2/M checkpoint

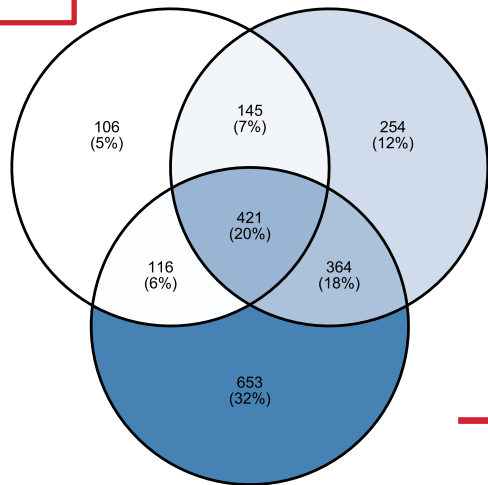
→ Hallmark_E2F targets

GSEA analysis of MRD cells
in Rx vs CR patients



MRD cells display a quiescent state with metabolic reprogramming

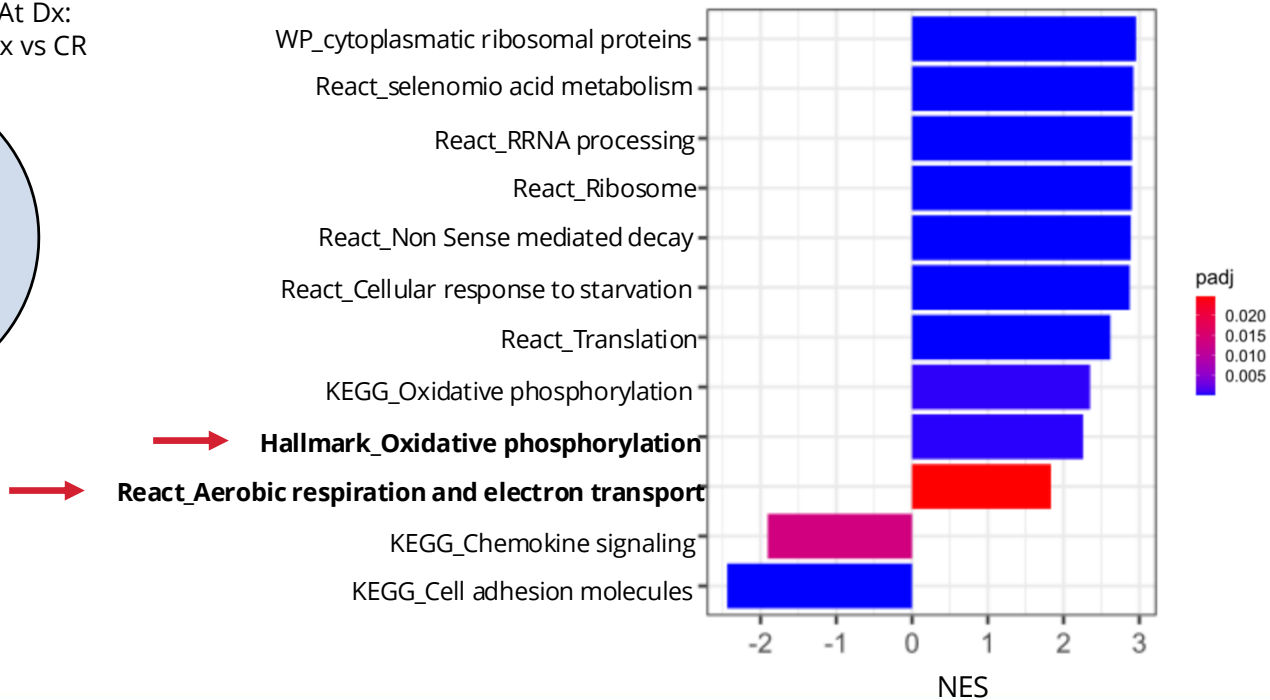
Paired
Rx vs Dx



At Dx:
Rx vs CR

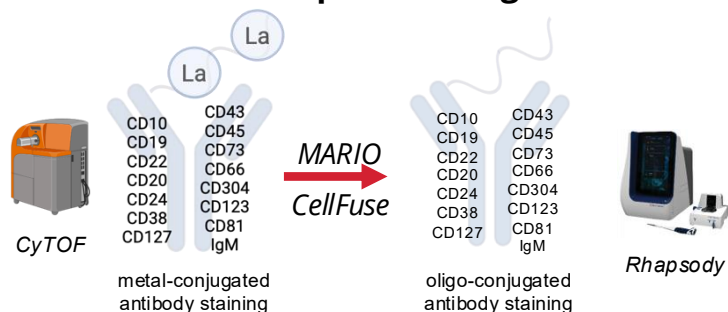
At MRD:
Rx vs CR

GSEA analysis Relapse vs Diagnostic cells



Integrated data revealed leukemic cell plasticity of high predicted cells

Proteomic/Transcriptomic Integration

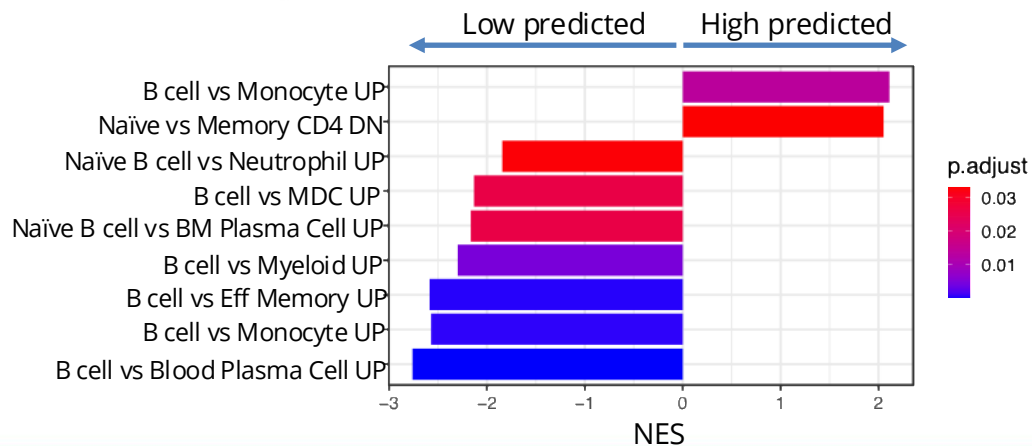


Zhu B. et al Nature Methods 2023;
Koladiya A. et al. BioRxiv 2025

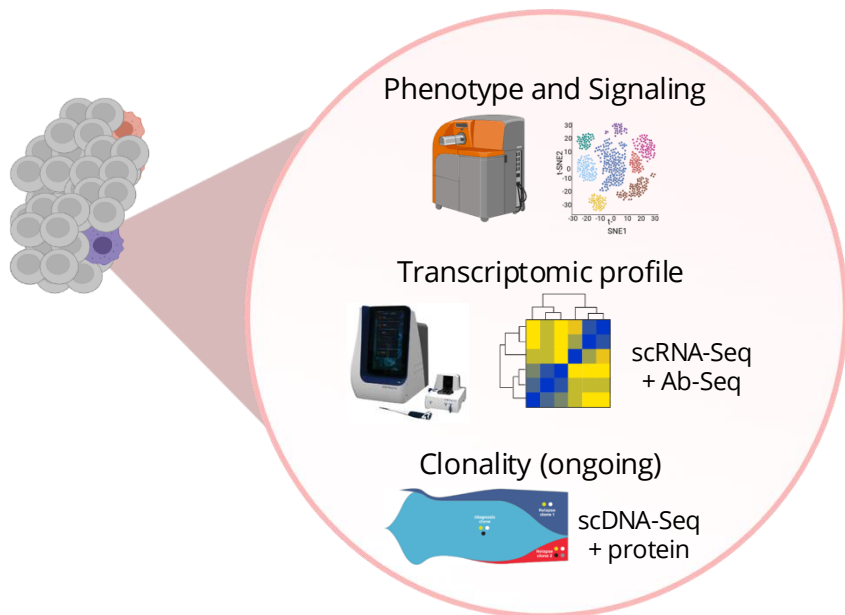
XGBoost prediction
High predictive ($p > 0.05$)
Low predictive ($p < 0.05$)

Low predicted

High predicted



Conclusion and future perspectives



- Early MRD cells, detected by CyTOF and scRNA-Seq, bear phenotypic and intracellular features predictive of future relapse
 - Transcriptomic data reveal quiescence, aerobic respiration, and lineage infidelity as main pathways of resistance
- ↓
- Test other predictive models (MIL)
 - Test identified signature of resistance on bulk RNA-Seq data using deconvolution methods
 - BCR repertoire (ongoing in collaboration with Dr. Stomatopoulous)
 - Clonality studies with Tapestri (ongoing)

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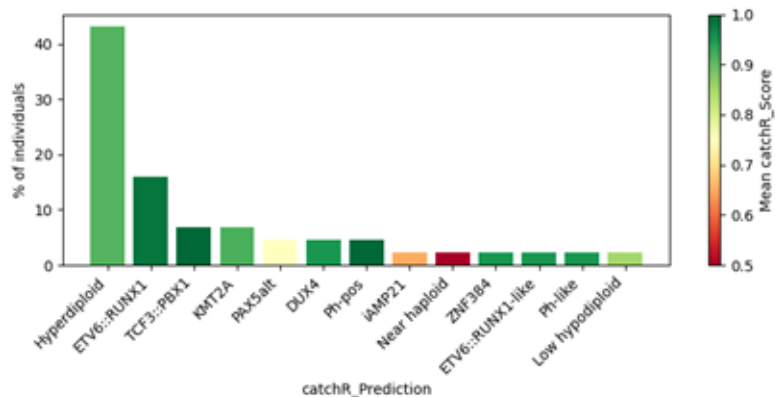
Sarah Tettamanti



TRANSLATIONAL RESEARCH
TRAINING IN HEMATOLOGY



CatchR prediction vs B-cell classifier



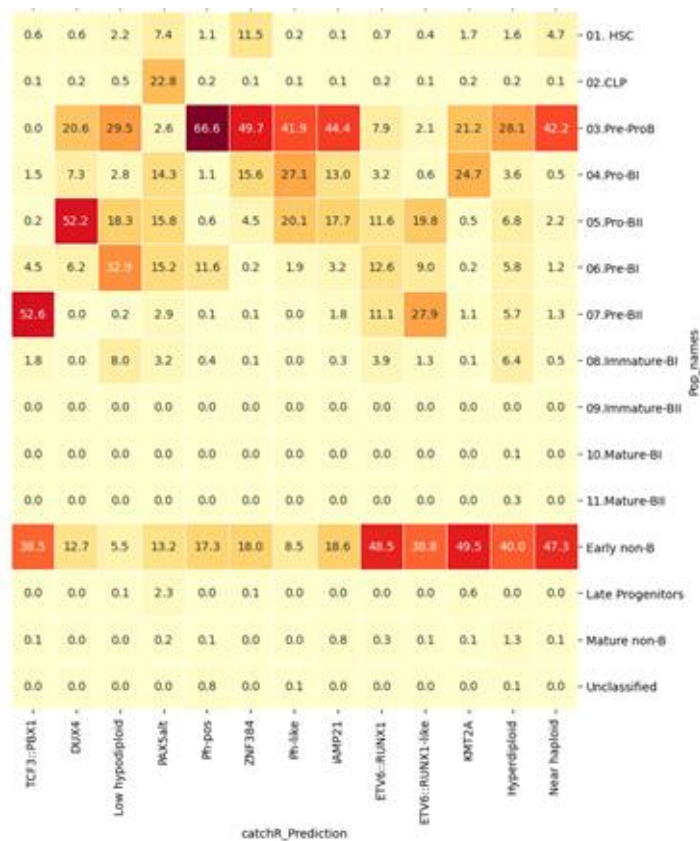
Complete Remission (N = 39)

Relapsed (N = 12)



ALL-CatchR predictions

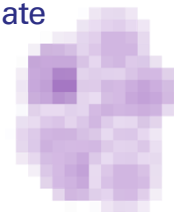
- DUX4
- ETV6::RUNX1
- ETV6::RUNX1-like
- Hyperdiploid
- iAMP21
- KMT2A
- Low hypodiploid
- Near haploid
- PAX5alt
- Ph-like
- Ph-pos
- TCF3::PBX1
- ZNF384



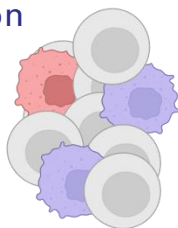
Identify relapse-associated cells across patients using machine learning

THE APPROACH > ML projects high-dimensional single-cell profiles from multiple patients into a common embedding to reveal FEATURES that separate relapse-associated states.

Population-level
aggregate

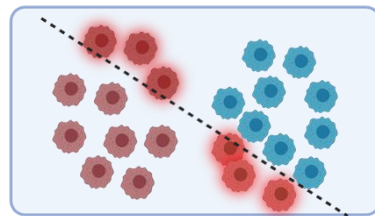
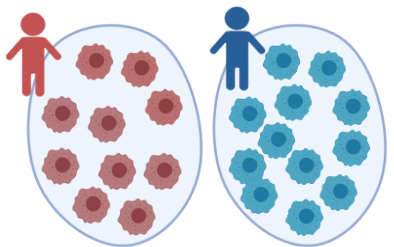


Single-cell
resolution



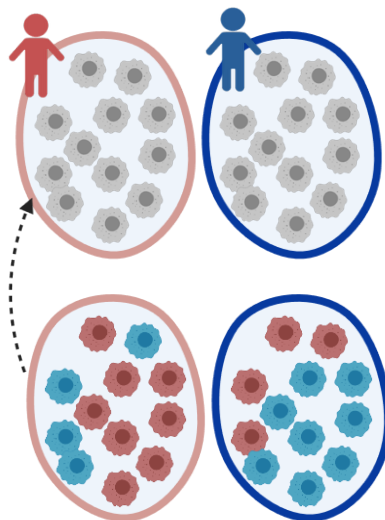
SEMI-SUPERVISED

Ground truth: assumed labels
based on the training



MULTI-INSTANCE LEARNING (MIL)

Ground truth: clinical outcome



Only patient labels are known.
The model iteratively
learns single-cell labels

OUTPUT > single cell predictions that we compare to the clinical outcome