

LEUKEMIA2022

Rome, Hotel NH Collection - Vittorio Veneto

May 5-6, 2022

AIL President: G. Toro
Coordinators: A.M. Carella, S. Amadori



From biology to therapy: progress in acute promyelocytic leukemia

Maria Teresa Voso
Universita' di Roma Tor Vergata

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF:



SIE - Società Italiana di Ematologia

Disclosures

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Astellas					x		
Jazz			x		x	x	
Abbvie					x		
Novartis	x				x		

Outline

- ❖ Biology and targeted therapy
- ❖ Long-term results of ATRA/ATO protocols
- ❖ Oral ATO
- ❖ ATO-resistance
- ❖ Therapy-related APL
- ❖ APL-like AMLs

Milestones in APL biology

1973

Response to anthracyclines

J Bernard

1977

t(15;17)
Identification
JK Rowley

1988

Differentiation
with retinoids
Z-Y Wang

1990

t(15;17) cloning
*A Dejean,
F Lo-Coco,
PG Pelicci*

1992

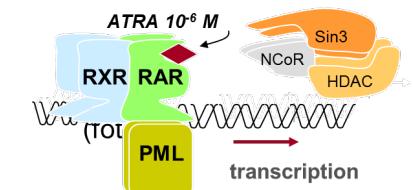
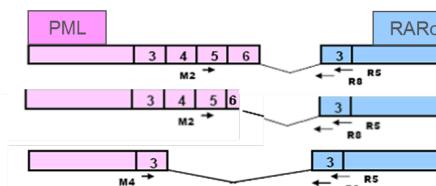
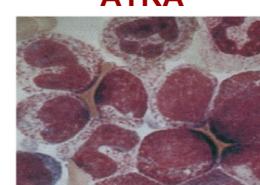
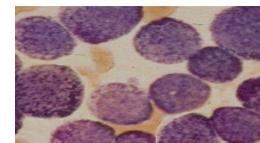
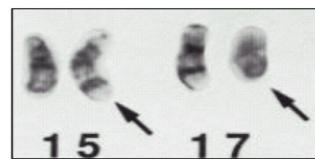
Monitoring MRD
*WH Miller,
F Lo Coco*

1998

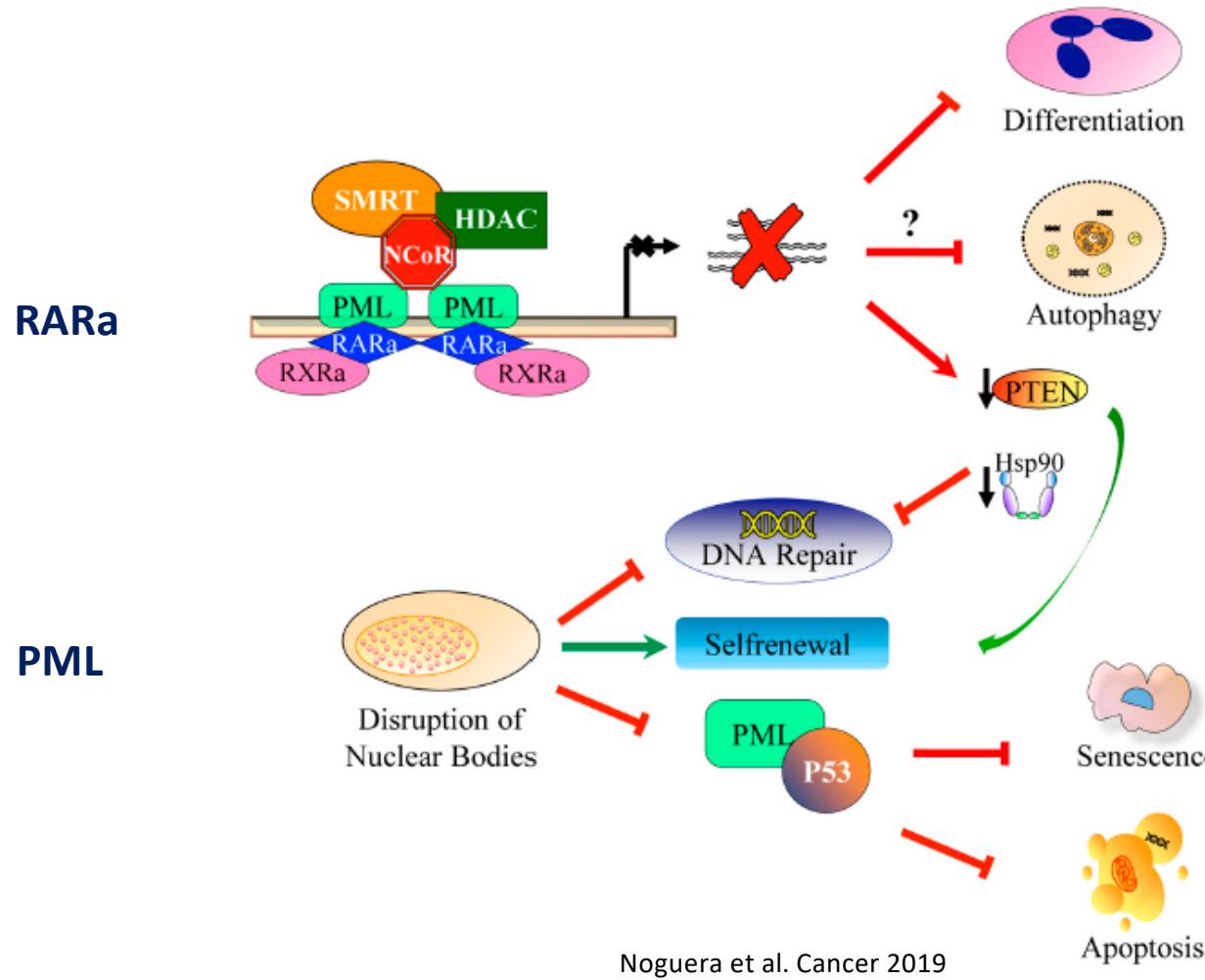
Effects of PML/RAR α on transcription
*PG Pelicci,
F Lo Coco
PP Pandolfi*

BLOOD *The Journal of Hematology*
VOL. XLI, NO. 4 APRIL 1973

Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia: Results of Treatment by Daunorubicin
By Jean Bernard, Marie Weil, Michel Boiron, Claude Jacqillat, Georges Flandrin, and Marie-François Gémot

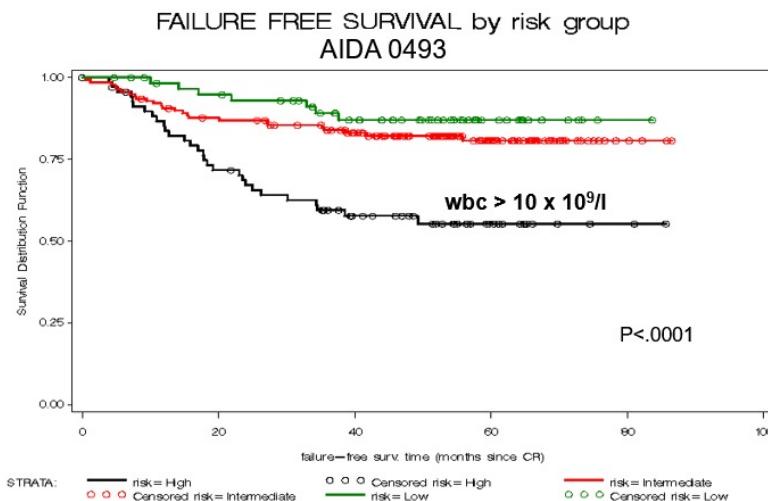


Pathogenesis of APL

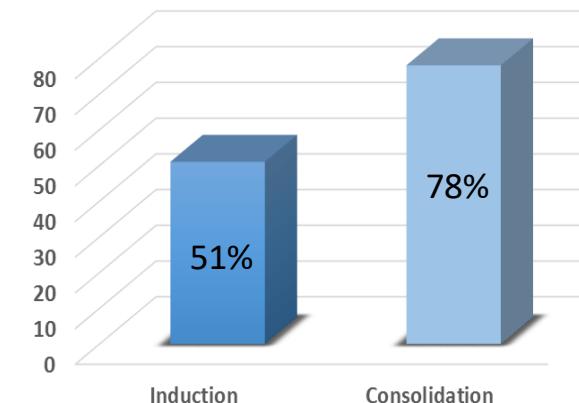


Milestones in APL treatment

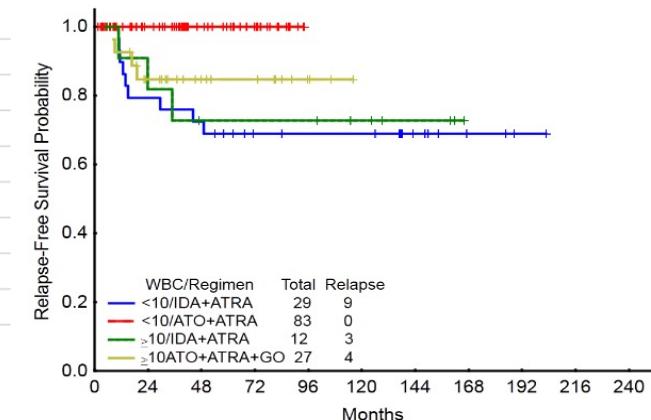
GIMEMA/PETHEMA risk categories



ATRA/ATO at relapse: molecular responses

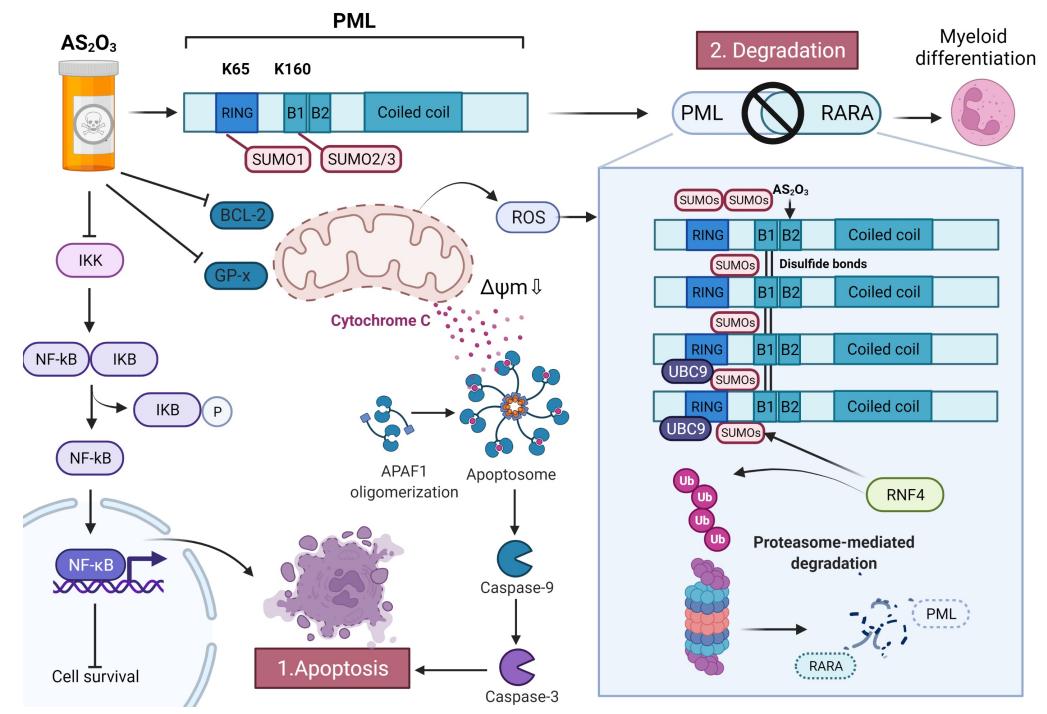
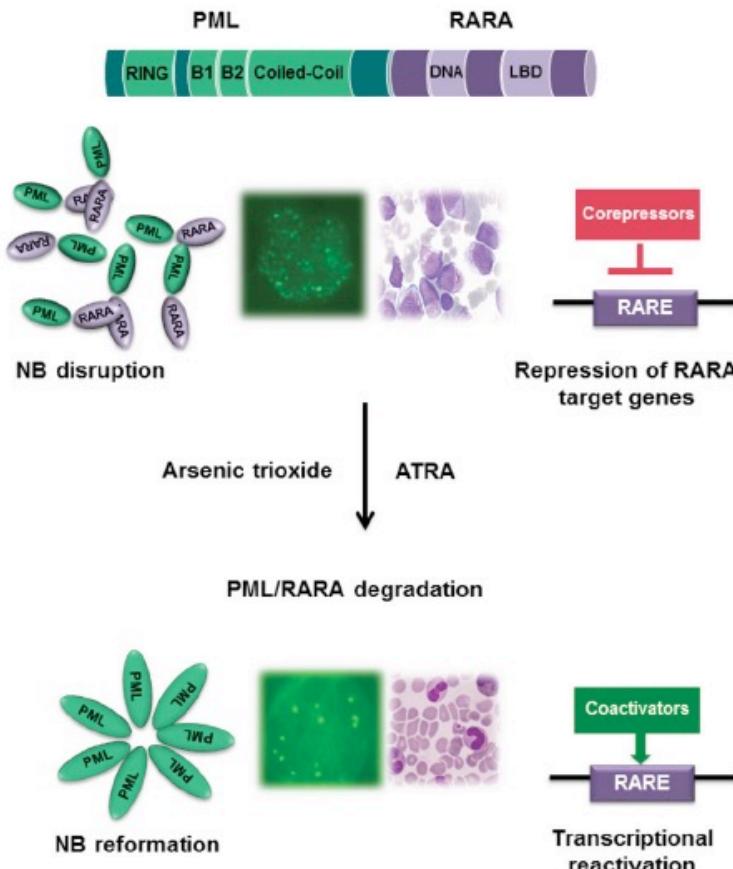


ATRA/ATO first-line: RFS



Sanz et al, Blood 2000
Raffoux et al, JCO 2002
Estey et al, Blood 2006

Activities of ATRA/ATO in APL

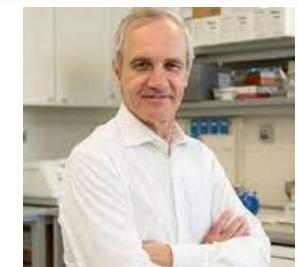


Courtesy of C. Gurnari

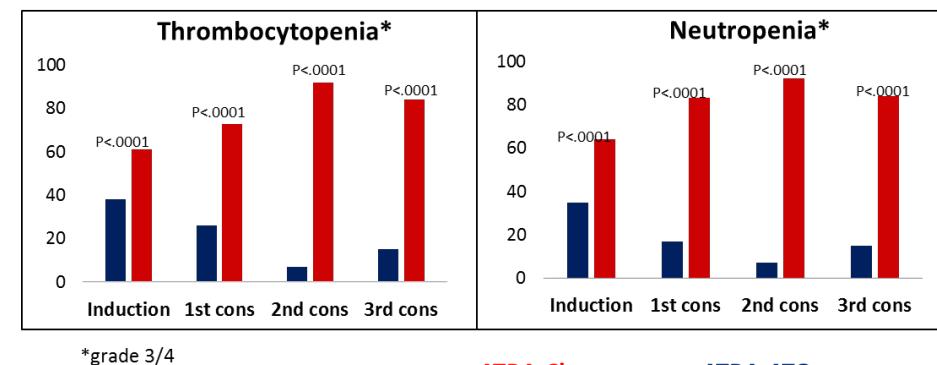
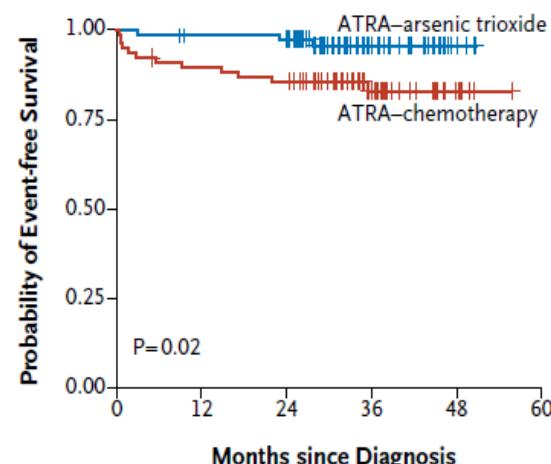
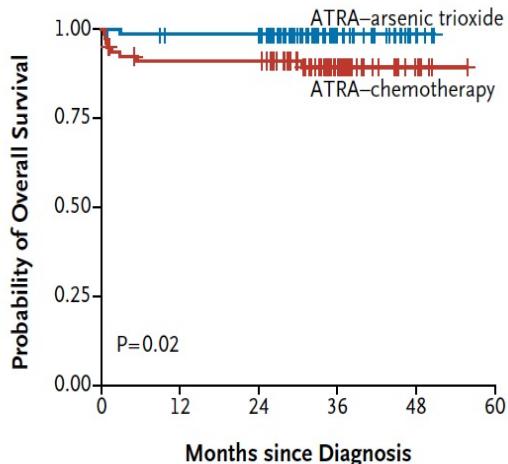
n=156 pts, yy 2007-2012

Retinoic Acid and Arsenic Trioxide
for Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia

F. Lo-Coco, G. Avvisati, M. Vignetti, C. Thiede, S.M. Orlando, S. Iacobelli, F. Ferrara, P. Fazi, L. Cicconi, E. Di Bona, G. Specchia, S. Sica, M. Divona, A. Levis, W. Fiedler, E. Cerqui, M. Breccia, G. Fioritoni, H.R. Salih, M. Cazzola, L. Melillo, A.M. Carella, C.H. Brandts, E. Morra, M. von Lilienfeld-Toal, B. Hertenstein, M. Wattad, M. Lübbert, M. Hänel, N. Schmitz, H. Link, M.G. Kropp, A. Rambaldi, G. La Nasa, M. Luppi, F. Ciceri, O. Finizio, A. Venditti, F. Fabbiano, K. Döhner, M. Sauer, A. Ganser, S. Amadori, F. Mandelli, H. Döhner, G. Ehninger, R.F. Schlenk, and U. Platzbecker for Gruppo Italiano Malattie Ematologiche dell'Adulto, the German-Austrian Acute Myeloid Leukemia Study Group, and Study Alliance Leukemia



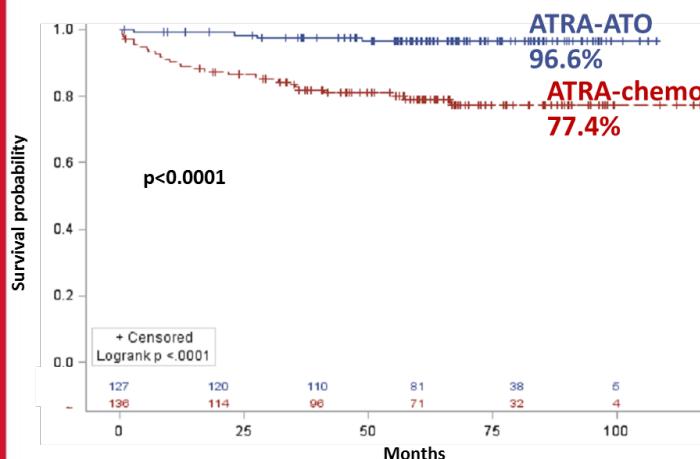
APL0406 : prospective, randomized, multicenter, open-label, phase III, noninferiority trial.



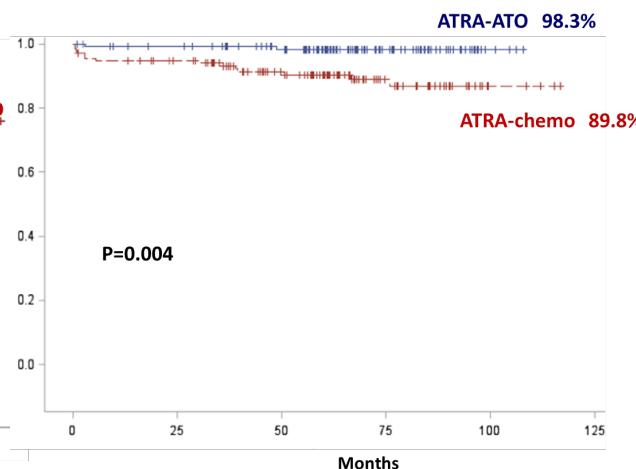
	Leukocytosis	5-10%	40%
	AST/ALT elevation	5%	40%
	QTc prolongation	-	10%

NCCN 2015 Recommendations:
ATRA+ATO as first line therapy for low to intermediate risk APL

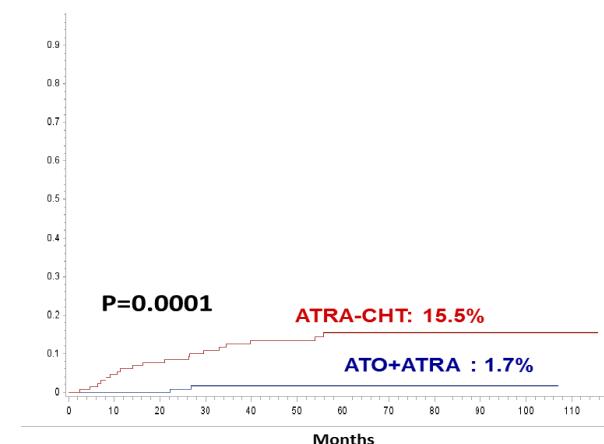
Event-free survival



Overall survival



Cumulative incidence of relapse



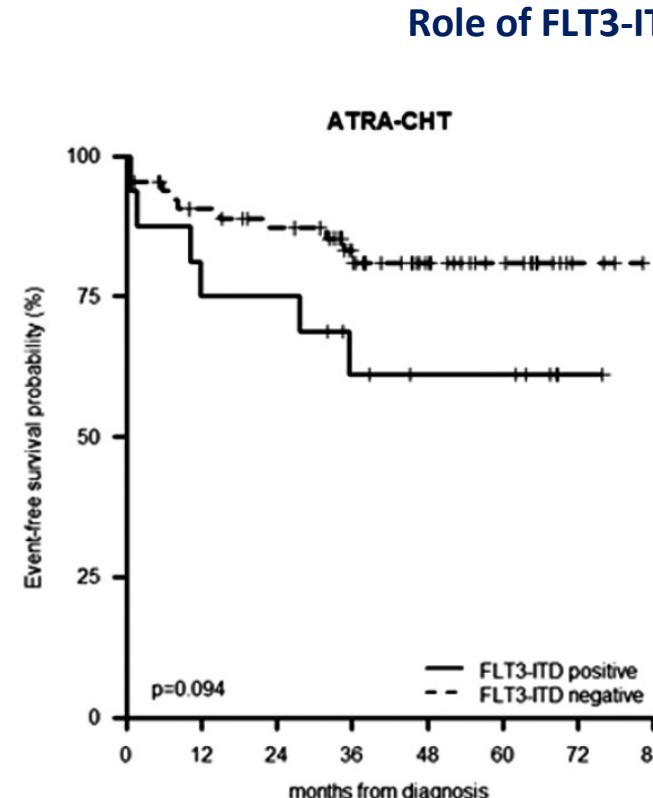
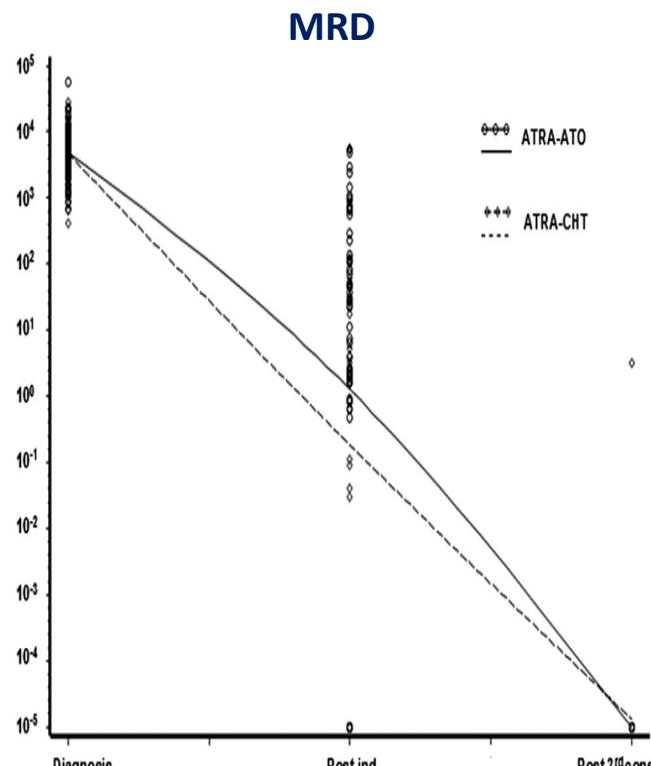
Fatal events

Pt	Age	Arm	Disease phase	Time to event (m)	Cause of death
1	61	ATRA-Chemo	Induction	0.5	ARDS
2	26	ATRA-Chemo	Induction	0.6	Cardiovascular accident
3	46	ATRA-Chemo	Induction	0.4	Ischemic stroke
4	51	ATRA-Chemo	Induction	0.9	Differentiation syndrome
5	55	ATRA-Chemo	CR	2.9	Hemorrhagic shock
6	67	ATRA-Chemo	CR	5.4	Pneumonia
7	69	ATRA-Chemo	CR	2.8	Pulmonary embolism
8	62	ATRA-Chemo	CR	66.6	t-AML
9	60	ATRA-Chemo	CR	36.1	t-MDS evolved in AML
10	29	ATRA-Chemo	Relapse	7.3	Progressive disease
11	43	ATRA-Chemo	Relapse	34.7	Progressive disease
12	52	ATRA-Chemo	Relapse	55.1	Transplant related death
13	49	ATRA-Chemo	Relapse	9.1	Progressive disease
14	52	ATRA-ATO	CR	2.8	Pneumonia (H1N1)
15	64	ATRA-ATO	CR	48.8	Colon cancer

✓ Improved short and long-term **patient-reported outcomes and HR-QOL** with ATRA/ATO vs ATRA/chemotherapy

Platzbecker et al, J Clin Oncol 2017
 Cicconi et al, Leukemia 2019
 Efficace et al, J Clin Oncol 2014 and
 Blood Adv 2021

APL0406: Molecular studies

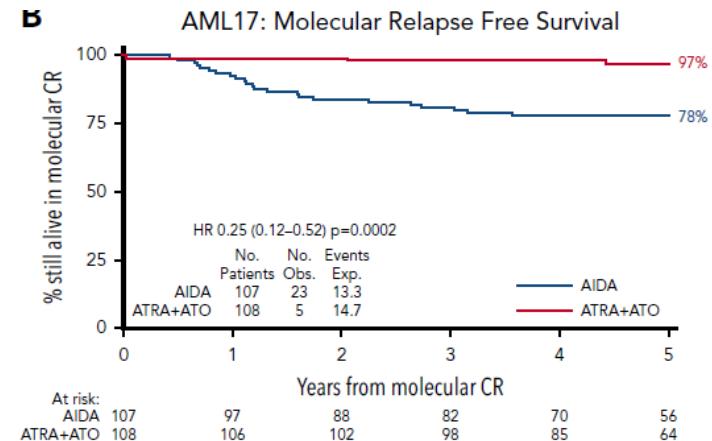
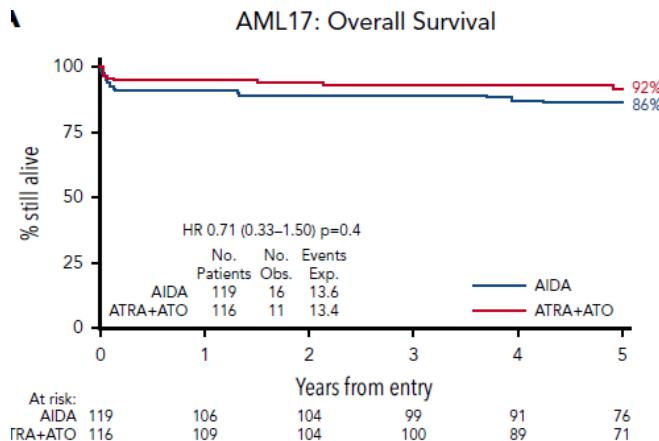


Cicconi L, Divona M *et al*, Leukemia 2016

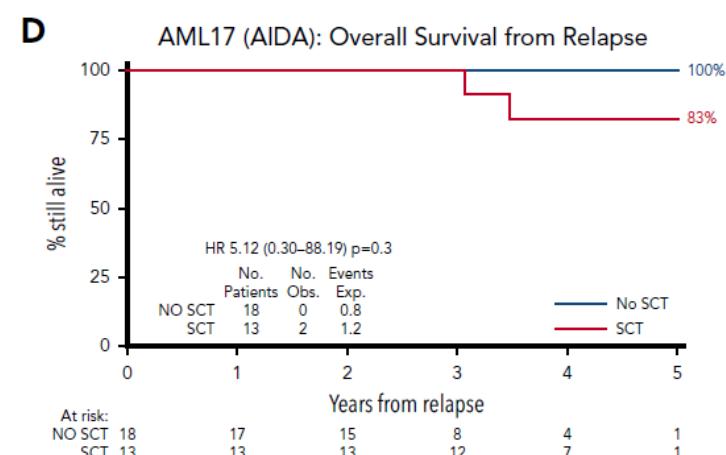
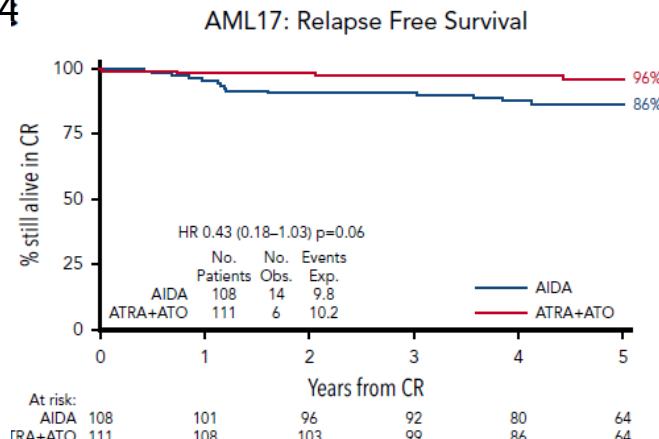
AML17 trial, AIDA vs ATRA/ATO

Follow-up at 5 years

ATO 0.3 mg/kg day 1-5,
 0.25 mg/kg 2x/w on w 2-8 of cy 1,
 + 3 consolidations



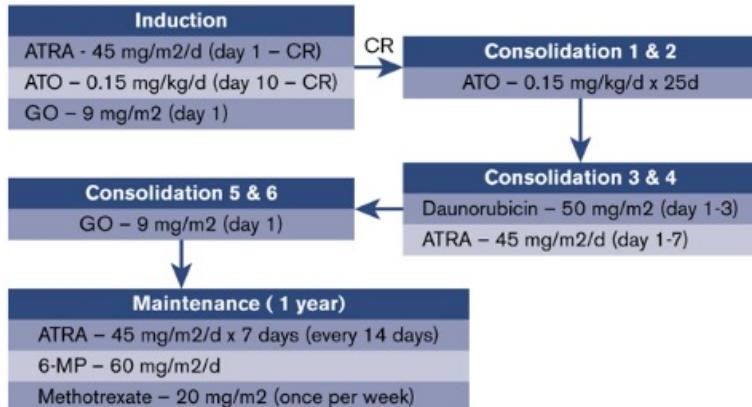
High-risk APL: GO 6 mg/sqm on d 1-4



Burnett et al, Lancet Oncol 2015
 Russell et al, Blood 2018

High-risk APL (SWOG0535)

A phase 2 study of ATRA, arsenic trioxide, and gemtuzumab ozogamicin in patients with high-risk APL (SWOG 0535)



Primary end points:
 - 3-year EFS
 - early (6-week) death rates

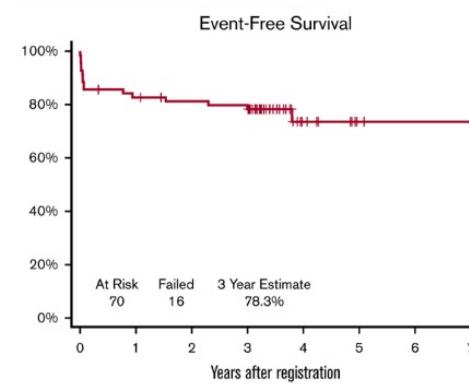
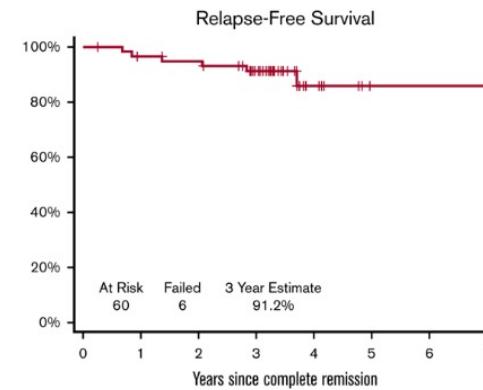
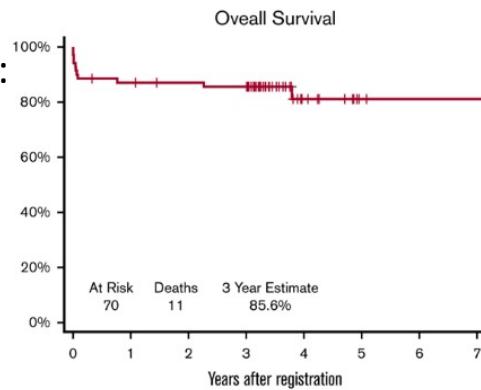
n=70 patients enrolled,
 60 achieved CR (86%)

RA-differentiation syndrome:
 6 pts (9%), only 1 Grade 3-4
 All during induction phase

Of 8 deaths by 6-weeks,
 3 were for hemorrhage,
 2 infections, 1 hepatic failure,
 2 unknown.

Median follow-up:
 3.4 years

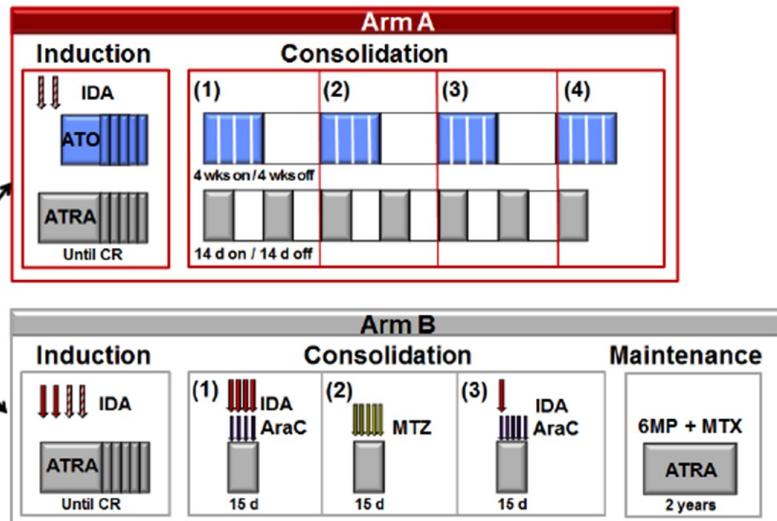
At 3 yrs:
 OS: 86%
 EFS: 78%



JE Lancet et al, Blood Adv. 2020

What's next?

High-risk APL: APOLLO Trial



Ongoing
EoE: July 2022

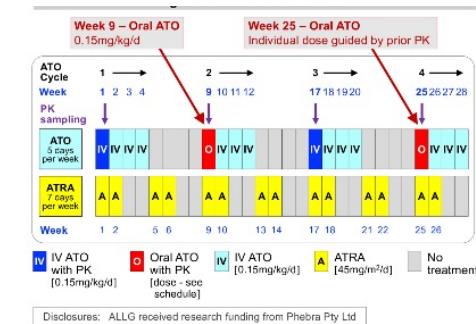
Zhu et al, J Clin Oncol 2013
Gill et al, Cancer 2019
Illand et al, EHA 2019

Oral Arsenic formulations

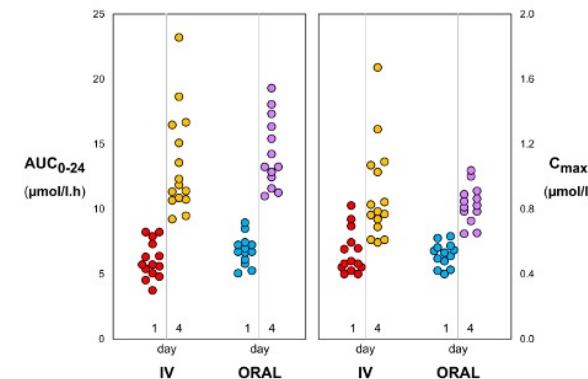
- ✓ Liquid oral As_2O_3 (Hong-Kong, Au et al, 2003)
- ✓ RIF: Realgar natural mixture containing tetra arsenic tetra sulfide (As_4S_4 pills, China, Zhu et al, 2013)
- ✓ ATO oral powder capsules, ORH-2014



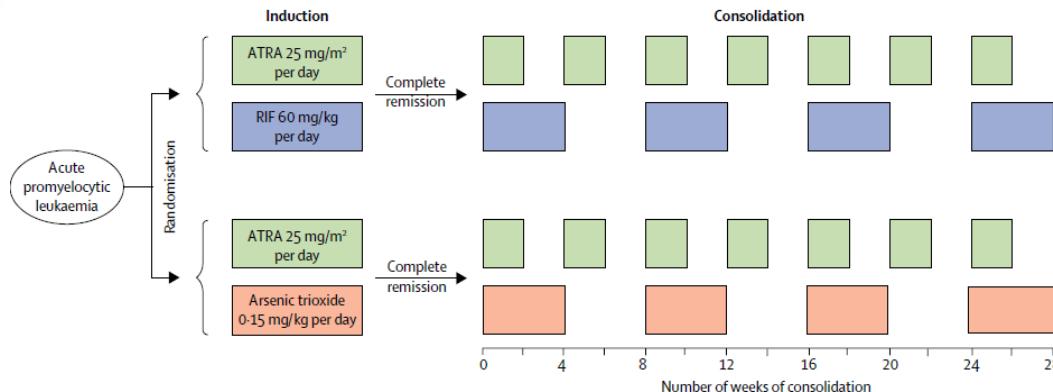
n=31 pts, ATO powder
with APL at DG



Whole blood PK parameters: IV (cycles 1 & 3) vs ORAL (cycles 2 & 4)

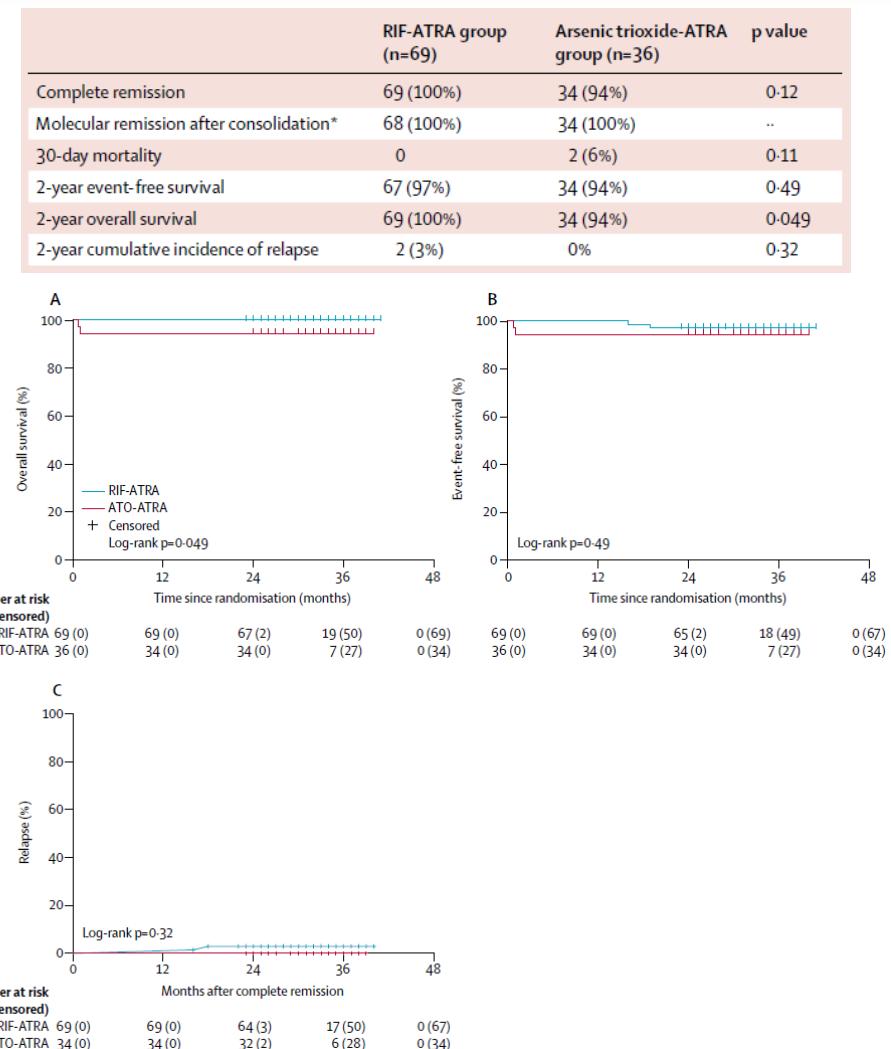


ATRA/RIF vs ATRA/ATO in Std risk APL

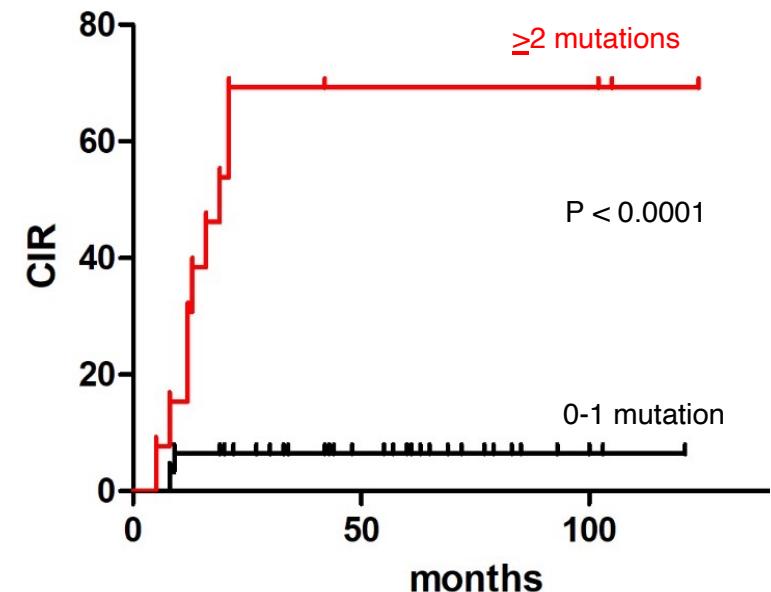
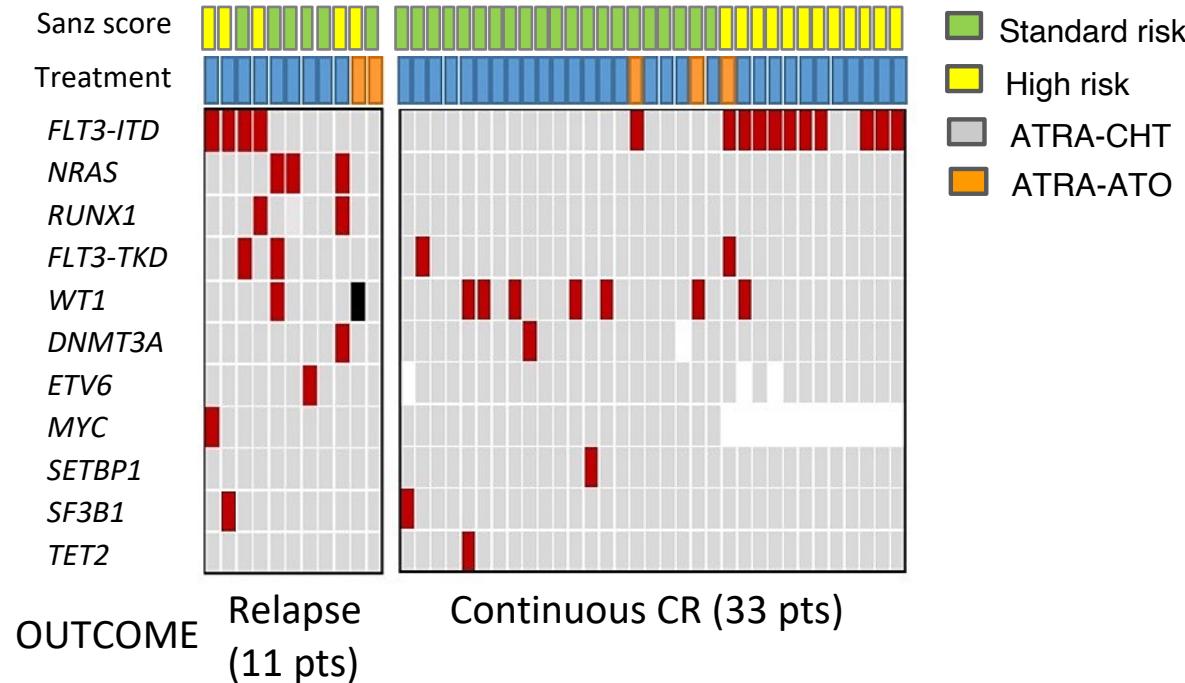


	RIF-ATRA group (n=69)			Arsenic trioxide-ATRA group (n=36)		
	Grades 1-2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grades 1-2	Grade 3	Grade 4
Nausea	14/66 (21%)	0	0	8/36 (22%)	1/36 (3%)	0
Vomiting	8/66 (12%)	0	0	3/36 (8%)	0	0
Diarrhoea	6/66 (9%)	0	0	2/36 (6%)	0	0
Mucositis	6/66 (9%)	0	0	5/36 (14%)	1/36 (3%)	0
Thrombosis or embolism	3/66 (5%)	0	0	0	0	0
Haemorrhage	22/66 (33%)	1/66 (2%)	1/66 (2%)	9/36 (25%)	2/36 (6%)	1/36 (3%)
Cardiac	4/66 (6%)	1/66 (2%)	0	2/36 (6%)	0	1/36 (3%)
Prolonged QTc interval	8/43 (19%)	0	0	6/31 (19%)	0	0
Infection	27/64 (42%)	14/64 (22%)	1/64 (2%)	12/36 (33%)	14/36 (39%)	1/36 (3%)
Increased liver ALT or AST concentrations	34/69 (49%)	6/69 (9%)	0	23/36 (64%)	4/36 (11%)	1/36 (3%)
Hyperbilirubinaemia	17/66 (26%)	0	0	13/36 (36%)	0	0
Raised creatinine	1/63 (2%)	0	0	0	1/34 (3%)	0
Neutropenia	6/66 (9%)	12/66 (18%)	42/66 (64%)	4/36 (11%)	7/36 (19%)	22/36 (61%)
Anaemia	22/66 (33%)	38/66 (58%)	5/66 (8%)	8/36 (22%)	19/36 (53%)	8/36 (22%)
Thrombocytopenia	5/66 (8%)	10/66 (15%)	45/66 (68%)	3/36 (8%)	9/36 (25%)	23/36 (64%)

Zhu et al, Lancet Oncol 2018



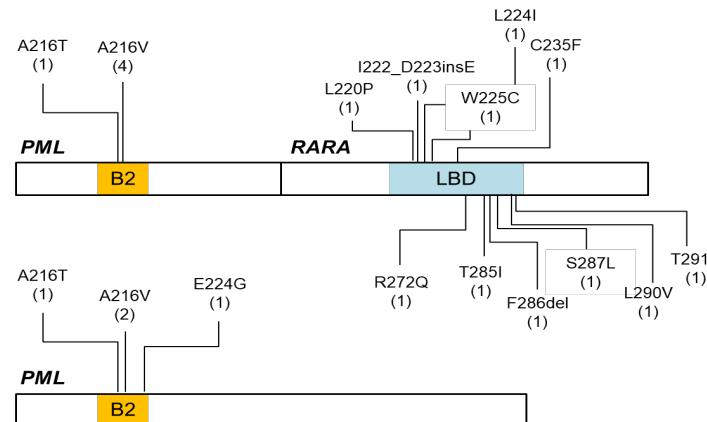
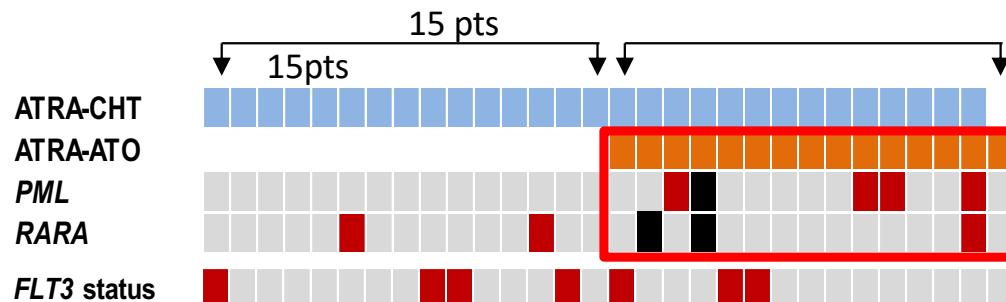
Mutation profile at APL diagnosis



- ❖ A higher number of mutations at diagnosis is associated with an increased risk of relapse

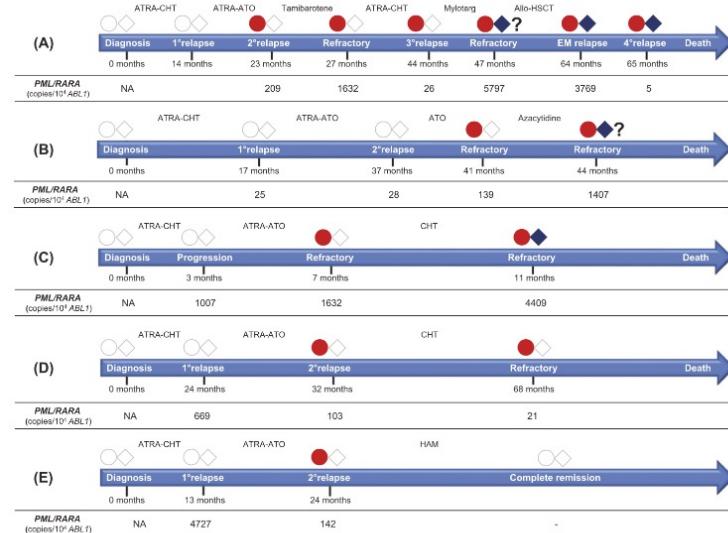
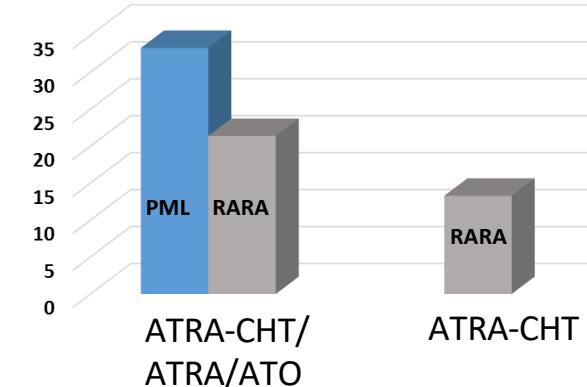
Mutations in *PML* and *RARA* genes at relapse

- Single mutation
- Multiple mutations

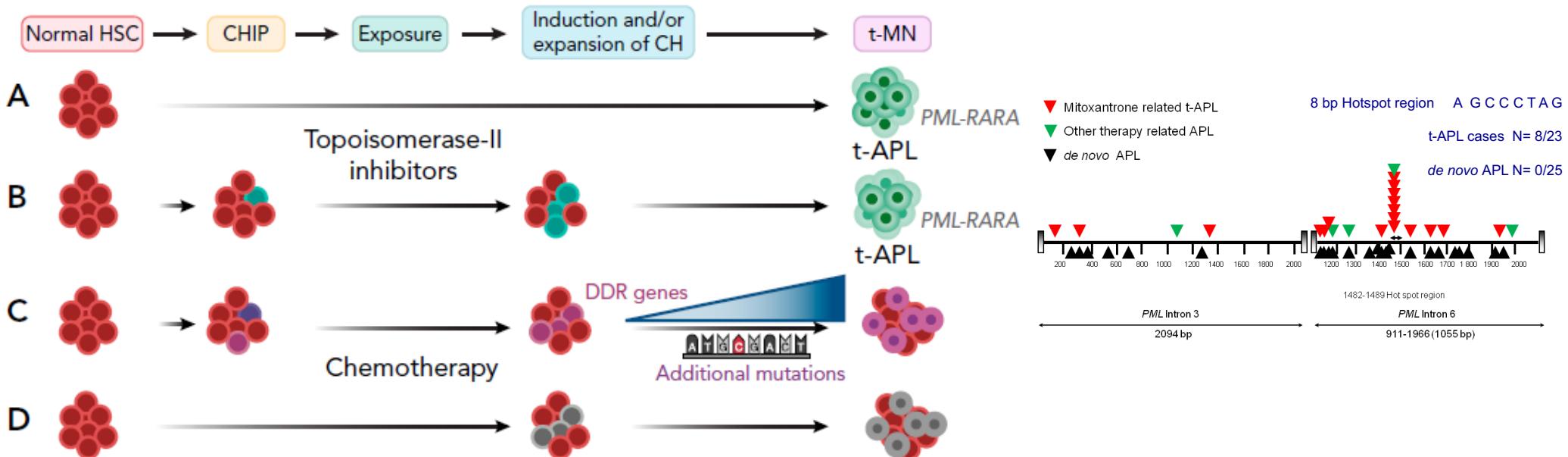


Iaccarino et al, Am J Hematol 2019
 Alfonso et al, Leukemia 2017

% of mutated patients



Therapy-related APL



Hasan et al, Blood 2008
 Dillon et al, Blood 2020

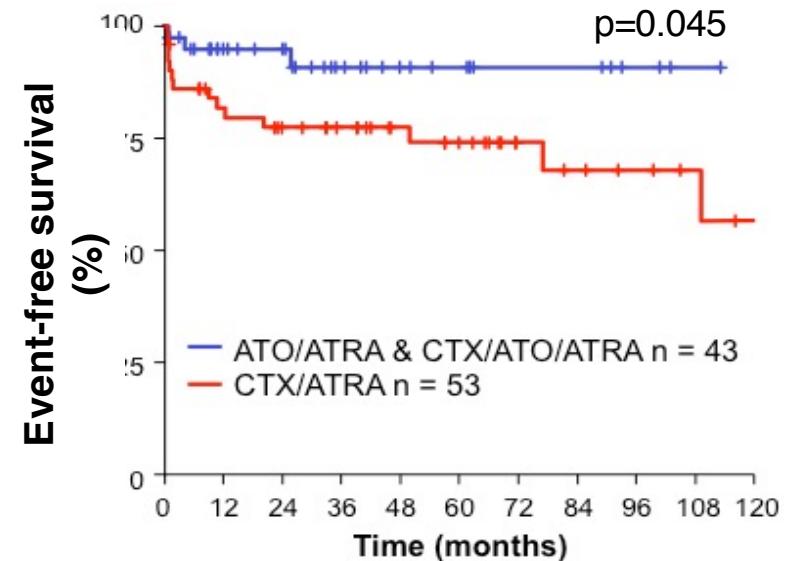
Ottone et al, Am J Hematol 2014
 Voso et al, Blood 2021

Outcome of t-APL

Treatment Response

% (N)	CTX/ATR A n=53	ATO/ATRA n=24	CTX/ATO ATRA n=19	ATRA only n=7
CR	78% (40)	100% (23)	95% (18)	57% (4)
PR	10% (5)	—	—	—
ED	12% (6)	—	5% (1)	43% (3)

Intensively treated patients,
excluding treatment with ATRA only



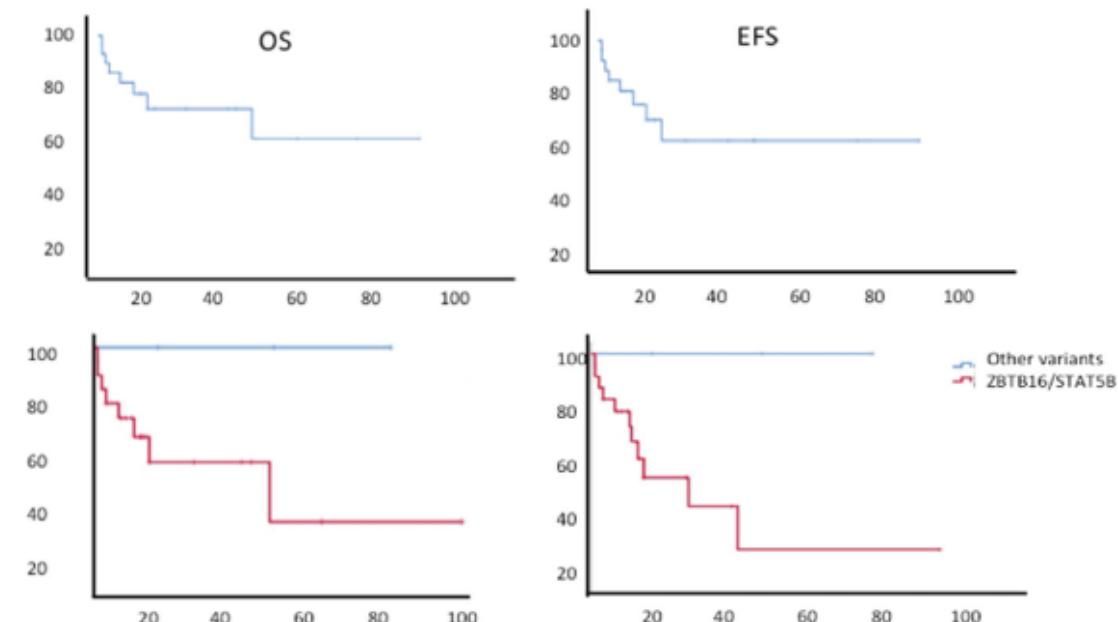
- ❖ t-APL display outcomes similar to dn-APL when standard treatment is feasible.

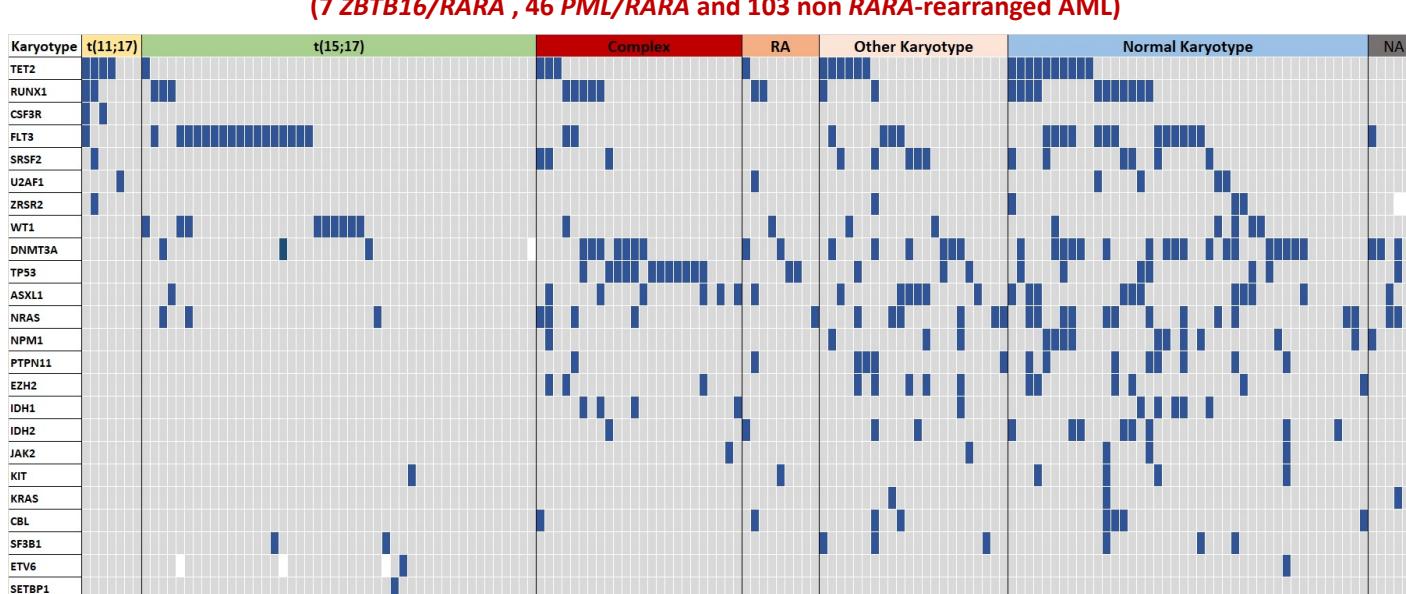
Kayser et al, Leukemia 2017

Atypical APL

- ✓ 18 ZBTB16-RARA (RT-PCR)
- ✓ 3 STAT5B-RARA (RT-PCR)
- ✓ 1 each PRKAR1A-RARA, NuMA-RARA, FIP1L1-RARA (FISH)

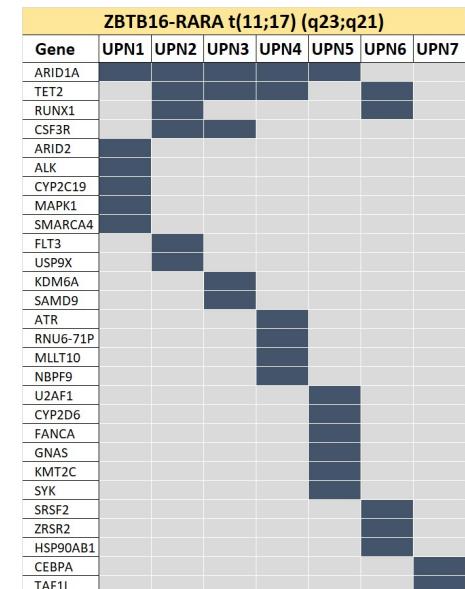
	RARA variants	APL	p value
Age, years (range)	47 (2-83)	51.5 (14-82)	0.2
Sex F/M	5/19	15/23	0.1
Morphology M3/M3v	23/1	33/5	0.5
WBC, $\times 10^9/L$ (range)	$11.5 \times 10^9/L$	$1.58 \times 10^9/L$	0.04
Platelets, $\times 10^9/L$ (range)	$75.5 \times 10^9/L$	$25.5 \times 10^9/L$	0.0009
Fibrinogen, mg/dL (range)	176 (60-675)	121 (62-237)	0.007
FLT3-ITD (POS/NEG)		5/8	
Early death	2/24	5/38	0.6
Outcome of induction (CR)	16/24	33/38	0.1
EFS, 24 months/48 months, %	54.1/34	70.3/62.9	0.2
OS, 24 months/48 months, %	72/60	86.7/82.9	0.07



Atypical APL: mutational profile of *ZBTB16/RARA* AML

	n	Mutations (≥ 1 gene)	Mean mut/pt	p	Most frequently ^{mut} -genes
AML	103	94.17%	2.86 ± 2.03	<0.0001	<i>DNMT3A</i> (35%), <i>NRAS</i> , <i>ASXL1</i> (25% for both), <i>TP53</i> (23%)
APL	46	69.6%	0.89 ± 0.77		<i>FLT3</i> (37%), <i>WT1</i> (20%)
<i>ZBTB16/RARA</i>	7	71.4%	1.71 ± 1.7		<i>TET2</i> (57%), <i>RUNX1</i> & <i>CSF3R2</i> , (28.6%)

Chromatin remodeling complex



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AIL President: P. Toro
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«Francesco Lo-Coco»



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TOR VERGATA

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Enrico Attardi
Luca Guarnera
Carmelo Gurnari
Arianna Savi



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HARMONY

fondazione GIMEMA onlus

per la promozione e lo sviluppo della ricerca scientifica
sulle malattie ematologiche. **FRANCO MANDELLI**



Network tra laboratori
di biologia molecolare



Network tra laboratori
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PER LA RICERCA SUL CANCRO

Students, patients and families