

# LEUKEMIA2022

Rome, Hotel NH Collection - Vittorio Veneto

May 5-6, 2022

AIL President: G. Toro  
Coordinators: A.M. Carella, S. Amadori



UNDER THE AUSPICES OF:



SIE - Società Italiana di Ematologia

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**University of Bologna**  
**Department of Biomedical and Neuromotor Sciences**  
**Section of Human Anatomy**  
**Cellular Signalling Laboratory**

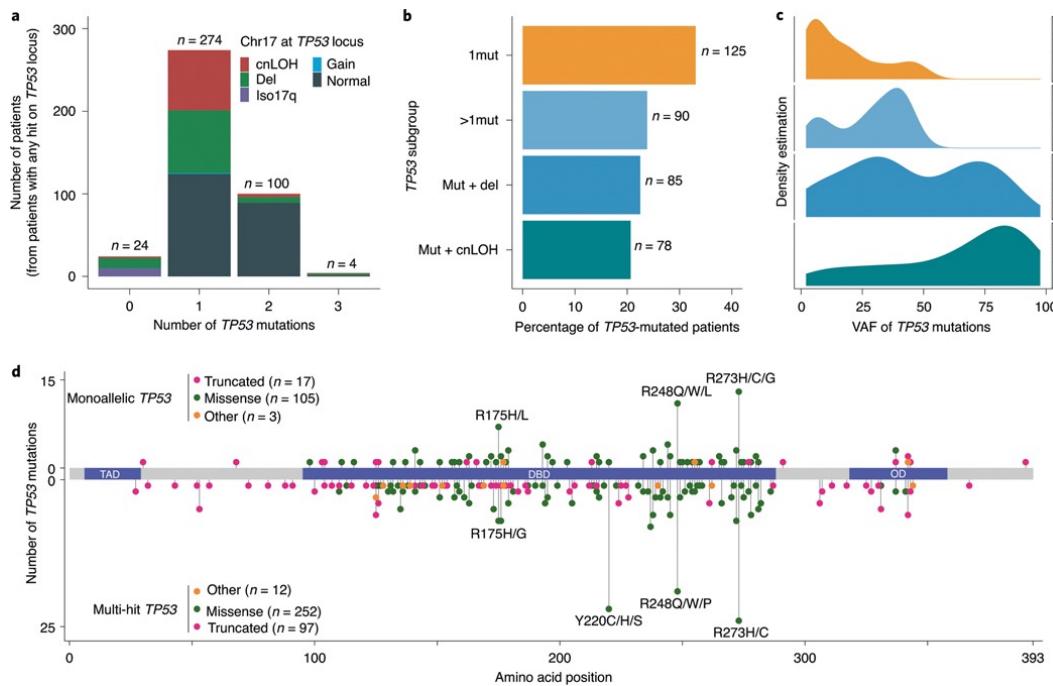
# **RECENT ADVANCES IN SOMATIC MUTATIONS AND ALTERED SIGNALING IN MDS CELL**

**Matilde Y. Follo, PhD**

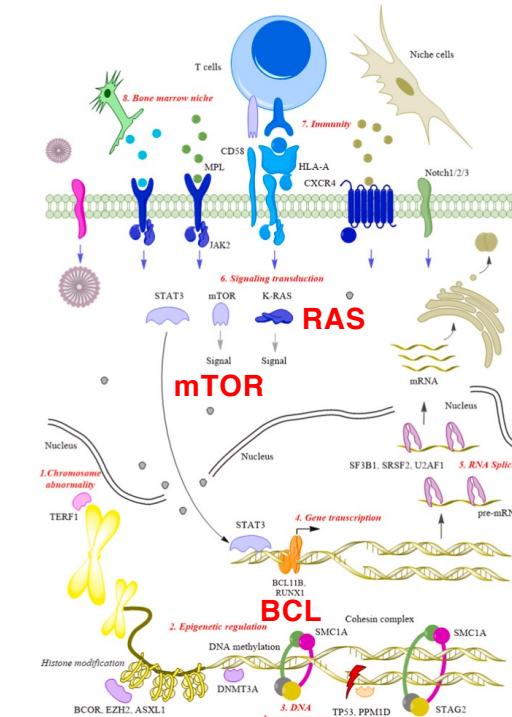
## Conflict of interest disclosure

- There are no relationships to disclose

## Somatic Mutations and Signalling



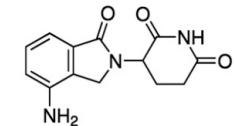
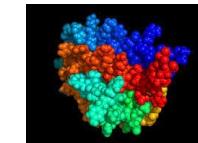
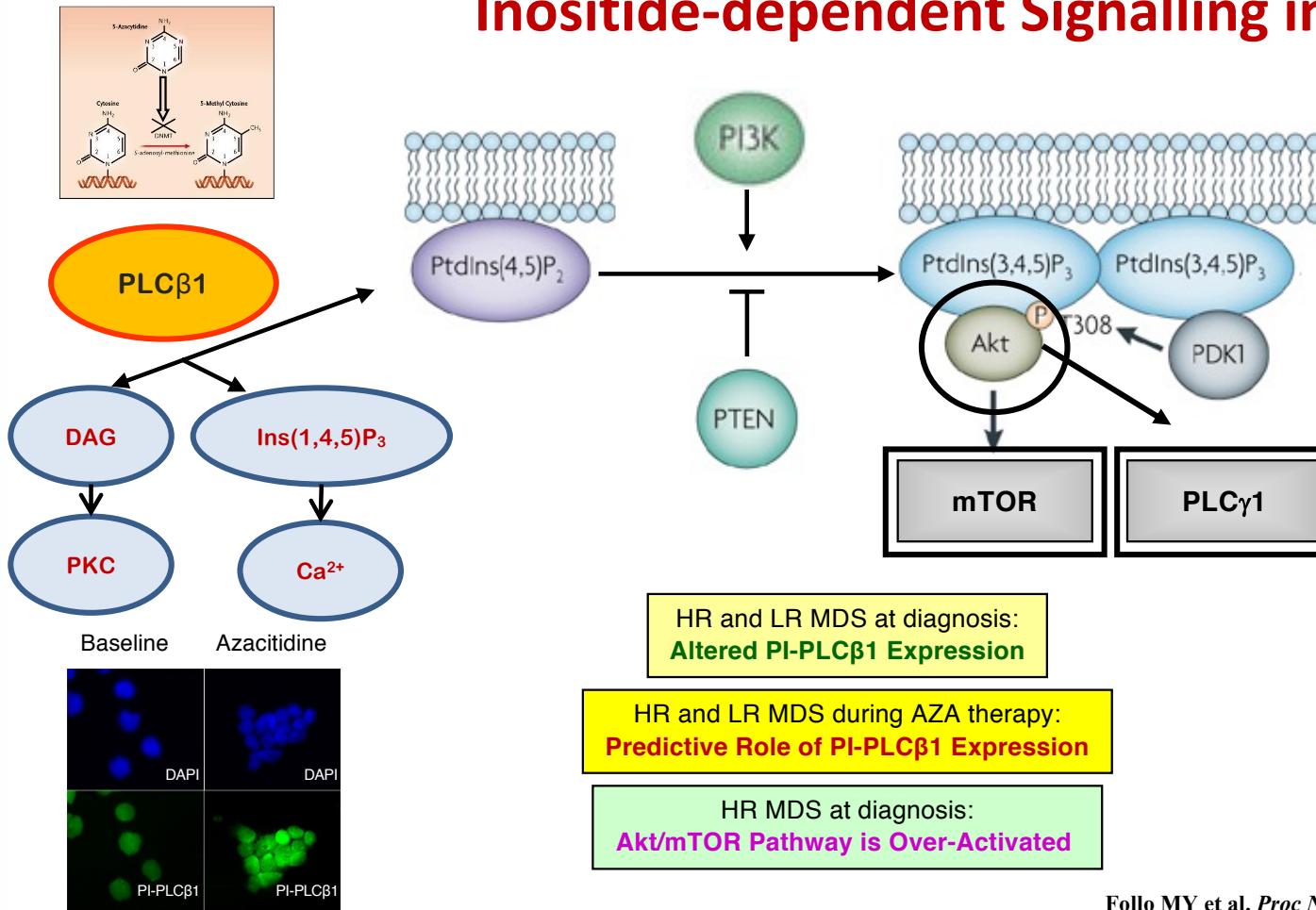
**TP53 multi-hit state: TP53 allelic state is critical for diagnostic and prognostic precision in MDS**



**Molecular mechanisms of clonal hematopoiesis involving signalling pathways**

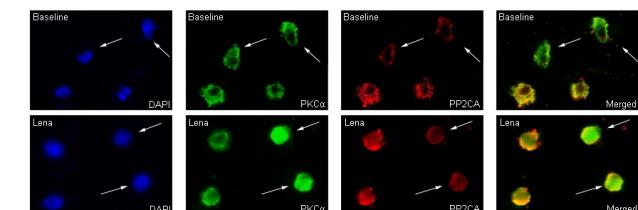
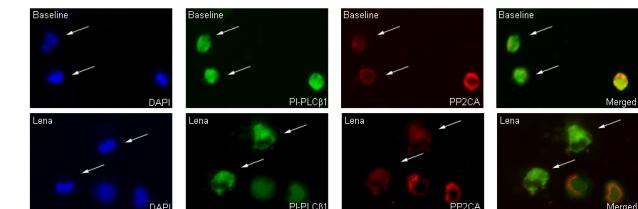
Bernard, E., ... Papaemmanuil, E. *Nature Medicine*. 2020; 26(10), 1549–1556;  
 Ye B, et al. *Cancer Lett*. 2022 Apr 23;538:215691

## Inositide-dependent Signalling in MDS



LR MDS responding to EPO:  
**Akt/PLCγ1 Pathway is Over-Activated**

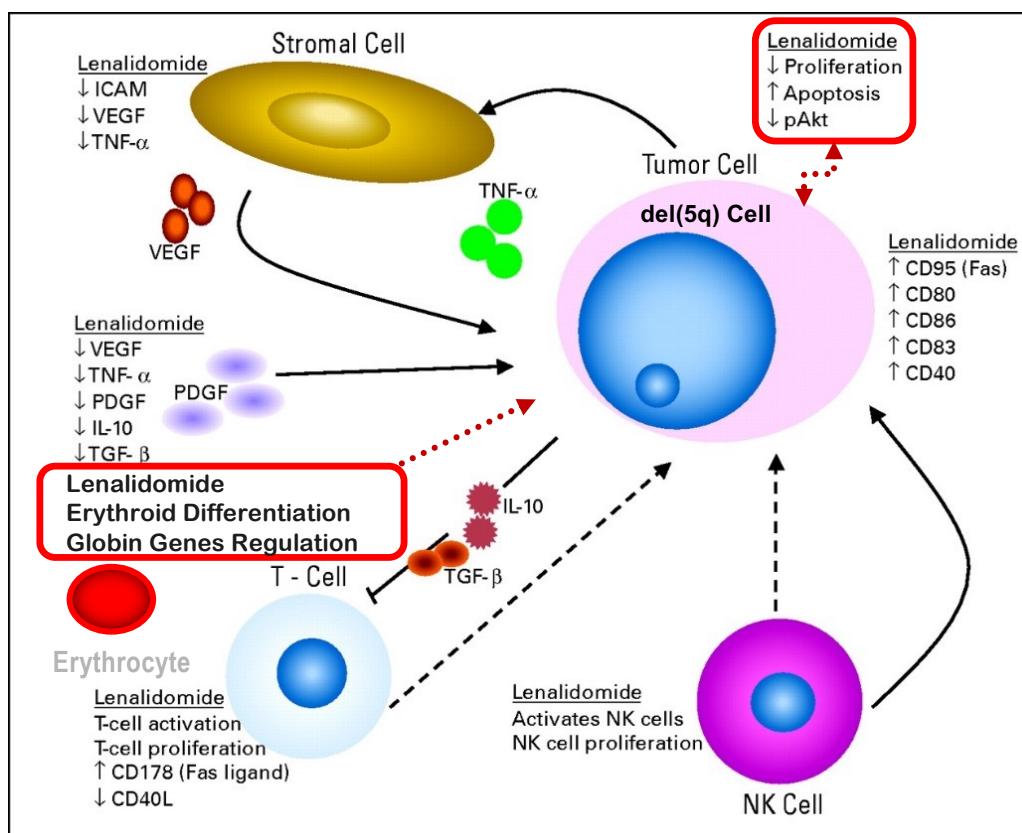
LR MDS responding to Lenalidomide:  
**Nuclear translocation of PKCα**



Follo MY et al. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A.* 2009 Sep 29;106(39):16811-6;

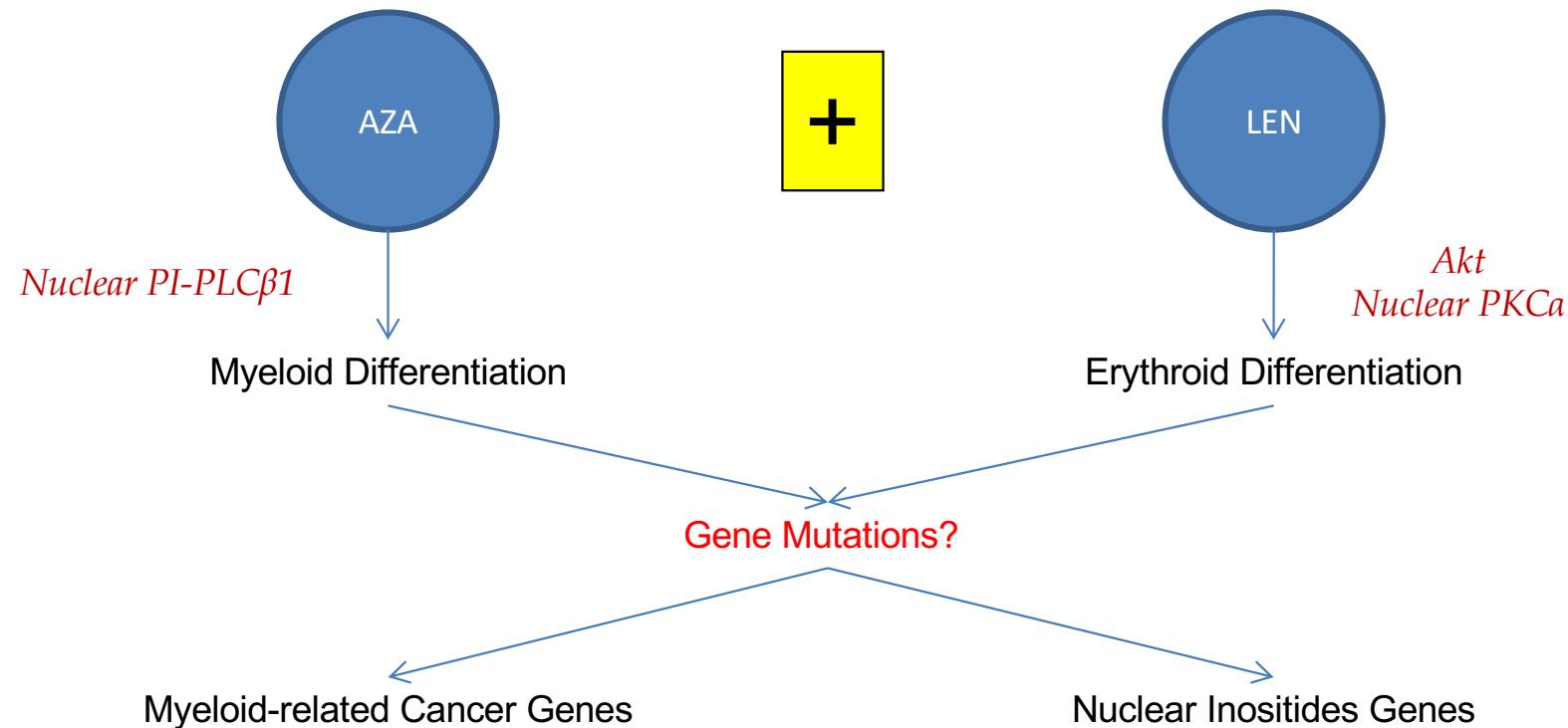
Follo MY et al. *Leukemia.* 2012 Dec;26(12):2474-82; Poli A et al. *FASEB J.* 2018 Feb;32(2):681-692

## Lenalidomide Induces Nuclear PKC $\alpha$ Translocation in MDS Responder Patients

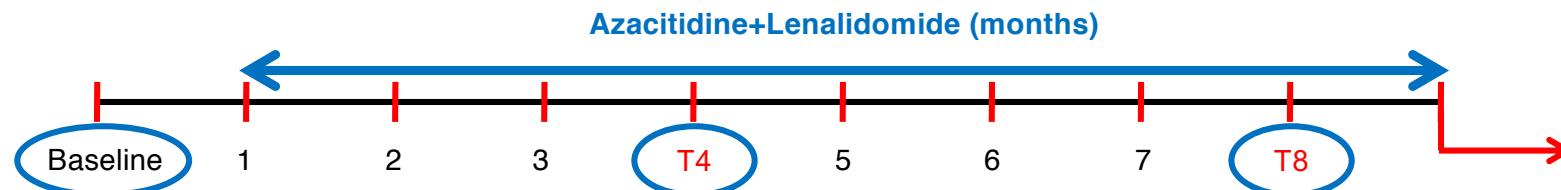


Modified from Chanan-Khan AA, et al. *J Clin Oncol*. 2008;26:1544-52; Poli A et al. *FASEB J*. 2018:681-692

## Aim of the Study



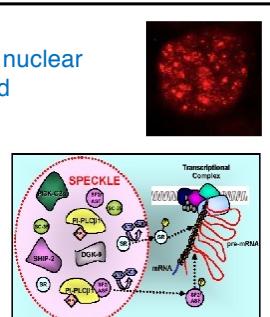
## Patients' Characteristics



	Clinical Analysis	Molecular Analysis
No. Patients	44	30
No. Patients Evaluable for Response ( $\geq 6$ cycles)	34	30
No. Patients Evaluable for Molecular Analysis	30	30
Male/Female	27/17	20/10
Median Age (Range Years)	72 (48-83)	72.5 (48-83)
WHO Classification (No. cases)	RAEB-1 (11); RAEB-2 (30); RCMD/RCMD-RS (3)	RAEB-1 (8); RAEB-2 (19); RCMD/RCMD-RS (3)
Treatment	- Azacitidine 75 mg/m <sup>2</sup> days 1-7 - Lenalidomide 10mg days 1-21	- Azacitidine 75 mg/m <sup>2</sup> days 1-7 - Lenalidomide 10mg days 1-21
No. Median Cycles of Treatment (Range)	8.5 (1-41)	19 (8-41)
Type of Response (no. cases)	- <b>Responders:</b> Complete Remission (8), marrow Complete Remission (3), marrow Complete Remission + Hematologic Improvement (6), Partial Remission (1), Hematologic Improvement (8) - <b>Non Responders:</b> Stable Disease (6), Disease Progression (2)	- <b>Responders:</b> Complete Remission (8), marrow Complete Remission (3), marrow Complete Remission + Hematologic Improvement (6), Partial Remission (1), Hematologic Improvement (8) - <b>Non Responders:</b> Stable Disease (4)
Median Duration of Response (Months)	10.5	12



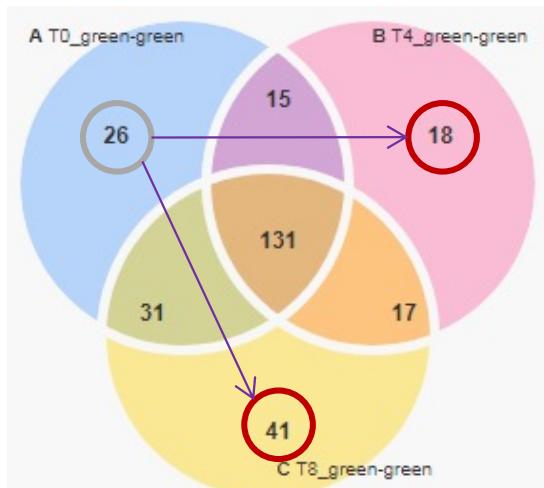
## Number of Acquired Mutations affecting Inositide-Related Genes in MDS Patients during Azacitidine and Lenalidomide Therapy (Illumina)

No. Patients Analyzed	30	Type and Duration of Response (Months)
WHO Classification (No. cases)	RAEB-1 (8); RAEB-2 (19) RCMD/RCMD-RS (3)	
Variant Allele Frequency (VAF): Number of Acquired Mutations during Therapy (No. Cases, Months of Response)	Increased VAF (5)  Decreased VAF (7)	<p>3 Stable Disease</p> <p>2 Response (5 months)</p> <p><b>POSITIVE RESPONSE</b></p> <p>7 Complete/Partial Remission or any Hematologic Improvement (8-24 months)</p>
		<p><i>All MDS with a decreasing VAF showed a positive clinical response to Azacitidine and Lenalidomide Therapy</i></p>
Mutated Myeloid-Related Genes (No. cases, percentage)	ASXL1 (14, 51%) TET2 (11, 37%) RUNX1 (8, 27%)  SRSF2* (5, 17%)  No Mutations (3, 10%)	<p>*SRSF2: aka sc-35, where nuclear PI-PLC<math>\beta</math>1 is localized</p> <p><b>All Patients with SRSF2* Mutations progressed to AML</b></p> <p><b>NO AML</b></p> 

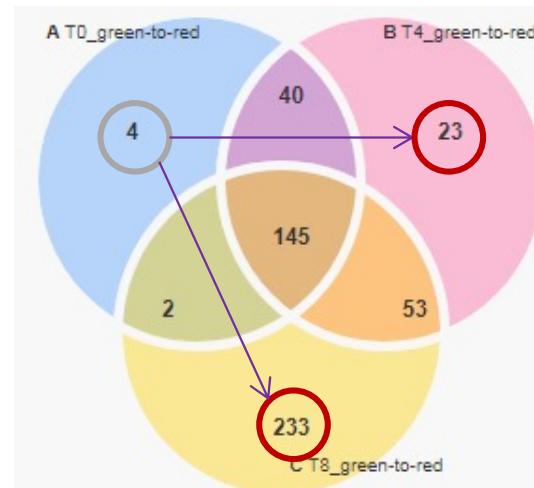
In collaboration with University of Oxford, UK

Follo MY et al. Leukemia. 2019 Sep;33(9):2276-2290

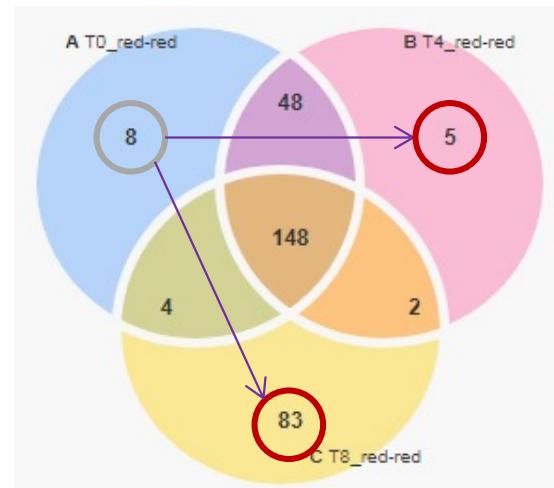
## Number of Acquired Mutations affecting Inositide-Related Genes in MDS Patients during Azacitidine and Lenalidomide Therapy (Ion Torrent)



**Responders** (No. mutated variants)



**Losing Response** (No. mutated variants)



**Never Responding** (No. mutated variants)

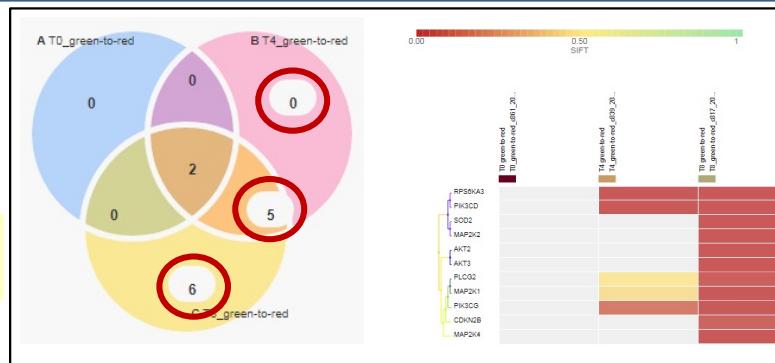
All MDS patients **losing response or never responding** acquired a significant number of mutations during Azacitidine and Lenalidomide Therapy (T8 vs T0)

## Number of Inositide-Related Genes with Acquired Mutations (SIFT Score) in MDS Patients Losing Response and Never Responding

### Losing Response

**SIFT Variant Impact:**  
SIFT score predicts whether an amino acid substitution affects protein function

Number of Genes with acquired mutations at T4 and T8: **11**

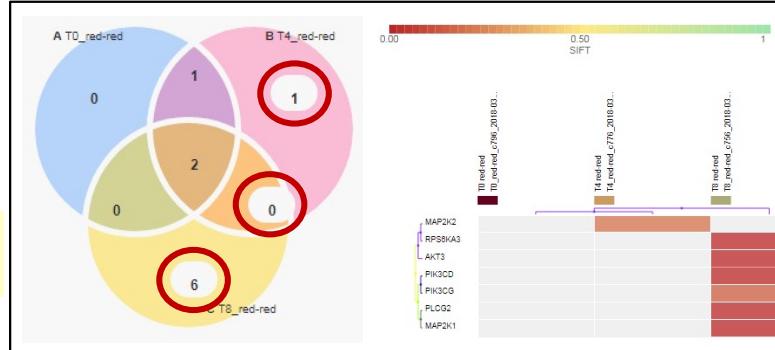


PLCG2, MAP2K1, PI3KCG, RPS6KA3, PI3KCD, AKT3, MAP2K4, CDKN2B, SOD2, MAP2K2, AKT2

### Never Responding

**SIFT Variant Impact:**  
SIFT score predicts whether an amino acid substitution affects protein function

Number of Genes with acquired mutations at T4 and T8: **7**



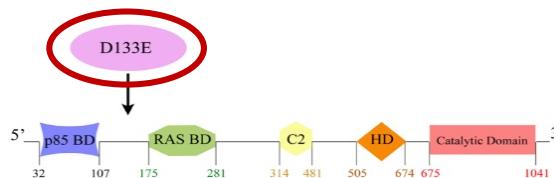
MAP2K1, MAP2K2, AKT3, RPS6KA3, PI3KCD, PI3KCG, PLCG2

**Patients Losing Response or Never Responding have 6 Common Mutated Genes:**  
**MAP2K1, PI3KCD, RPS6KA3, AKT3, PI3KCG, PLCG2**

Follo MY et al. Leukemia. 2019 Sep;33(9):2276-2290

## 3 Common Inositide-Specific Gene Mutations are Linked to Loss/Lack of Response

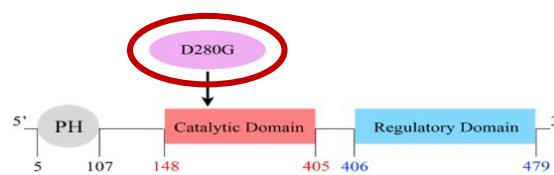
### PIK3CD Proliferation/Differentiation



PIK3CD (p110 $\delta$ ) p.Asp133Glu D133E c.399C>G  
Catalytic Subunit Delta

61 MLSGPPEAYVF TCINQTAEEQQ ELEDEQRRLC DVQPFLPVLR LVAREGDRVK KLINSQISLL  
121 IGKGLHEFDS LC<sup>P</sup>EVNDFR AKMCQFCEEA AARRQQQLGW AWLQYSFPLQ LEPSAQTWGP  
181 GTLRLPNRAL LVNVKPEGSE ESFTQVSTK DVPLALMACA LRKKATVFRQ PLVEQPEDYT

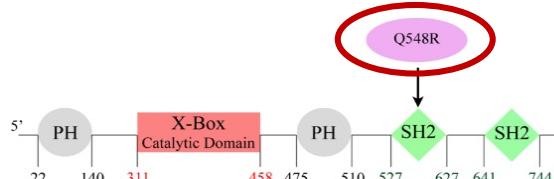
### AKT3 Proliferation/Differentiation



AKT3 p.Asp280Gly D280G c.839A>G  
Catalytic Domain (not "active" aa)

1 MSDVTIVKEG WVQKRGEYIK NWRPRYFLKK TDGSFIGYKE KPQDVLDLPP LNNFSVAKCQ  
61 LMKTERPKPN TFIIRCLQWT TVIERTFHVD TPEEREEWTE AIQAVADRLQ RQEERMNCs  
121 PTSQIDNIGE EEMDASTTH KRKTMDNFY LKL<sup>Y</sup>K<sup>G</sup>T<sup>F</sup> G<sup>V</sup>I<sup>L</sup>VREKAS GKYY<sup>M</sup>I<sup>L</sup>K  
181 KEVIIAKND<sup>E</sup>V AT<sup>T</sup>IESRVL KNTTRHPLF<sup>S</sup> LKYSFQTKDR LCFV<sup>M</sup>ATVNG G<sup>L</sup>E<sup>F</sup>H<sup>R</sup>E  
241 RVEFSDRTF<sup>R</sup> YGAEVISALD YLHSQKIVYR<sup>D</sup>IL<sup>E</sup>EN<sup>L</sup>ML<sup>D</sup> KDGHIKITE<sup>F</sup> GCKEGITDA  
301 ATMK<sup>T</sup>CG<sup>T</sup> EYL<sup>A</sup>PEVLED NDYGRAVDMW GLGVVMY<sup>R</sup>MM CGR<sup>T</sup>PTY<sup>N</sup>QD HEKLFELIIM  
361 EDIKFPRTLS SDAKSLLSGL LIKDPNKRKG GGPDDAKEIM RHSFFSGVNQ QDVYDKKLVP  
421 PFKPQVTS<sup>E</sup> DTRY<sup>T</sup> DEEP<sup>T</sup> AQTITITP<sup>E</sup> KYDEDGMDCM DNERRPHFFQ FSYSASGRE

### PLCG2 Differentiation

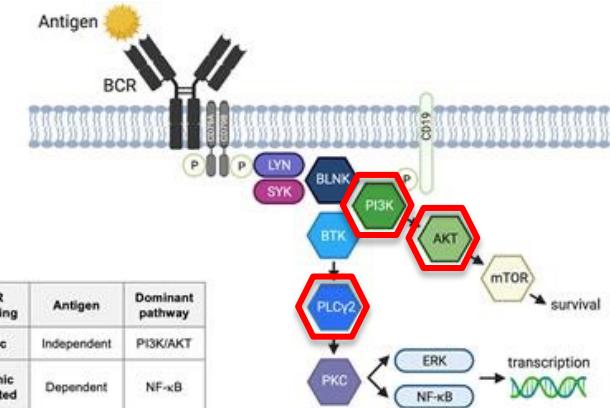


PLCG2 p.Gln548Arg Q548R c.1643A>G  
N-terminal Src homology 2 (N-SH2) domain -  
phosphotyrosine binding pocket (not "active" aa)

421 FKEVFGDLLL TKPTEASADQ LPSPSQLREK IIIKKKKLG RGDVDMED KKDEHKQQCE  
481 LYMWDSIDQR WTRHYCAIAD AKLFSDDIE QTMEEEVQD IPPTELHFGE KWFHKKVE<sup>R</sup>  
541 TSAEKLI<sup>E</sup>Y CMETGGKDT FLV<sup>T</sup>SETFP NDY<sup>T</sup>LSFWRS GRVQ<sup>R</sup>CRIRS TMEGGTLKYV  
601 LTDNLTFSSI YALIQHYRET HLRCAEFELR LTDPVNPNP HESKPWYYDS LSRGEAEDML

Pink aa: mutated aa from our analysis

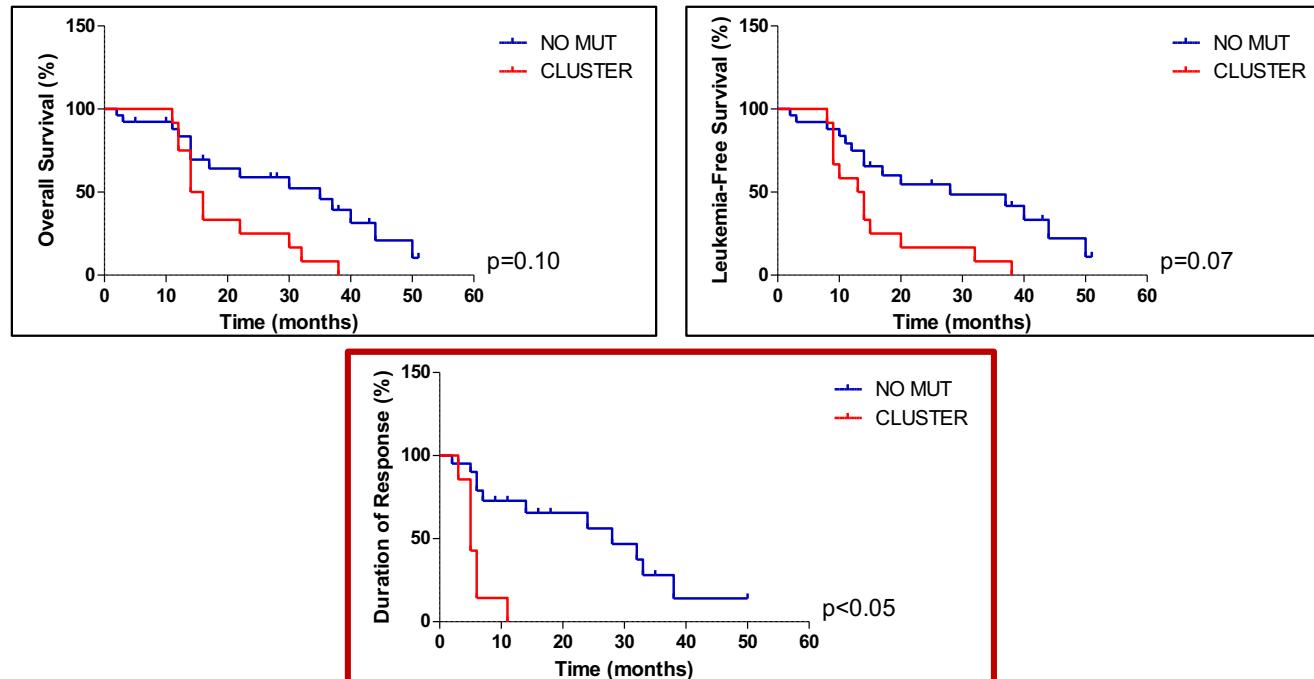
Yellow aa: "Active aa", i.e. known important aa for function



PI3K/Akt/PLCG2 activity  
in immune cells, BCR signalling and CLL

Follo MY et al. Leukemia. 2019 Sep;33(9):2276-2290;  
Ahn IE and Brown JR. Front Immunol. 2021;12:687458

## Effect on Overall Survival, Leukemia-free Survival, Duration of Response



**The presence of all our 3 Mutations (PI3KCD, AKT3, PLCG2) is significantly associated with a shorter duration of response to Azacitidine and Lenalidomide Therapy**

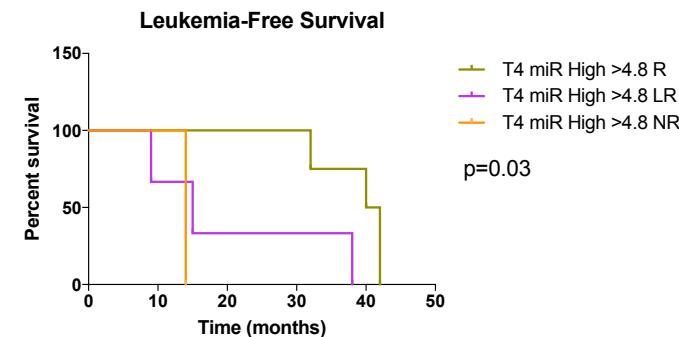
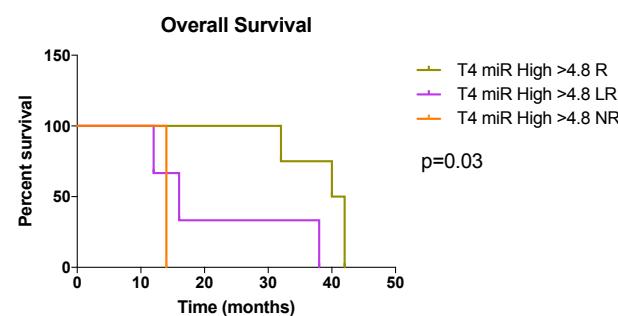
## Conclusions and Perspectives

- AzaLen Therapy can induce a favourable response in MDS patients
- AzaLen Therapy change the VAFs and mutation profiling of inositide-specific genes, with a cluster of 3 mutated genes associated with loss/lack of response (PI3KCD, AKT3, PLCG2)



Specific mutagenesis of mutated genes to determine their in vitro effect

miRNA Targets: miR-192-5p



miR-192-5p increased gene expression at T4 correlates with better OS and LFS in Responders, hinting at a prognostic relevance that may improve patients' stratification

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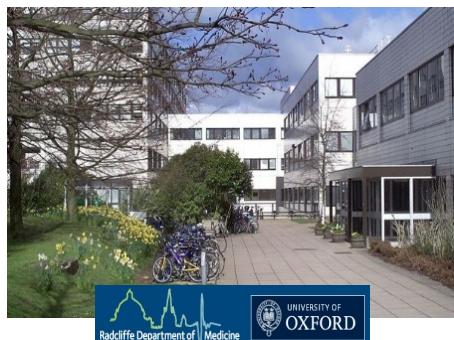
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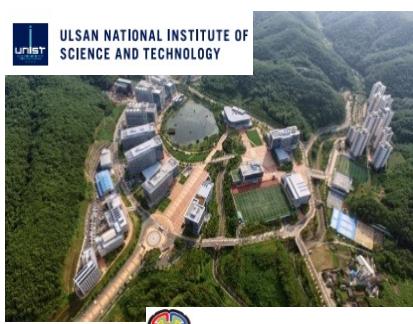
**Cellular Signalling Laboratory**  
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**“L. e A. Seragnoli” Institute**  
Carlo Finelli, MD – Antonio Curti, MD



**John Radcliffe Hospital, NDCLS, Oxford, UK**  
Jacqueline Boultwood, PhD



**KBRI and UNIST, South Korea**  
Pann-Ghill Suh, PhD, DVM



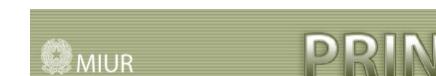
**Prof.ssa Elli Papaemmanuil**



**Prof.ssa Maria Teresa Voso**



**Prof.ssa Valeria Santini**



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